Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, November 29, 2006.

### Robert deV. Frierson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.
[FR Doc.E6-20441 Filed 12-1-06; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6210-01-S

### GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

## Federal Travel Regulation (FTR) Maximum Per Diem Rates for Florida and Virginia

**AGENCY:** Office of Governmentwide Policy, General Services Administration (GSA).

**ACTION:** Notice of Per Diem Bulletin 07–02, revised continental United States (CONUS) per diem rates.

SUMMARY: The General Services Administration (GSA) has reviewed the lodging rate of a certain location in the State of Florida. Also, GSA is adding Greene County, Virginia to the County column for Charlottesville, Virginia, and will begin to receive Charlottesville's maximum per diem rate. The per diems prescribed in Bulletin 07–02 may be found at www.gsa.gov/perdiem.

**DATES:** This notice is effective December 4, 2006, and applies to travel performed on or after December 14, 2006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For clarification of content, contact Mr. Cy Greenidge, Office of Governmentwide Policy, Travel Management Policy, at (202) 219–2349. Please cite FTR Per Diem Bulletin 07–02.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## A. Background

After an analysis of the per diem rates established for FY 2007 (see the **Federal Register** notice at 71 FR 43772, August 2, 2006), the per diem rate is being changed in the following locations:

State of Florida
• Brevard County
State of Virginia

• Greene County

Per diem rates are published on the Internet at www.gsa.gov/perdiem as an FTR Per Diem Bulletin and published in the **Federal Register** on a periodic basis.

This process ensures timely increases or decreases in per diem rates established by GSA for Federal employees on official travel within CONUS. Notices published periodically in the **Federal Register**, such as this one, now constitute the only notification of revisions in CONUS per diem rates to agencies.

Dated: November 22, 2006.

#### Russ H. Pentz,

Assistant Deputy Associate Administrator, Office of Transportation and Personal Property.

[FR Doc. E6–20407 Filed 12–01–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6820–14–S

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30Day-07-06AU]

## Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639–5960 or send an email to omb@cdc.gov. Send written comments to CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC or by fax to (202) 395–6974. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

### **Proposed Project**

Formative Research on Issues Related to the Use of Mass Media in African-American Women: Phase II—New—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Control (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

Women's health programs, including the National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program (NBCCEDP), offer low-cost or free breast cancer screening to uninsured, low-income women. In 1991, CDC established the NBCCEDP to increase breast and cervical cancer screening among uninsured, underserved, low-income women. To date, over 1.5 million women have received services from NBCCEDP-sponsored programs, yet NBCCEDP-sponsored programs are estimated to reach only 18% of women 50 years old and older who are eligible for screening services. Why women do not participate in this screening is not well understood. A research priority for the NBCCEDP is to identify effective strategies to increase enrollment among eligible women who have never received breast or cervical cancer screening.

CDC conducted a phase I study (OMB number 0920–0652) to investigate, through a series of eight focus groups in Macon and Savannah, Georgia, the reasons why women who were eligible for NBCCEDP services did or did not participate in the program. Respondents were low-income, African American women aged 40 to 64 years. The study also investigated viable sources, messages, and channels through which to reach this population with promotional messages about breast cancer screening.

The proposed phase II data collection will build on phase I activities. Eight additional focus groups will be conducted in Macon and Savannah. Georgia, to (1) test consumer response to concepts that arose in the Phase I formative research related to breast cancer screening, and (2) test a series of radio and print health messages aimed at increasing mammography screening among low-income African American women for cultural appropriateness. Respondents will be NBCCEDP-eligible African-American women aged 40-64 vears. There are no costs to the respondents other than their time. The total estimated annualized burden hours are 175.

#### ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN TABLE

Type of respondent	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
African American women, aged 40-64 years, GA residents.	Recruitment Screener (initial)	150	1	5/60
	Recruitment Screener (spot-check)	24 80	1	5/60 30/60