

pertaining to the licensing of Ocean

Transportation Intermediaries, 46 CFR
515.

License No.	Name/Address	Date Reissued
17836N	U.S. Sea Wave Express, Inc., 2931 Plaza Del Amo, #74, Torrance, CA 90503.	August 4, 2002.
13496N	Worldwide Freight Systems, Inc., 1830-C Independence Square, Atlanta, GA 30338.	July 16, 2002.

Sandra L. Kusumoto,

*Director, Bureau of Consumer Complaints
and Licensing.*

[FR Doc. 02-23724 Filed 9-17-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730-01-P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR Part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States. Additional information on all bank holding companies may be obtained from the National Information Center Web site at www.ffiec.gov/nic/.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than October 11, 2002.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago
(Phillip Jackson, Applications Officer)

230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago,
Illinois 60690-1414:

1. *Fidelity Company*, Dyersville, Iowa; to acquire 100 percent of the voting shares of Worthington Bancorporation, Worthington, Iowa, and thereby indirectly acquire State Bank, Worthington, Iowa.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, September 12, 2002.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 02-23677 Filed 9-17-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-S

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60 Day-02-78]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

In compliance with the requirement of Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer on (404) 498-1210.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Send comments to Seleda Perryman, CDC Assistant Reports

Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road,
MS D-24, Atlanta, GA 30333.

Proposed Project: Clinician's Management Approach to Children with Pharyngitis—New—National Center for Infectious Diseases (NCID), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The purpose of this study is to determine factors associated with appropriate management of children with pharyngitis. We will characterize office laboratory methods currently used by clinicians to diagnose pharyngitis caused by group A streptococcus (GAS), including rapid antigen detection test (RADT) and throat cultures, and also assess clinicians' treatment approaches for pharyngitis.

The specific goals for this study on children with pharyngitis are:

1. To evaluate current diagnostic methods and treatment approaches for children with pharyngitis by primary care practitioners (pediatricians and family practitioners).
2. To identify factors associated with the use of appropriate laboratory methods by primary care practitioners.
3. To assess the treatment regimen including antimicrobial choices, length and goals of therapy.
4. To determine the impact of full implementation of CLIA on the performance of these tests in office settings.

The investigators will send out an eight-page questionnaire to a sample of 1000 members in each, the American Academy of Pediatrics and the American Academy of Family Practitioners. The survey includes questions on demographics; diagnostic approaches (including types of RADTs and cultures used); logistics in using the diagnostics (such as level of training of the personnel performing the tests, nature of quality control); clinicians' perception and understanding of the RADTs, including published sensitivity and specificity figures; and impact of CLIA (such as any change on the use of RADTs and culture). One month after the first mailing, each individual will be sent a second mailing to maximize the opportunity to complete the survey.

The study population consists of primary care physicians from pediatrics

and family practice. These physicians will be from all areas of the United States and, therefore, from diverse

geographic locations. There is no cost to respondents.

Respondents	No. of respondents	No. of responses/ respondent	Avg. burden/response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Physicians	2000	1	12/60	400
Total				400

Dated: September 11, 2002.

Nancy E. Cheal,

Acting Deputy Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 02-23680 Filed 9-17-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-18-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30DAY-27-02]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 498-1210. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer, Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

Proposed Project: Anthropometric Survey of Respirator Users—NEW—The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The mission of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health is to promote safety and health at work for all people through research and prevention.

The overall goal of the current project is to develop respirator fit-test panels that accurately represent today's workers who rely on respirators to prevent work-related respiratory illnesses, injuries, and death. The respirator fit-test panels currently used are 25-subject panels, developed by Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) based on data from the 1967-1968 survey of U.S. Air Force men and women. The half-mask panel is based on face length and lip length, and the

full-facepiece panel is based on face length and face width. These panels were established to represent the working population. The fit of respirators on these subject panels is assumed to be representative of the fit of respirators in the user populations. Respirators designed to fit these panels are also expected to accommodate at least 95 percent of the wearers. However, NIOSH research indicated that the LANL panel for full-facepiece respirators accommodated only 84 percent of current civilian subjects. Sizing data generated by the military for use in fitting respirators has been the normative basis for commercial respirator sizing. Anthropometric data developed for males of military age in the 1950's and 1960's is still in use today. Military populations cannot represent the worker population because of relatively strict anthropometric armed forces entry requirements and height/weight guidelines for troop retention. Personal protective equipment designed and sized for a military population may not provide the same level of protection to civilian workers because of the greater diversity in body size and shape seen in civilian populations. In addition, the demographics of the U.S. population have changed over the last 30 years. Thus, it is necessary to assess and refine the LANL fit-test panels.

This project will first develop an anthropometric database detailing the face-size distributions of respirator users using both traditional measurement methods and three-dimensional (3-D) scanning systems. The source population for this study will be the nationwide respirator users population. The databases will then be used to establish respirator fit-test panels that accurately represent today's workers. Three-dimensional anthropometry has only been available recently, and there is no track record of applying scan data to respirators. This study will provide preliminary data on which to develop methods for sizing and designing respirators and protective eyewear using 3-D scan data.

The subjects will be recruited from various industries in which workers rely on respirators to prevent work-related respiratory illnesses, injuries, and death (e.g., manufacturing, construction, mining, and health care). The project will also address emergency responders to chemical and biological terrorism and other crisis situations. Thus, subjects will also include law enforcement officers, firefighters, and health care workers. Height and weight plus 18 facial dimensions will be measured with traditional methods. A total of 4,000 subjects will be measured using traditional methods. Of those, 1,000 will be scanned using a 3-D head scanner (Cyberware Model 3030/RGB). The populations will be sampled by age, race and gender. A stratified sampling plan is being used with equal sample size in each cell (166). The strata consist of: 3 age groups (18-29, 30-44, and 45-65 years), 2 gender strata (male and female), and 4 ethnic groups (White, African Americans, Hispanic, and Others). The total number of cells is 24. The study will be conducted at five locations nationwide. Although test sites have yet to be determined, data collection is anticipated at two facilities in the western U.S., one in the central portion of the country, and at two locations in the east.

Information generated by this research project will benefit: (1) the participants and workers exposed to various gases and aerosols by improving fit and function of respirators worn during work; and (2) those involved in testing, certifying, and manufacturing respirators to be used in industry, by providing them with fit-test panels that accurately represent today's workers. The panels can be used for evaluating respirator facepiece fit characteristics. The long-term potential benefits are improved respirator quality and performance and increased worker protection. The total burden for this data collection is 1,083 hours.