in-part Respondents' motion for summary determination with respect to the technical prong of the domestic industry requirement. BiTMICRO filed a petition for review of Order No. 31. Respondents and OUII each filed a response to the petition.

On April 9, 2019, BiTMICRO, SK hynix, and the Remaining Respondents filed a joint motion to stay the procedural schedule by four weeks to allow time to finalize a settlement agreement. The next day the ALJ issued Order No. 44 (Apr. 10, 2019), granting the joint motion to stay. The stay was extended pursuant to Order No. 46 (May 9, 2019).

On May 17, 2019, BiTMICRO, SK hynix, and the Remaining Respondents filed a joint motion to terminate the investigation in its entirety based on a settlement agreement between BiTMICRO and SK hynix pursuant to 19 CFR 210.21(b). On May 23, 2019, OUII filed a response supporting the motion.

On May 28, 2019, the ALI issued the subject ID granting the motion to terminate. Order No. 47 at 1 (May 28, 2019). The ALJ found that the motion complies with the Commission Rules, and that no public interest factors prohibit the termination of this investigation as to SK hynix and the Remaining Respondents, who are downstream customers of SK hynix. Id. at 2-3. The ALJ found that the settlement agreement appears to resolve the disputes between BiTMICRO, SK hynix, and the Remaining Respondents. Id. at 2. No petitions for review were filed.

The Commission has determined not to review the subject ID. The Commission's determination renders the ALJ's findings in Order No. 31 moot. The Commission has determined to review and take no position on Order No. 31. The investigation is terminated in its entirety.

The authority for the Commission's determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in Part 210 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR part 210).

By order of the Commission. Dated: June 17, 2019.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.
[FR Doc. 2019–13121 Filed 6–19–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Proposed Bankruptcy Settlement Agreement Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA)

On June 12, 2019, the Debtors lodged a proposed Bankruptcy Settlement Agreement with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of North Carolina in the bankruptcy proceeding of Kaiser Gypsum Company, Inc. and Hanson Permanente Cement, Inc. (collectively, the "Debtors"), jointly administered at Case No. 16–31602, [Docket No. 1719]. A fully executed version of the proposed Bankruptcy Settlement Agreement was lodged on June 17, 2019, [Docket No. 1735].

The proposed Bankruptcy Settlement Agreement resolves certain claims on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency asserted against the Debtors under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA") for costs incurred and to be incurred by the United States in connection with 5 parcels of property formerly owned and operated by the Debtors. Under the proposed Bankruptcy Settlement Agreement EPA will have an allowed general unsecured claim of \$3.25 million for the Lower Duwamish Waterway Site ("LDW Site") in Seattle, Washington. In addition, the proposed Bankruptcy Settlement resolves Natural Resource Damage claims against Debtors related to the Lower Duwamish River, on behalf of the United States Department of Interior ("DOI") and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration ("NOAA"), for an allowed general unsecured claim of \$1 million.

The Settlement Agreement includes certain covenants not to sue under Sections 106 and 107 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9606 or 9607, with respect to the LDW Site. DOI and NOAA are providing a covenant not to sue under Section 107 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9607 with respect to the Lower Duwamish River.

The publication of this notice opens a period for public comment on the Bankruptcy Settlement Agreement. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and should refer to *In re Kaiser Gypsum Company, Inc.*, D.J. Ref. No. 90–11–3–11737 and 90–11–3–11737/1. All comments must be submitted no later than thirty (30) days after the publication date of this notice.

Comments may be submitted either by email or by mail:

To submit comments:	Send them to:
By email	pubcomment-ees.enrd@ usdoj.gov. Assistant Attorney General, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

During the public comment period, the Bankruptcy Settlement Agreement may be examined and downloaded at this Justice Department website: https://www.justice.gov/enrd/consent-decrees. We will provide a paper copy of the Bankruptcy Settlement Agreement upon written request and payment of reproduction costs. Please mail your request and payment to: Consent Decree Library, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

Please enclose a check or money order for \$8.50 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the United States Treasury.

Susan M. Akers,

Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 2019–13165 Filed 6–19–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Justice Programs

[OMB Number 1121-0341]

Agency Information Collection
Activities; Proposed eCollection
eComments Requested: Revision of a
Currently Approved Collection; Office
for Victims of Crime Training and
Technical Assistance Center (OVC
TTAC) Feedback Form Package

AGENCY: Office for Victims of Crime, Office of Justice Programs, Department of Justice.

ACTION: 30-Day notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office for Victims of Crime will submit the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. This proposed information collection was previously published in the Federal Register, allowing for a 60 day comment period.