Supplemental Official Outer Continental Shelf Block Diagrams in the Gulf of Mexico, All Located Within Official Protraction Diagram NG15–09 (Amery Terrace)

Diagrams Revised/Date/Block Numbers

Article IV "Area" Limit Blocks (Total of 30)—July 1, 2013: 235, 236, 237, 238, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Copies of the revised OPDs and SOBDs are available for download in .pdf format from http://www.boem.gov/Oil-and-Gas-Energy-Program/Mapping-and-Data/Maps-And-Spatial-Data.aspx.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Douglas Vandegraft, Chief, Mapping and Boundary Branch at (703) 787–1312 or via email at *Doug.Vandegraft@boem.gov*.

Dated: May 20, 2014.

Walter D. Cruickshank,

Acting Director, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management.

[FR Doc. 2014-13001 Filed 6-4-14; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-MR-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Settlement Agreement Under the Clean Air Act

Notice is hereby given that on May 29, 2014, a proposed consent decree in United States v. Landfill Technologies of Arecibo Corp., et al., No. 3:14-cv-01438, was lodged with the United States District Court of the District of Puerto Rico. The United States filed this action on the same day that the consent decree was lodged with the Court. The complaint alleges that defendants Landfill Technologies of Arecibo Corp., the Municipality of Arecibo, and the Puerto Rico Land Authority violated the Clean Air Act by failing to timely install a gas collection and control system at the municipal solid waste landfill located in Arecibo, Puerto Rico.

The settlement requires that the defendants operate the landfill's gas collection and control system in compliance with the applicable regulations, improve landfill operations, implement a recycling and composting plan, and pay civil penalties totaling \$350,000. The consent decree resolves the civil claims of the United States for the Clean Air Act violations alleged in the complaint through the date of lodging of the consent decree.

The publication of this notice opens a period for public comment on the

consent decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and should refer to *United States* v. *Landfill Technologies of Arecibo Corp.*, D.J. Ref. No. 90–5–2–1–09629. All comments must be submitted no later than 30 days after the publication date of this notice. Comments may be submitted either by email or by mail:

To submit comments:	Send them to:
By email	pubcomment- ees.enrd@usdoj.gov. Assistant Attorney General, U.S. DOJ B ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

During the public comment period, the consent decree may be examined and downloaded at this Justice Department Web site: http://www.usdoj.gov/enrd/Consent_Decrees.html. We will provide a paper copy of the consent decree upon written request and payment of reproduction costs. Please mail your request and payment to: Consent Decree Library, U.S. DOJ B ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

Please enclose a check or money order for \$12.00 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the United States Treasury.

Robert E. Maher, Jr.,

Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 2014–13047 Filed 6–4–14; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

[Docket No. DEA-391]

Controlled Substances: 2014
Established Aggregate Production
Quotas for 10 Temporarily Controlled
Synthetic Cathinones

AGENCY: Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), Department of

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice establishes the initial 2014 aggregate production quotas for 10 temporarily controlled synthetic cathinones: 4-methyl-N-ethylcathinone (4-MEC); 4-methyl-α-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (4-MePPP); alpha-pyrrolidinopentiophenone (α-PVP); 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(methylamino)butan-1-one (butylone);

2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpentan-1-one (pentedrone); 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(methylamino)pentan-1-one (pentylone); 4-fluoro-N-methylcathinone (4–FMC); 3-fluoro-N-methylcathinone (3–FMC); naphthylpyrovalerone (naphyrone); and alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone (α -PBP). **DATES:** Effective June 5, 2014.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Ruth A. Carter, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration; Mailing Address: 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152, Telephone: (202) 598–6812.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Section 306 of the Controlled Substances Act (CSA) (21 U.S.C. 826) requires the Attorney General to establish aggregate production quotas for each basic class of controlled substance listed in schedules I and II and for the list I chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine. The Attorney General has delegated this authority to the Administrator of the DEA, 28 CFR 0.100, who in turn has redelegated that authority to the Deputy Administrator of the DEA, 28 CFR part 0, subpart R, App.

On March 7, 2014, the DEA published in the **Federal Register** a final order to temporarily place 10 synthetic cathinones, 4-methyl-N-ethylcathinone (4-MEC); 4-methyl- α pyrrolidinopropiophenone (4-MePPP); alpha-pyrrolidinopentiophenone (α-PVP); 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(methylamino)butan-1-one (butylone); 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpentan-1-one (pentedrone); 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(methylamino)pentan-1-one (pentylone); 4-fluoro-Nmethylcathinone (4-FMC); 3-fluoro-Nmethylcathinone (3-FMC); naphthylpyrovalerone (naphyrone); and alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone (α -PBP), into schedule I of the CSA (79 FR 12938), making all regulations pertaining to schedule I controlled substances applicable to the manufacture of 4-MEC, 4-MePPP, α-PVP, butylone, pentedrone, pentylone, 4–FMC, 3–FMC, naphyrone, and α-PBP, including the requirement to obtain a manufacturing quota pursuant to 21 CFR part 1303.

The 2014 aggregate production quotas for 4–MEC, 4-MePPP, α -PVP, butylone, pentedrone, pentylone, 4–FMC, 3–FMC, naphyrone, and α -PBP represent those quantities that may be manufactured in the United States in 2014 to provide for the estimated scientific, research, and industrial needs of the United States, lawful export requirements, and the