

Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

### **PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES**

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### **§ 39.13 [Amended]**

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

**Boeing:** Docket 2000–NM–422–AD.

**Applicability:** Model 737–100, –200, –200C, –300, –400, and –500 series airplanes; line numbers 1 through 2696 inclusive; certificated in any category.

**Compliance:** Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent rupture of the potable water tank during flight of the airplane, which could result in structural damage to the airplane and inability to sustain flight loads, accomplish the following:

#### **Modification and Replacement**

(a) For those airplanes listed in the effectivity section of Boeing Service Bulletin 737–38–1029, Revision 1, dated August 19, 1993, on which the modification of the potable water pressurization system specified in the service bulletin has not been accomplished: Within 18 months after the effective date of this AD, except as specified in paragraph (d) of this AD, perform the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this AD.

(1) Except as specified in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (a)(1)(ii) of this AD, modify the potable water pressurization system; in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–38–1029, dated June 6, 1991, or Revision 1, dated August 19, 1993.

(i) Do not reinstall the existing pressure relief valve having part number (P/N) 520A–6DB–50.

(ii) Do not perform the leak test procedures specified in the service bulletin.

(2) Install a new pressure relief valve having part number P/N RV05–362, in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–38A1047, Revision 2, dated July 18, 2002.

(b) For those airplanes listed in the effectivity section of Boeing Service Bulletin 737–38–1029, dated June 6, 1991, or Revision 1, dated August 19, 1993, on which the modification of the potable water pressurization system specified in that service bulletin has been accomplished: Within 18 months after the effective date of this AD, remove the existing pressure relief valve from the potable water tank, and replace the valve with a new pressure relief valve having part number P/N RV05–362; in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–38A1047, Revision 2, dated July 18, 2002.

(c) For all other airplanes having line numbers 1 through 2523 inclusive: Within 18

months after the effective date of this AD unless previously accomplished, remove the existing pressure relief valve from the potable water tank, and replace the valve with a new pressure relief valve having part number P/N RV05–362, in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–38A1047, Revision 2, dated July 18, 2002.

#### **Acceptable Compliance With Certain Paragraphs**

(d) With the exception of airplanes specified as “Group 9” or “Group 10” in Boeing Service Bulletin 737–38A1047, Revision 2, dated July 18, 2002, having line numbers 1 through 2523 inclusive: Installation of a new pressure relief valve having P/N RV05–362, in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–38A1047, dated November 9, 2000, or Revision 1, dated September 27, 2001, is acceptable for compliance with paragraph (a)(2), (b), or (c) of this AD.

#### **Replacement of Pressure Relief Valve**

(e) For airplanes having line numbers 2524 through 2696 inclusive, with the exception of those airplanes specified in paragraph (f) of this AD: Within 18 months after the effective date of this AD, remove the existing pressure relief valve from the potable water tank and replace the valve with a new pressure relief valve having P/N RV05–362, in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–38A1038, Revision 2, dated September 25, 1997.

#### **Acceptable Compliance With Paragraph (e) of this AD**

(f) For those airplanes having line numbers 2524 through 2696 inclusive and having air compressors installed in the potable water tank pressurization system: Within 18 months after the effective date of this AD, remove the existing pressure relief valve from the potable water tank and replace the valve with a new pressure relief valve having P/N RV05–362, in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–38A1038, dated December 1, 1994; or Revision 1, dated February 2, 1995.

#### **Part Installation**

(g) As of the effective date of this AD, no person may install a pressure relief valve having P/N 520A–6DB–50, 520A6DB60, or P/N D524TP6D60 on any airplane.

#### **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(h) In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, FAA, is authorized to approve alternative methods of compliance for this AD.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on June 17, 2003.

**Michael J. Kaszycki,**

*Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.*

[FR Doc. 03–15727 Filed 6–20–03; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910–13–P**

## **NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION**

[Notice (03–072)]

**14 CFR Part 1204**

**RIN 2700–AC57**

### **Temporary Duty Travel—Issuance of Motor Vehicle for Home-to-Work Transportation**

**AGENCY:** National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking.

**SUMMARY:** NASA is proposing this rule to facilitate the efficient use of Government resources during temporary duty travel. Specifically, this rule would permit a NASA employee who is authorized to use a Government motor vehicle for temporary duty travel to be issued such a vehicle at the close of business of the preceding day so that the vehicle could be taken to the employee's residence for use on the following day. Likewise, if the NASA employee returns from official travel after the close of working hours, the vehicle could be returned on the next regular working day. This authority may be exercised only if there would be significant savings in time.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** All comments should be submitted by August 22, 2003.

**ADDRESS:** All comments should be addressed to William Gookin, Code JG, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546–0001.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** William Gookin, 202–358–2306, FAX: 202–358–3235; e-mail: [william.e.gookin@nasa.gov](mailto:william.e.gookin@nasa.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This proposed rule is designed to remedy a situation that often arises at certain NASA Installations. Employees who are authorized to use motor vehicles for temporary duty travel must pick up their vehicles at the Installation at the start of the travel period, even in cases where the employees' residence is closer to the temporary duty destination than to the Installation. Such unnecessary travel can sometimes result in a significant waste of official time and resources. This proposed rule would allow such employees to be issued vehicles at the close of the preceding working day, so that they could commence travel from their residences immediately on the next day. Such authority may only be exercised, however, if the authorizing official determines that there will be a significant savings in time. Likewise, if

such employees are scheduled to return after working hours, they could take the vehicles to their residences and return them on the next regular working day. Although, the use of such vehicles for travel during the day preceding and subsequent to temporary duty travel is not official travel, NASA considers it to be "in conjunction with official travel," 70 Comptroller General 196, and therefore, not prohibited by 31 U.S.C. 1344. This rule is proposed pursuant to Section 503 of the Ethics Reform Act of 1989 (Pub. L. 101-194) 31 U.S.C. 1344 note which authorizes agency heads to "prescribe by rule appropriate conditions for the incidental use, for other than official business," of Government vehicles. This rule also implements 40 U.S.C. 486(c), that authorizes agency heads to issue directives carrying out the regulations of the General Services Administration (GSA), in this case the GSA rules for the use of Government vehicles at 41 CFR part 301-10, subpart C, "Government Vehicles." See similar Department of Energy regulations at 41 CFR 109-6.400.

**Regulatory Evaluation:** This proposed rule is not a "significant regulatory action" under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review, and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that Order.

**Small Entities:** As required by the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601-612), we have considered whether this proposed rule would have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The term "small entities," comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000. NASA certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this proposed rule will not have a significant economic impact on small business entities.

**Collection of Information:** This proposed rule does not contain any information collection requirements subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520).

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 1204

Government employees, Government property, and Government property management.

For the reasons discussed above, NASA proposes to amend 14 CFR part 1204 as follows:

#### PART 1204—[AMENDED]

Add subpart 16 to read as follows:

##### Subpart 16—Temporary Duty Travel— Issuance of Motor Vehicle for Home-to- Work Transportation Authority

Sec.

1204.1600 Issuance of motor vehicle for home-to-work.

**Authority:** 31 U.S.C. 1344 note, 40 U.S.C. 486(c).

##### § 1204.1600 Issuance of motor vehicle for home-to-work.

When a NASA employee on temporary duty travel is authorized to travel by Government motor vehicle, and the official authorizing the travel determines that there will be a significant savings in time, a Government motor vehicle may be issued at the close of the preceding working day and taken to the employee's residence prior to the commencement of official travel. Similarly, when a NASA employee is scheduled to return from temporary duty travel after the close of working hours, the motor vehicle may be taken to the employee's residence and returned the next regular working day.

Dated: June 5, 2003.

Sean O'Keefe,  
Administrator.

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#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

##### Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives

##### 27 CFR Part 555

[ATF Notice No. 2; AG Order No. 2675-2003; Ref: Notice No. 968; Docket No. ATF2000R-9P]

RIN 1140-AA01

##### Commerce in Explosives

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF), Department of Justice.

**ACTION:** Proposed rule; reopening of comment period.

**SUMMARY:** This notice reopens the comment period for Notice No. 968, a notice of proposed rulemaking, published in the **Federal Register** on January 29, 2003. ATF has received three requests to extend the comment period in order to provide sufficient time for all interested parties to respond to the issues raised in the notice.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before July 7, 2003.

**ADDRESSES:** Send written comments to: James P. Ficareta, Program Manager; Room 5150; Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; P.O. Box 50221; Washington, DC 20091-0221; *ATTN: ATF No. 968*. Written comments must be signed, and may be of any length.

E-mail comments may be submitted to: *nprm@atf.gov*. E-mail comments must contain your name, mailing address, and e-mail address. They must also reference this document number, as noted above, and be legible when printed on 8½" x 11" paper. ATF will treat e-mail as originals and ATF will not acknowledge receipt of e-mail. See the Public Participation section at the end of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section for requirements for submitting written comments by facsimile.

##### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

James P. Ficareta; Firearms, Explosives and Arson; Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; U.S. Department of Justice; 650 Massachusetts Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20226, telephone (202) 927-8203.

##### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

On January 29, 2003, ATF published in the **Federal Register** a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) soliciting comments from the public and industry on a proposal to amend the regulations in part 555, Commerce in Explosives (Notice No. 968, 68 FR 4406). ATF issued the NPRM, in part, pursuant to the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), which requires an agency to review, within 10 years of publication, rules for which an agency prepared a final regulatory flexibility analysis addressing the impact of the rule on small businesses or other small entities. Based on comments ATF received in response to the RFA analysis, the notice proposed amendments to the explosives regulations relating to fireworks. In addition, the notice proposed to incorporate into the regulations the provisions of an ATF ruling concerning alternate construction standards for storage facilities for explosive materials. The notice also proposed amendments to the regulations that were initiated by ATF, as well as amendments that were proposed by members of the explosives industry.

The comment period for Notice No. 968 closed on April 29, 2003. Prior to the close of the comment period, ATF received three requests to extend the comment period. One request came