

670, and 800-899, including part categories and merged categories, produced or manufactured in Hong Kong and exported on or after June 15, 2002 for which the Government of the HKSAR has not transmitted an appropriate ELVIS transmission fully described below. Should additional textile products become subject to quantitative restrictions, the product shall be included in the coverage of this directive.

An ELVIS message must accompany each commercial shipment of the aforementioned textile products.

A. Each ELVIS message will include the following information:

i. The visa number. The visa number shall be in the standard nine digit letter format, beginning with one numeric digit for the last digit of the year of export, followed by the two character alpha country code specified by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) (the code for the HKSAR is "HK"), and a six digit numerical serial number identifying the shipment; e.g., 1HK123456.

ii. The date of issuance. The date of issuance shall be the day, month and year on which the visa was issued.

iii. The correct category(s), part category(s), merged category(s), quantity(s) and unit(s) of quantity provided for in the 1992-1995 bilateral agreement and notified to the Textiles Monitoring Body of the WTO Agreement on Textiles and Clothing and listed in Annexes A and B to the Arrangement. Quantities must be stated in whole numbers. Decimals or fractions will not be accepted.

iv. The manufacturer identification number (MID). The MID shall begin with 'HK,' followed by the first three characters from each of the first two words of the name of the manufacturer, followed by the largest number on the address line up to the first four digits, followed by the first three letters from the city name where the manufacturer is located.

B. Entry of a shipment shall not be permitted:

i. if an ELVIS transmission has not been received for the shipment from the Government of the HKSAR;

ii. if the ELVIS transmission for that shipment is missing any of the following:

- a. visa number,
- b. category, part category or merged category,
- c. quantity,
- d. unit of measure,
- e. date of issuance, or
- f. MID;

iii. if the ELVIS transmission for the shipment does not match the information supplied by the importer or by its representatives regarding:

- a. visa number
- b. category, part category, or merged category, or
- c. unit of measure;

iv. if the quantity being entered is greater than the quantity in the transmission.

v. if the visa number has previously been used (except in the case of a split shipment) or canceled, except when an entry has already been made using the visa number.

C. A new, correct ELVIS transmission from the HKSAR is required before a shipment

that has been denied entry for one of the circumstances mentioned above will be released.

D. Visa waivers will only be considered if the shipment qualifies as a one-time special purpose shipment that is not part of an ongoing commercial enterprise. A visa waiver may be issued by the Department of Commerce at the request of the Hong Kong Economic and Trade Office in Washington, D.C. for the Government of the HKSAR. A visa waiver only waives the requirement to present a transmission at entry and does not waive any quota requirements.

E. In the event of a systems failure, shipments will not be released for twenty-four hours or one full business day. If system failure exceeds twenty-four hours or one full business day, for the remaining period of the system failure the U.S. Customs Service shall release shipments on the basis of the visa data provided by the Government of the HKSAR.

F. If a shipment from the HKSAR is allowed entry into the commerce of the United States with an incorrect ELVIS transmission, or no ELVIS transmission, or system failure, and redelivery is requested but cannot be made, and where the Government of the HKSAR does not issue a new ELVIS transmission or request a visa waiver (if applicable), the shipment will be charged to the correct category limit whether a visa waiver is provided or a new ELVIS message is transmitted.

#### Other Provisions:

A. The date of export is the actual date the merchandise finally leaves the country of origin. For merchandise exported by carrier, this is the day on which the carrier last departs the country of origin.

B. With the exception of suits of wool, man-made fibers, silk blend and/or non-cotton vegetable fibers, all textile and apparel products, including bona fide gifts valued at U.S. \$50 or less, shipped for the personal use of the importer and not for resale, regardless of value, and properly marked commercial sample shipments valued at U.S. \$800 or less do not require a transmission for entry and shall not be charged to agreement levels. Notwithstanding the above, personal shipments of suits of wool, man-made fibers, silk blend and/or non-cotton vegetable fibers accompanying the traveler, regardless of value, do not require a transmission for entry and shall not be charged to any agreement levels.

C. Textile product integrated into the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994 by the United States in accordance with the WTO Agreement on Textiles and Clothing do not require a transmission.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

James C. Leonard III  
Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. 02-13471 Filed 5-29-02; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-DR-S**

## COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

### Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton, Wool, Man-Made Fiber, Silk Blend and Other Vegetable Fiber Textiles and Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Sri Lanka

May 24, 2002.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs adjusting limits.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** May 30, 2002.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Roy Unger, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482-4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port, call (202) 927-5850, or refer to the U.S. Customs website at <http://www.customs.gov>. For information on embargoes and quota reopenings, refer to the Office of Textiles and Apparel website at <http://www.otexa.ita.doc.gov>.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

**Authority:** Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended.

The current limits for certain categories are being adjusted for carryforward used, carryover, swing, special shift and carryforward.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see **Federal Register** notice 66 FR 65178, published on December 18, 2001). Also see 66 FR 63035, published on December 4, 2001.

**James C. Leonard III,**

*Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.*

#### Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

May 24, 2002.

Commissioner of Customs,  
*Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.*

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on November 27, 2001, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other

vegetable fiber textiles and textile products, produced or manufactured in Sri Lanka and exported during the twelve-month period which began on January 1, 2002 and extends through December 31, 2002.

Effective on May 30, 2002, you are directed to adjusting the limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Adjusted twelve-month limit <sup>1</sup>
237 .....	496,747 dozen.
314 .....	6,272,349 square meters.
331pt./631pt. <sup>2</sup> .....	1,188,599 dozen pairs.
333/633 .....	28,178 dozen.
334/634 .....	1,392,652 dozen.
335 .....	274,501 dozen.
336/636 .....	731,188 dozen.
338/339 .....	2,373,506 dozen.
340/640 .....	1,942,683 dozen.
341/641 .....	3,339,264 dozen of which not more than 2,226,176 dozen shall be in Category 341 and not more than 2,094,115 dozen shall be in Category 641.
342/642 .....	1,122,967 dozen.
345/845 .....	306,045 dozen.
351/651 .....	591,656 dozen.
352/652 .....	2,102,738 dozen.
359-C/659-C <sup>3</sup> .....	1,694,184 kilograms.
360 .....	1,327,477 numbers.
363 .....	21,656,745 numbers.
369-S <sup>4</sup> .....	768,141 kilograms.
434 .....	9,068 dozen.
435 .....	19,432 dozen.
440 .....	9,638 dozen.
611 .....	3,474,240 square meters.
635 .....	728,219 dozen.
638/639 .....	1,603,686 dozen.
644 .....	952,654 numbers.
645/646 .....	229,079 dozen.
647/648 .....	1,588,840 dozen.

<sup>1</sup> The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 2001.

<sup>2</sup> Category 331pt.: all HTS numbers except 6116.10.1720, 6116.10.4810, 6116.10.5510, 6116.10.7510, 6116.92.6410, 6116.92.6420, 6116.92.6430, 6116.92.6440, 6116.92.7450, 6116.92.7460, 6116.92.7470, 6116.92.8800, 6116.92.9400 and 6116.99.9510; Category 631pt.: all HTS numbers except 6116.10.1730, 6116.10.4820, 6116.10.5520, 6116.10.7520, 6116.93.8800, 6116.93.9400, 6116.99.4800, 6116.99.5400 and 6116.99.9530.

<sup>3</sup> Category 359-C: only HTS numbers 6103.42.2025, 6103.49.8034, 6104.62.1020, 6104.69.8010, 6114.20.0048, 6114.20.0052, 6203.42.2010, 6203.42.2090, 6204.62.2010, 6211.32.0010, 6211.32.0025 and 6211.42.0010; Category 659-C: only HTS numbers 6103.23.0055, 6103.43.2020, 6103.43.2025, 6103.49.2000, 6103.49.8038, 6104.63.1020, 6104.63.1030, 6104.69.1000, 6104.69.8014, 6114.30.3044, 6114.30.3054, 6203.43.2010, 6203.43.2090, 6203.49.1010, 6203.49.1090, 6204.63.1510, 6204.69.1010, 6210.10.9010, 6211.33.0010, 6211.33.0017 and 6211.43.0010.

<sup>4</sup> Category 369-S: only HTS number 6307.10.2005.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

James C. Leonard III,  
Chairman, Committee for the  
Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. 02-13472 Filed 5-29-02; 8:45 a.m.]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-S

## COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

### Denying Entry to Textiles and Textile Products Allegedly Manufactured in Certain Companies in Cambodia

May 23, 2002.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the  
Implementation of Textile Agreements  
(CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the  
Commissioner of Customs directing  
Customs to deny entry to shipments  
allegedly manufactured in certain  
companies in Cambodia.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** May 30, 2002.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**  
Janet Heinzen, International Trade  
Specialist, Office of Textiles and  
Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce,  
(202) 482-3400.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

**Authority:** Section 204 of the Agricultural  
Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854);  
Executive Order 12475 of May 9, 1984, as  
amended.

The U.S. Customs Service has conducted on-site verification of textile and textile product production in a number of foreign countries. Based on information obtained through on-site verifications and from other sources, U.S. Customs has informed CITA that certain companies were illegally transshipping, were closed, or were unable to produce records to verify production. The Chairman of CITA has directed the U.S. Customs Service to issue regulations regarding the denial of entry of shipments from such companies. (See Federal Register notice 64 FR 41395, published on July 30, 1999). In order to secure compliance with U.S. law, including Section 204 and U.S. customs law, to carry out textile and textile product agreements, and to avoid circumvention of textile agreements, the Chairman of CITA is directing the U.S. Customs Service to deny entry to textile and textile products allegedly manufactured by G. T. Garment (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.; Kao Sing Co., Ltd.; and Horus Industrial Corporation for two years. Customs has

informed CITA that these companies were found to have been illegally transshipping, closed, or unable to produce records to verify production.

Should CITA determine that this decision should be amended, such amendment will be published in the Federal Register.

James C. Leonard III,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation  
of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile  
Agreements

May 23, 2002.

Commissioner of Customs,  
Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC  
20229.

Dear Commissioner: The U.S. Customs Service has conducted on-site verification of textile and textile product production in a number of foreign countries. Based on information obtained through on-site verifications and from other sources, U.S. Customs has informed CITA that certain companies were illegally transshipping, were closed, or were unable to produce records to verify production. The Chairman of CITA has directed the U.S. Customs Service to issue regulations regarding the denial of entry of shipments from such companies (see directive dated July 27, 1999 (64 FR 41395), published on July 30, 1999). In order to secure compliance with U.S. law, including Section 204 and U.S. customs law, to carry out textile and textile product agreements, and to avoid circumvention of textile agreements, the Chairman of CITA directs the U.S. Customs Service, effective for goods exported on and after May 30, 2002 and extending through May 29, 2004, to deny entry to textiles and textile products allegedly manufactured by the Cambodian companies G. T. Garment (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.; Kao Sing Co., Ltd.; and Horus Industrial Corporation. Customs has informed CITA that these companies were found to have been illegally transshipping, closed, or unable to produce records to verify production.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that this action falls within the foreign affairs exception to the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

James C. Leonard III,  
Chairman, Committee for the Implementation  
of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. 02-13470 Filed 5-29-02; 8:45 am]

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## CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE

### Proposed Information Collection; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Corporation for National and  
Community Service.

**ACTION:** Notice.