

for many years.<sup>8</sup> No specific global production data were available for these commodities; however, general information suggests that production for each of these commodities is highly concentrated in a few countries. Scandium was produced mainly as a byproduct in China, Kazakhstan, the Philippines, Russia, and Ukraine. Cesium and rubidium had been produced in Australia, Canada, China, Namibia, and Zimbabwe; however, it is thought that all cesium and rubidium mine production outside of China has either ceased in recent years or come under control of Chinese companies. The REEs that were not analyzed because of the lack of data (namely europium, gadolinium, terbium, holmium, erbium, thulium, ytterbium, and lutetium) were all heavy REEs that were produced only or predominantly in China. Based on this qualitative evaluation, none of these commodities are recommended for removal from the list of critical minerals.

Mineral criticality is not static, but changes over time. This analysis represents the most recent available data for non-fuel mineral commodities and the current state of the methodology for evaluation of criticality.

Please submit written comments on this draft list by January 10, 2022, to facilitate consideration. We will still accept comments received in the gap period. In particular, the U.S. Geological Survey is interested in comments addressing the following topics: The make-up of the draft list and the rationale associated with potential additions or subtractions to the draft list. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personally identifiable information (PII) in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment, including your PII, may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your PII from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

**Authority:** E.O. 13817, 82 FR 60835 (December 26, 2017) and The Energy Act of 2020, Section 7002 of Title VII (December 27, 2020).

Dated: December 9, 2021.

**James D. Applegate,**

*Associate Director for Natural Hazards, Exercising the Delegated Authority of the Director, U.S. Geological Survey.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### Bureau of Land Management

[20X.LLAZC03000.L51050000.  
EA0000.LVRCA20SA090; AZ-SRP-030-15-01]

### Notice of Temporary Closure and Temporary Restrictions of Selected Public Lands in La Paz County, AZ

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of temporary closure and restrictions.

**SUMMARY:** As authorized under the provisions of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, as amended, notice is hereby given that temporary closures and temporary restrictions of activities will be in effect on public lands administered by the Lake Havasu Field Office, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) to minimize the risk of potential collisions with spectators and racers during the annual Best in the Desert (BITD) off-highway vehicle (OHV) race events, Parker 250 and Parker 425, authorized under a Special Recreation Permit (SRP).

**DATES:** This notice is effective upon publication. The temporary restrictions for the Parker 250 take effect at 11:59 p.m., January 4, 2022, through 11:59 p.m., January 9, 2022. The temporary closure for the Parker 250 takes effect at 11:59 p.m., January 5, 2022, through 11:59 p.m., January 9, 2022. The temporary restrictions for the Parker 425 take effect at 11:59 p.m., January 18, 2022, through 11:59 p.m., January 23, 2022. The temporary closure for the Parker 425 takes effect at 11:59 p.m., January 19, 2022, through 11:59 p.m., January 23, 2022. All times are listed in local time.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Jason West, Field Manager, BLM Lake Havasu Field Office, 1785 Kiowa Avenue, Lake Havasu City, Arizona 86403, telephone: (928) 505-1200; email: [jrwest@blm.gov](mailto:jrwest@blm.gov). Also see the Lake Havasu Field Office website: <https://www.blm.gov/office/lake-havasu-field-office>. Persons who use a telecommunications device for hearing impaired (TDD) may call the Federal Relay Service (FRS) at (800) 877-8339 to contact Mr. West during normal business hours. FRS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to leave a message or question. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On January 6, 2015, the Decision Record authorizing the BITD Parker Races SRP was signed. This permit authorizes the

BITD to utilize the Parker 400 course for the Parker 250 race event on January 6 through 9, 2022, and for the Parker 425 race event on January 20 through 23, 2022. The permit is authorized from 2015 through 2024. The Environmental Assessment analyzing these routes (EA #DOI-BLM-AZ-C030-2014-0040) concluded that allowing permitted motorized racers exclusive use of the *Lake Havasu Field Office Record of Decision/Approved Resource Management Plan* (2007) designated Parker 400 course would mitigate safety concerns. These routes receive the most intense and concentrated high-speed use during the two annual permitted events.

These temporary closures and restrictions affect public lands in and around the Parker 400 course near the communities of Parker and Bouse in La Paz County, Arizona. The temporary closure applies to all public use, including pedestrian and vehicles, unless excepted. The temporary closure area follows the Parker 400 course as designated in the 2007 Lake Havasu Resource Management Plan.

Within the temporary restriction area, the temporary restrictions apply in addition to all existing regulations. The temporary restriction area begins on public lands east of the eastern boundary of the Colorado River Indian Tribe (CRIT) Reservation, along Shea Road, then east into Osborne Wash onto the Parker-Swansea Road to the Central Arizona Project (CAP) Canal, then north on the west side of the CAP Canal, crossing the canal on the county-maintained road, running northeast into Mineral Wash Canyon, then southeast on the county-maintained road, through the four-corners intersection to the Midway (Pit) intersection, then east on Transmission Pass Road, through State Trust Land located in Butler Valley, turning north into Cunningham Wash to North Tank, continuing south to Transmission Pass Road and east (reentering public land) within two miles of Alamo Dam Road. The temporary restriction area boundary turns south and west onto the wooden power line road, onto the State Trust Land in Butler Valley, turning southwest into Cunningham Wash to the Graham Well, intersecting Butler Valley Road, then north and west on the county-maintained road to the "Bouse Y" intersection, two miles north of Bouse, Arizona. The temporary restriction area boundary proceeds north, paralleling the Bouse-Swansea Road to the Midway (Pit) intersection, then west along the north boundary (power line) road of the East Cactus Plain Wilderness Area to Parker-

Swansea Road. The temporary restriction area boundary turns west into Osborne Wash crossing the CAP Canal, along the north boundary of the Cactus Plain Wilderness Study Area; it continues west staying in Osborne Wash and crossing Shea Road along the southern boundary of Gibraltar Wilderness, rejoining Osborne Wash at the CRIT Reservation boundary.

The temporary closures and restrictions are necessary because of the high-speed nature of the race event and the added safety concerns due to the limited visibility when there is no daylight. Roads leading into the public lands under the temporary closure and restrictions will be posted with copies of the temporary closure, temporary restrictions, and associated maps to notify the public. The temporary closure and restriction orders will be posted in the Lake Havasu Field Office and online at: <https://www.blm.gov/office/lake-havasu-field-office>. Maps of the affected area and other documents associated with this temporary closure and restriction are available at the Lake Havasu Field Office, 1785 Kiowa Avenue, Lake Havasu City, Arizona.

The closures and restrictions are issued under the authority of 43 CFR 8364.1, which allows the BLM to establish closures for the protection of persons, property, and public lands and resources. Violation of any of the terms, conditions, or restrictions contained within this closure order may subject the violator to citation or arrest with a penalty of a fine or imprisonment or both as specified by law.

#### Temporary Closure

a. The designated racecourse as shown in the Lake Havasu Field Office approved RMP and Decision Record is closed to public entry during the temporary closure, with the following exceptions:

i. The person is an employee or authorized volunteer with the BLM, a law enforcement officer, emergency medical service provider, fire protection provider, or another public agency employee working at and assigned to the event; or

ii. The person is working at or attending the event directly on behalf of the permit holder.

b. Motor vehicles may be operated within the temporary closure area under the circumstances listed below:

i. Race participants and support vehicles on designated routes;

ii. BLM, medical, law enforcement, and firefighting vehicles are authorized at all times; and

iii. Vehicles operated by the permit holder's staff or contractors and

volunteers are authorized at all times. These vehicles must display evidence of event registration at all times in such a manner that it is visible on the front of the vehicle while the vehicle is in motion.

#### Temporary Restrictions

##### 1. Environmental Resource Management and Protection

a. Cutting or collecting firewood of any kind, including dead and downed wood or other vegetative material, is prohibited.

b. *Grey Water Discharge:* The discharge and dumping of grey water onto the ground surface is prohibited. Grey water is defined as water that has been used for cooking, washing, dishwashing, or bathing and/or contains soap, detergent, food scraps, or food residue, regardless of whether such products are biodegradable or have been filtered or disinfected.

c. *Human Waste:* The depositing of human waste (liquid and/or solid) on the ground surface is prohibited.

##### 2. Alcohol/Prohibited Substance

a. Possession of alcohol by minors. Selling, offering to sell, or otherwise furnishing or supplying any alcoholic beverage to a person under 21 years of age on public lands is prohibited.

##### 3. Drug Paraphernalia

a. The possession of drug paraphernalia is prohibited.

##### 4. Disorderly Conduct

a. Disorderly conduct is prohibited. Disorderly conduct means that an individual, with the intent of recklessly causing public alarm, nuisance, jeopardy, or violence, or recklessly creating a risk thereof:

i. Engages in fighting or violent behavior; or

ii. Uses language, an utterance or gesture, or engages in a display or act that is physically threatening or menacing or done in a manner that is likely to inflict injury or incite an immediate breach of the peace.

##### 5. Eviction of Persons

a. The temporary restriction area is closed to any person who:

i. Has been evicted from the event by the permit holder, whether or not the eviction was requested by the BLM;

ii. Has been evicted from the event by the BLM; or

iii. Has been ordered by a law enforcement officer to leave the area of the permitted event.

b. Any person evicted from the event forfeits all privileges to be present within the temporary restriction area.

#### 6. Motor Vehicles

a. Motor vehicles must comply with the following requirements:

i. Motor vehicle operators must possess evidence of valid insurance.

ii. Motor vehicles and trailers must not block a street used for vehicular travel or a pedestrian pathway. Parking any off-highway vehicle in violation of posted restrictions, or in such a manner as to obstruct or impede normal or emergency traffic movement or the parking of other vehicles, creating a safety hazard, or endangering any person, property, or feature is prohibited. Vehicles parked in violation are subject to citation, removal, and/or impoundment at the owner's expense.

iii. Operating a vehicle through, around, or beyond a restrictive sign, barricade, fence, or traffic control barrier or device is prohibited.

iv. Failure to obey any person authorized to direct traffic or control access to event area including law enforcement officers, BLM officials, and designated race officials is prohibited.

#### 7. Public Camping

a. The temporary restriction area is closed to public camping with the following exceptions:

i. The permitted event's spectators, who are camped in designated spectator areas, as marked by protective fencing, barriers, and informational signage provided by the permit holder; and

ii. The permit holder's authorized staff, contractors, and BLM-authorized event managers.

b. Spectator area site reservations, or denying other visitors or parties from utilizing unoccupied portions of the spectator area by marking with flags, tape, posts, cones, etc. is prohibited. Vehicles and trailers may not be left unattended for over 72 hours.

c. Failure to observe restricted area quiet hours of midnight to 6 a.m. is prohibited.

#### 8. Weapons

a. Discharging or use of firearms or other weapons is prohibited.

b. The prohibition above shall not apply to county, State, tribal, and Federal law enforcement personnel who are working in their official capacity at the event.

#### 9. Public Use

a. Failure to obey any official sign posted by the BLM, law enforcement, La Paz County, or the permit holder is prohibited.

#### Existing Regulations

The following list of existing regulations is not intended to be

comprehensive. A complete list of laws and regulations applicable to public lands in Arizona may be viewed at: <http://www.azd.uscourts.gov/sites/default/files/general-orders/19-14.pdf>.

#### 1. Environmental Resource Management and Protection

a. No person may deface, disturb, remove, or destroy any natural object—43 CFR 8365.1–5(a)(1).

b. *Fireworks*: The use, sale, or possession of personal fireworks is prohibited—43 CFR 9212.1(h).

c. *Black Water Discharge*: The discharge and dumping of black water onto the ground surface is prohibited. Black water is defined as wastewater containing feces, urine, and/or flush water—43 CFR 8365.1–1(b)(3).

d. *Trash*: The discharge of any trash or litter onto the ground surface is prohibited. All event participants must pack out or properly dispose of all trash at an appropriate disposal facility—43 CFR 8365.1–1(b)(1).

e. *Hazardous Materials*: The dumping or discharge of vehicle oil, petroleum products, or other hazardous household, commercial, or industrial refuse or waste onto the ground surface is prohibited. This applies to all recreational vehicles, trailers, motorhomes, port-a-potties, generators, and other camp infrastructure—43 CFR 8365.1–1(b)(3).

#### 2. Alcohol/Prohibited Substance

a. Possession of an open container of an alcoholic beverage by the driver or operator of any motorized vehicle, whether or not the vehicle is in motion, is prohibited—43 CFR 8365.1–6.

b. Possession of alcohol by minors. Consumption or possession of any alcoholic beverage by a person under 21 years of age on public lands is prohibited—43 CFR 8365.1–6 Supplementary Rule 63 FR 43716.

c. Operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, marijuana, narcotics, or dangerous drugs is prohibited—43 CFR 8341.1(f)(3).

#### 3. Disorderly Conduct

a. Obstructing, resisting, or attempting to elude a law enforcement officer, or fails to follow their orders or directions is prohibited—43 CFR 8365.1–4(a)(4).

#### 4. Motor Vehicles

a. Motor vehicles must comply with the following requirements:

i. The operator of a motor vehicle must possess a valid driver's license—43 CFR 8341.1(e).

ii. Motor vehicles and trailers must possess evidence of valid registration—43 CFR 8341.1(d).

iii. Motor vehicles must not exceed the posted speed limit—43 CFR 8341.1(f)(2).

#### 5. Pets or Other Animals

a. Allowing any pet or other animal to be unrestrained is prohibited. All pets must be restrained by a leash of not more than six feet in length—43 CFR 8365.2–1(c).

*Enforcement*: Any person who violates these closures or restrictions may be tried before a United States magistrate and fined in accordance with 18 U.S.C. 3571, imprisoned no more than 12 months under 43 U.S.C. 1733(a) and 43 CFR 8360.0–7, or both. In accordance with 43 CFR 8365.1–7, State or local officials may also impose penalties for violations of Arizona law. (Authority: 43 CFR 8364.1)

**Adam Cochran,**

*Acting Field Manager.*

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## NATIONAL INDIAN GAMING COMMISSION

### Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

**AGENCY:** National Indian Gaming Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice of a new system of records.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, the National Indian Gaming Commission (NIGC) proposes to establish a new system of records entitled, “NIGC Reasonable Accommodations Records.” This system of records will include information that the NIGC collects and maintains on applicants for employment and employees who request and/or receive reasonable accommodations from NIGC for medical or religious reasons.

**DATES:** Submit comments on or before January 13, 2022. This new system is effective upon publication in the **Federal Register**, except for the routine uses, which are effective January 13, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit written comments by email to [privacy@nigc.gov](mailto:privacy@nigc.gov).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Tim Osumi, 202–264–0676, [tim.osumi@nigc.gov](mailto:tim.osumi@nigc.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, the National Indian Gaming Commission (NIGC) proposes to establish a new system of records titled, “NIGC Reasonable Accommodations

Records.” This system of records covers NIGC’s collection and maintenance of records on applicants for employment, employees, and other individuals who participate in NIGC programs or activities who request or receive reasonable accommodations or other appropriate modifications from NIGC for medical or religious reasons. Title V of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, prohibits discrimination in services and employment on the basis of disability, and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1974 prohibits discrimination, including on the basis of religion. These prohibitions on discrimination require Federal agencies to provide reasonable accommodations to individuals with disabilities and those with sincerely held religious beliefs unless doing so would impose an undue hardship on the agency. In some instances, individuals may request modifications to their workspace, schedule, duties, or other requirements for documented medical reasons that may not qualify as a disability but may necessitate an appropriate modification to workplace policies and practices. Reasonable accommodations may include, but are not limited to: Making existing facilities readily accessible to individuals with disabilities; restructuring jobs, modifying work schedules or places of work, and providing flexible scheduling for medical appointments or religious observance; acquiring or modifying equipment or examinations or training materials; providing qualified readers and interpreters, personal assistants, service animals; granting permission to wear religious dress, hairstyles, or facial hair or to observe a religious prohibition against wearing certain garments; considering requests for medical and religious exemptions to specific workplace requirements; and making other modifications to workplace policies and practices. NIGC’s Human Resources Office processes requests for reasonable accommodations from employees and applicants for employment, respectively, who require an accommodation due to a medical or religious reason. NIGC’s Human Resources Office also processes requests based on documented medical reasons that may not qualify as a disability but that necessitate an appropriate modification to workplace policies and practices. The request, documentation provided in support of the request, any evaluation conducted internally or by a third party under contract to NIGC, the decision regarding whether to grant or deny a request, and the details and conditions of the reasonable