

Complainant. The original complainants are shippers as this term is defined under 46 U.S.C. 40102(23) with offices in Ohio, Tennessee, and Connecticut, among other locations.

Complainant identifies Respondent Orient Overseas Container Line Limited as a company existing under the laws of Hong Kong with its principal place of business in Wan Chai, Hong Kong, and as a global ocean carrier that acts in the United States through its agent, OOCL (USA) Inc., a New York company with a principal place of business in South Jordan, Utah.

Complainant identifies Respondent OOCL (Europe) Limited as a company existing under the laws of the United Kingdom with a principal place of business in Suffolk, United Kingdom, and as a global ocean carrier that acts in the United States through its agent, OOCL (USA) Inc., a New York company with a principal place of business in South Jordan, Utah.

Complainant alleges that Respondents violated 46 U.S.C. 41102(c) and 41104(a)(10) and 46 CFR 545.5. Complainant alleges these violations arose from assessment of demurrage, detention, per diem, and yard storage charges during periods of time in which the charges were not just or reasonable because of circumstances outside the control of the original complainants and their agents and service providers, and from the acts or omissions of the Respondents that led to the assessment of these charges.

An answer to the amended complaint must be filed with the Commission as provided in Administrative Law Judge Mary Apostolakos Hervey's October 11, 2024, Order Granting Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint. The full text of the amended complaint and this order can be found in the Commission's electronic Reading Room at <https://www2.fmc.gov/readingroom/proceeding/24-08/>.

The initial decision of the presiding judge shall be issued by February 14, 2025, and the final decision of the Commission shall be issued by August 29, 2025.

David Eng,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2024-24231 Filed 10-18-24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730-02-P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank

Control Act (Act) (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at <https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/request.htm>. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in paragraph 7 of the Act.

Comments received are subject to public disclosure. In general, comments received will be made available without change and will not be modified to remove personal or business information including confidential, contact, or other identifying information. Comments should not include any information such as confidential information that would not be appropriate for public disclosure.

Comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20551-0001, not later than November 5, 2024.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (Colette A. Fried, Assistant Vice President) 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60690-1414. Comments can also be sent electronically to Comments.applications@chi.frb.org:

1. *Louis James Schweigert, Cuba City, Wisconsin*; to acquire voting shares of BSB Community Bancorporation, Inc., and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of Benton State Bank, both of Benton, Wisconsin.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Michele Taylor Fennell,
Associate Secretary of the Board.

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FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at <https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/request.htm>. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)).

Comments received are subject to public disclosure. In general, comments received will be made available without change and will not be modified to remove personal or business information including confidential, contact, or other identifying information. Comments should not include any information such as confidential information that would not be appropriate for public disclosure.

Comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington DC 20551-0001, not later than November 20, 2024.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (Erien O. Terry, Assistant Vice President) 1000 Peachtree Street NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30309. Comments can also be sent electronically to Applications.Comments@atl.frb.org:

1. *EverBank Financial Corp, Jacksonville, Florida*; to acquire Sterling Bank and Trust, F.S.B., Southfield, Michigan.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Michele Taylor Fennell,

Associate Secretary of the Board.

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GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

[OMB Control No. 3090-0319; Docket No. 2024-0001; Sequence No. 8]

Submission for OMB Review; CDP Supply Chain Climate Change Information Request

AGENCY: Office of Government-wide Policy (OGP), General Services Administration (GSA).

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), GSA will invite the public to comment on a renewal and extension concerning the CDP Supply Chain Climate Change Information Request.

DATES: GSA will consider all comments received by November 20, 2024.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for this information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Jed Ela, Sustainability Advisor, Office of Government-wide Policy, at jed.ela@gsa.gov, 202-854-8804.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Purpose

The CDP Supply Chain Climate Change Information Request is an electronic questionnaire designed to collect information that is widely used by large private and public sector organizations to understand, assess, and mitigate potentially disruptive and costly supply chain risks, investment risks, and environmental impacts. The questionnaire is administered by CDP North America, Inc., a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization (“CDP”). CDP administers the questionnaire annually on behalf of over 700 institutional investors, 300 major corporations, and several large governmental purchasing organizations in addition to GSA. CDP’s most recent annual survey was directed to over 40,000 companies, with over 23,000 electing to respond.

Under previously approved information collection requests, GSA has directed CDP since 2017 to include several hundred major Federal contractors annually among its potential survey respondents. In accordance with 31 U.S. Code 3512(c)(1)(b), GSA uses information received from these companies via CDP to inform and develop purchasing policies and contract requirements necessary to safeguard Federal assets against waste, loss, and misappropriation resulting from unmitigated exposure to physical, market, regulatory, legal, and other types of risks in Federal supply chains. GSA also uses the information in accordance with Executive Orders 13990, 14008, 14030, and 14057 to inform development of policies and programs to reduce similar risks and environmental impacts associated with federal procurement activities.

For example, GSA has used CDP information in recent years to perform critical market research in connection with multi-billion-dollar strategic contracting efforts. In one case, GSA determined that data center facilities used by potential network infrastructure providers could be at risk due to flooding, extreme heat, or lack of available cooling water sources, placing Federal client operations at risk. In another case, GSA used information from the CDP survey to research potential contractors’ existing risk mitigation and greenhouse gas reduction practices and to design appropriate contract requirements to ensure that contractors assess and mitigate these risks and reduce greenhouse gasses associated with their federal contract activities. In another case, GSA determined that energy savings practices available to potential information technology service providers could significantly lower their overhead costs and that this would likely reduce contract costs for GSA and other Federal agencies. GSA uses the information collected to research development of similar policies and programs and to verify contractor compliance with existing programs.

B. Annual Burden Hours

GSA expects to direct CDP to request voluntary survey responses from up to 1000 large and medium-sized businesses per year. Estimates of response time per respondent vary greatly depending on whether each requested respondent (a) elects not to respond; (b) responds, but would have responded to CDP regardless of GSA’s request (because the respondent was also requested to respond to CDP by other customer and/or investor

stakeholders); or (c) responds to CDP because of GSA’s request. Analysis of total response time is thus based on estimates for each of these categories.

(a) Requested respondents who elect not to respond. Based on historical CDP response rates and GSA’s intended recipients, GSA estimates that 680 out of 1000 annual requested respondents will be in this category. Hour burden for this category: 680 non-responses; time per respondent 0; total time 0.

(b) Respondents who would have responded to CDP regardless of GSA’s request. These respondents will complete some or all of the collection instrument, but would have done so regardless of GSA’s request. In addition, some of these respondents will answer a small number of additional questions (requiring a small fraction of their overall response time to CDP) based on GSA’s request. In addition, all of these respondents will need to complete one additional question in order to direct CDP to share their responses with GSA. Based on historical CDP response rates and GSA’s intended recipients, GSA estimates that 250 out of 1000 annual requested respondents will be in this category. Hour burden for this category: 250 responses; average time per respondent 5 minutes; total burden 21 hours.

(c) Respondents who respond to CDP because of GSA’s request. These respondents may need to invest significant time drafting their responses and gathering facts, including searching and compiling existing data sources such as utility bills, and completing and reviewing the collection instrument. Based on historical CDP response rates and GSA’s intended recipients, GSA estimates that 70 out of 1000 annual requested respondents will be in this category. Based on discussions with several dozen previous respondents to CDP’s questionnaire, as well as public input received in response to a related information collection request notice (see 82 FR 3794), time burden for this collection is estimated to average 120 hours per response. Hour burden for this category: 70 responses; average time per respondent 120 hours; total burden 8400 hours.

Based on the individual category response times above, the total estimated response burden for all 1000 requested respondents is summarized below.

Frequency: Annual

Affected Public: Federal contractors

Number of Respondents: 1000

Responses per Respondent: 1

Total Annual Responses: 320

Estimated Time per Respondent: 26.3