

Abstract: Under the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1621 *et seq.*), AMS is responsible for conducting research to enhance market access for small and medium sized farmers. The role of the Local and Regional Foods Division (LFRD) of AMS is to facilitate distribution of U.S. agricultural products. The division identifies marketing opportunities, provides analysis to help take advantage of those opportunities and develops and evaluates strategies including methods to diversify farming operations of direct from farm-to-customer enterprises.

The definitions of farmers markets, on-farm markets, community-supported agriculture (CSA), and food hubs, as utilized by AMS for the purposes of the Local Food Directories and Survey are listed below.

An *agritourism operation* is a working farm, ranch, aquaculture and agroforestry. An agritourism directory is a list of working farms, ranches, aquaculture and agroforestry operations that provide education and recreation opportunities, active-involvement experiences (*e.g.*, farming activities, processing), as well as retailing and hospitality (*e.g.*, accommodations, dining) facilities and services for the enjoyment of visitors that generate supplemental income, create and grow farm product markets *i.e.*, for local foods, and build understanding of agriculture. A working farm, ranch, aquaculture or agroforestry operation is defined as an area of land and buildings, or water (ponds, lakes, rivers, oceans), including within and around cities, that is currently being utilized to raise and grow domesticated animals, plants, trees, and freshwater and marine fish and shellfish, for food and beverages, including vegetables, fruits, herbs, meats, dairy products, oils, cereals, fish and shellfish, and products for direct sales to customers, and/or immediate consumption or enjoyment of customers, that are grown or processed there (*e.g.*, Christmas trees, pinyon seeds, ginseng, wool, wine, beer, cheeses, nursery plants).

An *on-farm market* is a single farm operation that sells agricultural and/or horticultural products directly to customers on its farm property or on property adjacent to its farm. Most products sold at the on-farm market are either grown on the proprietor's farm or are sourced from neighboring farms. An on-farm market may operate seasonally or year-round. On-farm markets are an important component of direct marketing, adding value by offering customers a visit to the farm and the opportunity to purchase products from the people who grew them.

A *CSA enterprise* is defined as a farm or network/association of multiple farms that offer customers regular (usually weekly) deliveries of locally-grown farm products during one or more harvest season(s) on a subscription or membership basis. Customers have access to a selected share or range of farm products offered by a single farm or group of farmers based on partial or total advance payment of a subscription or membership fee. The up-front working capital generated by selling shares reduces the financial risk to the farmer(s). Generally, farmers receive better prices for their crops and have reduced marketing costs. Consumers benefit by receiving a periodic (usually weekly) delivery of fresh locally-grown fruits, vegetables, meats, eggs and other produce. They also benefit from the ability to collectively support the sustainability of local farmers.

A *food hub* is a business or organization that actively manages the aggregation, distribution, and marketing of source-identified food products to multiple buyers from multiple producers, primarily local and regional producers, to strengthen the ability of these producers to satisfy local and regional wholesale, retail, and institutional demand. This marketing channel also allows farm operators to capture a larger share of consumers' food dollar.

This information will be used to continue building the USDA National Local Food Directories describing the characteristics of local food operations and working farms.

Topic areas in the survey:

- Characteristics of local food business
- Contact information
- Types of products sold
- Location of the business
- Operation schedule
- Activities

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 5 minutes per entry.

Respondents: Local food businesses listing their information on USDA National Local Food Directories

Estimated Number of Potential Respondents: 15,000.

Estimated Total Potential Annual Responses to all Surveys: 500.

Maximum Estimated Total Annual Burden on All Respondents: 1,250 hours.

Comments: Comments are invited on: (1) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Melissa Bailey,

Associate Administrator, Agricultural Marketing Service.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B–3–2025]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 41, Notification of Proposed Production Activity; Zebra Technologies Corporation; (Computer Printing Products); Kenosha, Wisconsin

Zebra Technologies Corporation submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board (the Board) for its facility in Kenosha, Wisconsin within FTZ 41. The notification conforming to the requirements of the Board's regulations (15 CFR 400.22) was received on January 13, 2025.

Pursuant to 15 CFR 400.14(b), FTZ production activity would be limited to the specific foreign-status material(s)/ component(s) and specific finished product(s) described in the submitted notification (summarized below) and subsequently authorized by the Board. The benefits that may stem from conducting production activity under FTZ procedures are explained in the background section of the Board's website—accessible via www.trade.gov/ftz.

The proposed finished products include: self-adhesive nameplates, labels, and sheets; plastic mounting components; cellular rubber articles; vulcanized rubber articles; paper packing material; rolls of labels; stylus tethers; straps; steel screws; steel wire springs; metal clips; AC power filter release instrument kits; cable routing tool kits; PCB removal tool kits and print head cam sync gauge kits; castors;

mounting brackets; thermal printers; thermal printer replacement components; tablets and mobile computers; data capturing and transmitting devices; point-of-sale parts; power supply adapters, cradles, and chargers; lithium-ion batteries; smartphones; data capturing and transmitting devices; location solution products; antennas; magnetic media cards; optical media cards; semiconductor media cards; monitors; real-time locating systems, components of location solution devices; cables with connectors/fittings used for telecommunication devices; cords and power cables; fixed mount industrial scanners; and fixed mount industrial scanner components (duty rate ranges from duty-free to 7.0%).

The proposed foreign-status materials/components include: plastic labels in roll; plastic labels in sheet; plastic end cap parts; plastic with textile labels; plastic bags; plastic caps/plugs/closures; plastic gaskets/seals/washers; plastic name plates, labels, mounts, straps, and ties; rubber gaskets and washer grommets; rubber grommets; corrugated boxes, printed paper labels; self-adhesive paper labels; paper core rolls for labels; paper packing spacers, pads, and inserts; single sheet instructions/manuals; instructions/manuals; instruction/manuals/brochures; stylus tethers; touchpad hand carrying straps and belt loops; lens filters; machine steel screws; steel screws with a diameter less than 6 millimeters; steel screws with a diameter greater than 6 millimeters; steel nuts; steel spring lock washers; flat steel washers; steel rivets; steel cotter pins; steel helical spring; steel extension spring; steel threaded standoff; aluminum belt tensioning device; hex key hand tools; AC power filter release tool kits; phone camera sync devices; maghead insertion cable devices; mirror mount brackets; metal brackets; thermal printers; printer heads; feeder roller; main PCB board; mobile computers and tablets; docking stations; barcode scanners, imagers, and scan engines; point of sale terminals; outer housing; display assembly; ball bearings; clutches, shafts couplings, and joints; chargers; charger parts; battery cells; lithium-ion batteries; cellphone devices; mobile computing devices; data transmitting devices; RFID antennas; aerial reflectors; CD-rom media; smart card media; wet inlay tags; digital cameras; real-time location tags; radio antennas for mobile devices; mobile computing device parts; main PCB board assembly and outer housing; coaxial connectors; mobile computing

device touch panel PCB; LED lights; paper-low sensor kits; cables for telecommunication devices; detachable power cables; flex cables (less than 80 volts); feedkey and flex cables for printers; ferrite; spectrometers; industrial fixed mount machine vision devices; printer ribbon high/low torque devices; and flipper deck level devices (duty rate ranges from duty-free to 4.5%). The request indicates that certain materials/components are subject to duties under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (section 301), depending on the country of origin. The applicable section 301 decisions require subject merchandise to be admitted to FTZs in privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41). The Board's regulations (15 CFR 400.13(c)(2)) require that merchandise subject to AD/CVD orders, or items which would be otherwise subject to suspension of liquidation under AD/CVD procedures if they entered U.S. customs territory, be admitted to the zone in privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41).

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary and sent to: ftz@trade.gov. The closing period for their receipt is March 4, 2025.

A copy of the notification will be available for public inspection in the "Online FTZ Information System" section of the Board's website.

For further information, contact Kolade Osho at Kolade.Osho@trade.gov.

Dated: January 17, 2025.

Elizabeth Whiteman,
Executive Secretary.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-135]

Certain Chassis and Subassemblies Thereof From the People's Republic of China: Rescission of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023–2024

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) is rescinding the administrative review of the antidumping duty (AD) order on certain chassis and subassemblies thereof (chassis) from the People's Republic of China (China) for the period of review

(POR) July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024.

DATES: Applicable January 23, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Gemma Larsen, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-8125.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 8, 2021, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the AD order on chassis from China.¹ On July 1, 2024, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** a notice of opportunity to request an administrative review of the *Order*.² On July 31, 2024, Commerce received a timely request from domestic producers of subject merchandise, the Coalition of American Chassis Manufacturers (Coalition), in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(b)(1), to conduct an administrative review of the *Order* of the following exporters: (1) CIMC Vehicles (Group) Co., Ltd.; (2) Dongguan CIMC Vehicles Co., Ltd. (CIMC Vehicles); (3) Qingdao CIMC Special Vehicles Co., Ltd; and (4) SinoTrailers.³

On August 14, 2024, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** a notice of initiation of administrative review with respect to imports of chassis exported by the above Chinese exporters, in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i).⁴ On August 22, 2024, we placed on the record U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) data for entries of chassis from China during the POR, showing no reviewable POR entries, and invited interested parties to comment.⁵ On August 29, 2024, CIMC Vehicles submitted comments requesting Commerce rescind the administrative review.⁶

On September 19, 2024, Commerce notified all interested parties of its intent to rescind the instant review in

¹ See *Certain Chassis and Subassemblies Thereof from the People's Republic of China: Antidumping Duty Order*, 86 FR 36093 (July 8, 2021) (*Order*).

² See *Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Opportunity to Request Administrative Review and Join Annual Inquiry Service List*, 89 FR 54437 (July 1, 2024).

³ See Coalition's Letter, "Request for Administrative Review," dated July 31, 2024.

⁴ See *Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews*, 89 FR 66035 (August 14, 2024) (*Initiation Notice*).

⁵ See Memorandum, "U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Data Release," dated August 22, 2024.

⁶ See CIMC Vehicles' Letter, "Comments on CBP Data," dated August 29, 2024.