Federal reimbursement for meals served to eligible participants.

Respondents: State agencies that administer the Child and Adult Care Food Program.

Number of Respondents: 53.
Estimated Number of Responses per
Respondent: The number of responses
includes initial, revised, and final
reports submitted each month. The
overall average is three submissions per
State agency per reporting month for a
total of 36 per year.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average three hours per respondent for each submission.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 5,724 hours.

Dated: November 20, 2002.

#### Roberto Salazar,

Administrator, Food and Nutrition Service. [FR Doc. 02–30046 Filed 11–25–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–30–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

#### **Food and Nutrition Service**

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request—Report of School Program Operations

**AGENCY:** Food and Nutrition Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) is publishing for public comment notice of a proposed information collection. The proposed collection is an extension of a collection currently approved for the National School Lunch Program, the School Breakfast Program, the Commodity Schools Program, and the Special Milk Program.

**DATES:** Comments on this notice must be received by January 27, 2003 to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Send comments and requests for copies of this information collection to Alan Rich, Program Reports, Analysis, and Monitoring Branch, Budget Division, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA, 3101 Park Center Drive, Alexandria, VA 22302.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the

methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including use of appropriate, automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

All comments will be summarized and included in the request for Office of Management and Budget approval of the information collection. All comments will become a matter of public record.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Alan Rich, (703) 305–2113.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

*Title:* Report of School Program Operations.

OMB Number: 0584–0002.
Expiration Date: January 31, 2003.
Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: The National School Lunch Program, the School Breakfast Program, the Commodity Schools Program, and the Special Milk Program are authorized by the National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1751, et seq., and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. 1771, et seq. Program implementing regulations are contained in 7 CFR parts 210, 215, and 220. In accordance with 7 CFR 210.5(d)(1), 215.11(c)(2), and 220.13(b)(2), State agencies must submit to FNS a monthly report of program activity in order to receive Federal reimbursement for meals served to eligible participants.

Respondents: State agencies that administer the National School Lunch Program, the School Breakfast Program, the Commodity Schools Program, or the Special Milk Program.

Number of Respondents: 62.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: The number of responses includes initial, revised, and final reports submitted each month. The overall average is four submissions per State agency per reporting month for a total of 48 per year.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 32 hours per respondent.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 95,232 hours.

Dated: November 20, 2002.

#### Roberto Salazar,

Administrator, Food and Nutrition Service. [FR Doc. 02–30047 Filed 11–25–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–30–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

#### Natural Resources Conservation Service

# Middle Fork of the Popo Agie Watershed, Fremont County, WY

**AGENCY:** Natural Resources Conservation Service.

**ACTION:** Notice of intent to prepare an environmental impact statement.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969; the Council of Environmental Quality Guidelines (40 CFR Part 1500); and the Natural Resources Conservation Service Guidelines (7 CFR Part 650); the Natural Resources Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, gives notice that an environmental impact statement is being prepared for The Middle Fork of the Popo Agie Watershed, Fremont County, Wyoming.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lincoln E. Burton, State Conservationist, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 100 East B Street, Room 3124, Casper, Wyoming 82601, telephone: 307–261–6453.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The environmental assessment of this federally assisted action indicates that the project may cause significant local, regional, or national impacts on the environment. As a result of these findings, Lincoln E. Burton, State Conservationist, has determined that the preparation and review of an environmental impact statement is needed for this project.

The project concerns flood prevention and stream channel restoration of the Middle Fork of the Popo Agie through Lander, Wyoming to the confluence of the North Fork of the Popo Agie.

Alternatives under consideration:

- 1. Diversion through or around town with channel restoration.
  - 2. Flood wall and channel restoration.
- 3. Upstream Storage and channel restoration.

A draft environmental impact statement will be prepared and circulated for review by agencies and the public. The Natural Resources Conservation Service invites participation and consultation of agencies and individuals that have special expertise, legal jurisdiction, or interest in the preparation of the draft environmental impact statement. Meeting will be held in Lander, Wyoming on Wednesday, January 8, 2003 at Inn at Lander Best Western, 260 Grand Avenue from 7 p.m. until 9 p.m. To determine the scope of the

evaluation of the proposed action. Further information on the proposed action or the scoping meeting may be obtained from Lincoln E. Burton, State Conservationist, at the above address or telephone.

Dated: November 12, 2002.

#### Lincoln E. Burton,

State Conservationist.

[FR Doc. 02-30049 Filed 11-25-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-16-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# International Trade Administration [A-351–826]

Small Diameter Circular Seamless
Carbon and Alloy Steel Standard, Line
and Pressure Pipe from Brazil:
Rescission of Antidumping Duty
Administrative Review

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of Rescission of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE:** November 26, 2002. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Anya Naschak or Helen Kramer at (202)

482-6375 or (202) 482-0405, respectively; Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Enforcement Group III, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20230. **SUMMARY:** On September 25, 2002, in response to a request made by V&M do Brasil S.A. (V&M), the Department of Commerce (the Department) published in the Federal Register (67 FR 60210) a notice announcing the initiation of an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on seamless line and pressure pipe from Brazil. The review period is August 1, 2001, to July

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

31, 2002. This review has now been

rescinded because V&M has withdrawn

## The Applicable Statute

its request for review.

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce's (the Department's)

regulations are references to the provisions codified at 19 CFR Part 351 (2002).

### Scope of the Review

The scope of this review includes small diameter seamless carbon and alloy standard, line and pressure pipes (seamless pipes) produced to the ASTM A-335, ASTM A-106, ASTM A-53 and API 5L specifications and meeting the physical parameters described below, regardless of application. The scope of this order also includes all products used in standard, line, or pressure pipe applications and meeting the physical parameters below, regardless of specification, except glass-lined seamless pressure pipe described below.

For purposes of this review, seamless pipes are seamless carbon and alloy (other than stainless) steel pipes, of circular cross- section, not more than 114.3 mm (4.5 inches) in outside diameter, regardless of wall thickness, manufacturing process (hot-finished or cold-drawn), end finish (plain end, bevelled end, upset end, threaded, or threaded and coupled), or surface finish. These pipes are commonly known as standard pipe, line pipe or pressure pipe, depending upon the application. They may also be used in structural applications. Pipes produced in nonstandard wall thicknesses are commonly referred to as tubes.

The seamless pipes subject to this review is currently classifiable under subheadings

7304.10.10.20, 7304.10.50.20, 7304.31.60.50, 7304.39.00.16, 7304.39.00.24, 7304.39.00.28, 7304.39.00.32, 7304.51.50.05, 7304.51.50.60, 7304.59.80.10, 7304.59.80.15, 7304.59.80.20, and 7304.59.80.25 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS).

The following information further defines the scope of this review, which covers pipes meeting the physical parameters described above:

Specifications, Characteristics and Uses: Seamless pressure pipes are intended for the conveyance of water, steam, petrochemicals, chemicals, oil products, natural gas and other liquids and gasses in industrial piping systems. They may carry these substances at elevated pressures and temperatures and may be subject to the application of external heat. Seamless carbon steel pressure pipe meeting the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) standard A-106 may be used in temperatures of up to 1,000 degrees Fahrenheit, at various American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) code stress levels. Alloy pipes made to ASTM standard A-335 must be used if temperatures and stress levels exceed those allowed for A-106 and the ASME codes. Seamless pressure pipes sold in the United States are commonly produced to the ASTM A-106 standard.

Seamless standard pipes are most commonly produced to the ASTM A-53 specification and generally are not intended for high temperature service. They are intended for the low temperature and pressure conveyance of water, steam, natural gas, air and other liquids and gasses in plumbing and heating systems, air conditioning units, automatic sprinkler systems, and other related uses. Standard pipes (depending on type and code) may carry liquids at elevated temperatures but must not exceed relevant ASME code requirements.

Seamless line pipes are intended for the conveyance of oil and natural gas or other fluids in pipe lines. Seamless line pipes are produced to the API 5L specification.

Seamless pipes are commonly produced and certified to meet ASTM A- 106, ASTM A-53 and API 5L specifications. Such triple certification of pipes is common because all pipes meeting the stringent A-106 specification necessarily meet the API 5L and ASTM A-53 specifications. Pipes meeting the API 5L specification necessarily meet the ASTM A-53 specification. However, pipes meeting the A-53 or API 5L specifications do not necessarily meet the A-106 specification. To avoid maintaining separate production runs and separate inventories, manufacturers triple certify the pipes. Since distributors sell the vast majority of this product, they can thereby maintain a single inventory to service all customers.

The primary application of ASTM A-106 pressure pipes and triple certified pipes is in pressure piping systems by refineries, petrochemical plants and chemical plants. Other applications are in power generation plants (electricalfossil fuel or nuclear), and in some oil field uses (on shore and off shore) such as for separator lines, gathering lines and metering runs. A minor application of this product is for use as oil and gas distribution lines for commercial applications. These applications constitute the majority of the market for the subject seamless pipes. However, A-106 pipes may be used in some boiler applications.

The scope of this review includes all seamless pipe meeting the physical parameters described above and produced to one of the specifications listed above, regardless of application, and whether or not also certified to a