requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) do not apply. In addition, the Agency has determined that this action will not have a substantial direct effect on States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132, entitled Federalism (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999). Executive Order 13132 requires EPA to develop an accountable process to ensure "meaningful and timely input by State and local officials in the development of regulatory policies that have federalism implications." "Policies that have federalism implications" is defined in the Executive order to include regulations that have "substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government." This final rule directly regulates growers, food processors, food handlers, and food retailers, not States. This action does not alter the relationships or distribution of power and responsibilities established by Congress in the preemption provisions of FFDCA section 408(n)(4). For these same reasons, the Agency has determined that this rule does not have any "tribal implications" as described in Executive Order 13175, entitled Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments (65 FR 67249, November 6, 2000). Executive Order 13175, requires EPA to develop an accountable process to ensure "meaningful and timely input by tribal officials in the development of regulatory policies that have tribal implications." "Policies that have tribal implications" is defined in the Executive order to include regulations that have "substantial direct effects on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and the Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes." This rule will not have substantial direct effects on tribal governments, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, as specified in Executive Order 13175. Thus, Executive Order 13175 does not apply to this rule.

IX. Submission to Congress and the Comptroller General

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small **Business Regulatory Enforcement** Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of this final rule in the **Federal Register**. This final rule is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: June 24, 2002.

Debra Edwards,

Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, 40 CFR chapter I is amended as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 321(q), 346(a) and 374.

2. Section 180.571 is amended by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 180.571 Mesotrione; tolerances for residues.

* * * * *

(b) Section 18 emergency exemptions. Time-limited tolerances are established for residues of the herbicide mesotrione, 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)-2-nitrobenzoyl]-1,3-cyclohexanedione, in connection with use of the herbicide under section 18 emergency exemptions granted by EPA. The tolerances are specified in the following table. The tolerances will expire on the dates specified in the table.

Commodity		Parts per million
Corn, sweet, kernel plus cob with husks re-		
moved	0.01	06/30/04
Corn, sweet, for-	0.50	06/30/04

Commodity		Parts per million
Corn, sweet, stover	2.0	06/30/04

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FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

44 CFR Part 65

Changes in Flood Elevation Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, FEMA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: Modified base (1% annual chance) flood elevations are finalized for the communities listed below. These modified elevations will be used to calculate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings and their contents.

EFFECTIVE DATES: The effective dates for these modified base flood elevations are indicated on the following table and revise the Flood Insurance Rate Map(s) (FIRMs) in effect for each listed community prior to this date.

ADDRESSES: The modified base flood elevations for each community are available for inspection at the office of the Chief Executive Officer of each community. The respective addresses are listed in the following table.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Matthew B. Miller, P.E., Chief, Hazards Study Branch, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–3461, or (email) matt.miller@fema.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The

Federal Emergency Management Agency makes the final determinations listed below of modified base flood elevations for each community listed. These modified elevations have been published in newspapers of local circulation and ninety (90) days have elapsed since that publication. The Acting Administrator has resolved many appeals resulting from this notification.

The modified base flood elevations are not listed for each community in this notice. However, this rule includes the address of the Chief Executive Officer of the community where the modified base flood elevation determinations are available for inspection.

The modifications are made pursuant to Section 206 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4105, and are in accordance with the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq., and with 44 CFR part 65.

For rating purposes, the currently effective community number is shown and must be used for all new policies and renewals.

The modified base flood elevations are the basis for the floodplain management measures that the community is required to either adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to qualify or to remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

These modified elevations, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own, or pursuant to policies established by other Federal, state or regional entities.

These modified elevations are used to meet the floodplain management requirements of the NFIP and are also used to calculate the appropriate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings built after these elevations are made final, and for the contents in these buildings.

The changes in base flood elevations are in accordance with 44 CFR 65.4. *National Environmental Policy Act*. This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Regulatory Flexibility Act. The Acting Administrator, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, certifies that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because modified base flood elevations are required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4105, and are required to maintain community eligibility in the NFIP. No regulatory flexibility analysis has been prepared.

Regulatory Classification. This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of Section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

Executive Order 12612, Federalism. This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.

Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform. This rule meets the applicable standards of Section 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778.

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 65

Flood insurance, floodplains, reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 65 is amended to read as follows:

PART 65—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 65 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

§65.4 [Amended]

2. The tables published under the authority of § 65.4 are amended as follows:

			,		
State and county	Location	Dates and name of news- paper where notice was pub- lished	Chief executive officer of community	Effective date of modification	Community number
Alabama: Autauga, Elmore, Lowndes, & Montgomery (FEMA Docket No. D– 7521).	City of Montgomery	Jan. 15, 2002, Jan. 22, 2002, The Montgomery Advertiser.	The Honorable Bobby N. Bright, Mayor of the City of Montgomery, P.O. Box 1111, Montgomery, Alabama 36101–1111.	Apr. 23, 2002	010174 F
Connecticut: Fairfield (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	Town of Greenwich	Feb. 11, 2002, Feb. 18, 2002, <i>Greenwich Times</i> .	Mr. Richard Bergstresser, First Selectman for the Town of Greenwich, 101 Field Point Road, Greenwich, Connecticut 06830.	Feb. 4, 2002	090008 C
Florida:					
Pinellas (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	City of St. Peters- burg.	Nov. 14, 2001, Nov. 21, 2001, St. Petersburg Times.	The Honorable Rick Baker, Mayor of the City of St. Petersburg, P.O. Box 2842, St. Petersburg, Florida 33731–2842.	Nov. 7, 2001	125148 B&C
Leon (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	City of Tallahassee	Jan. 16, 2002, Jan. 23, 2002, <i>Tallahassee Demo-</i> crat.	The Honorable Scott Maddox, Mayor of the City of Tallahassee, City Hall, 300 South Adams Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32301–1731.	Apr. 24, 2002	120144 D
Manatee (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	Unincorporated Areas.	Jan. 15, 2002, Jan. 21, 2002, Sarasota Herald Tribune.	Mr. Ernie Padgett, County Administrator, 1112 Manatee Avenue West, P.O. Box 1000, Bradenton, Florida 34206.	Jan. 7, 2002	120153 C
Orange (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	Unincorporated Areas.	Jan. 16, 2002, Jan. 23, 2002, The Orlando Sen- tinel.	Dr. M. Krishnamurthy, P.E., Orange County Stormwater Management De- partment, 4200 South John Young Parkway, Orlando, Florida 32839–9205.	Apr. 24, 2002	120179 E
Georgia: Harris (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	Unincorporated Areas.	Jan. 2, 2002, Jan. 9, 2002, Harris County Journal.	Ms. Carol Silva, Harris County Manager, P.O. Box 365, Hamilton, Georgia 31811.	Dec. 26, 2001	130338 A
Indiana: Noble (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	Unincorporated Areas.	Feb. 5, 2002, Feb. 12, 2002 The Sun-News.	Mr. Mark Pankap, President of the Noble County Board of Commissioners, Noble County Courthouse, 101 North Orange Street, Albion, Indiana 46701.	May 14, 2002	180183 B
Mississippi: Forrest and Lamar (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	City of Hattiesburg	Jan. 24, 2002, Jan. 30, 2002, Hattiesburg Amer- ican.	The Honorable J. Ed Morgan, Mayor of the City of Hattiesburg, P.O. Box 1898, Hattiesburg, Mississippi 39403.	Jan. 16, 2002	280053 C
North Carolina: Nash and Edgecomb (FEMA Docket No. D-7521). Pennsylvania:	City of Rocky Mount	Jan. 25, 2002, Feb. 1, 2002, Rocky Mount Telegram.	Mr. Stephen W. Raper, Rocky Mount City Manager, P.O. Box 1180, Rocky Mount, North Carolina 27802–1180.	May 3, 2002	370092 C

State and county	Location	Dates and name of news- paper where notice was pub- lished	Chief executive officer of community	Effective date of modification	Community number
Carbon (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	Township of Lower Towamensing.	Dec. 28, 2001, Jan. 4, 2002, Times News.	Mr. Glen Hahn, Chairman, Township of Lower Towamensing Board of Super- visors, 595 Hahns Dairy Road, Palmerton, Pennsylvania 18701.	Apr. 5, 2002	421455 A
Carbon (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	Borough of Palmerton.	Dec. 28, 2001, Jan. 4, 2002, Times News.	Mr. John Vignone, Borough of Palmerton Council President, 443 Delaware Ave- nue, Palmerton, Pennsylvania 18701.	Apr. 5, 2002	420253 A
South Carolina: Richland (FEMA Docket No. D- 7521).	Unincorporated Areas.	Dec. 26, 2001, Jan. 2, 2002, The State Newspaper.	Mr. T. Cary McSwain, Richland County Administrator, P.O. Box 192, 2020 Hampton Street, Columbia, South Carolina 29202.	Dec. 19, 2001	450170 G
Tennessee: Sumner and Davidson (FEMA Docket No. D– 7521).	City of Goodlettsville	Dec. 27, 2001, Jan. 3, 2002, The Tennessean.	The Honorable Bobby T. Jones, Mayor of the City of Goodlettsville, City Hall, 105 South Main Street, Goodlettsville, Tennessee 37072.	Apr. 4, 2002	470287 C
McNairy (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	Unincorporated Areas.	Jan. 16, 2002, Jan. 23, 2002, <i>Independent Appeal</i> .	Mr. Mike Smith, McNairy County Executive, McNairy County Courthouse, 170 West Court Avenue, Selmer, Tennessee 38375.	Apr. 24, 2002	470127 D
Shelby (FEMA Docket No. D-7521).	Unincorporated Areas.	Jan. 18, 2002, Jan. 25, 2002, <i>Daily News</i> .	The Honorable Jim Rout, Mayor of Shelby County, 160 North Main Street, Suite 850, Memphis, Tennessee 38103.	' '	470214 E
Virginia: Prince William (FEMA Docket No. D- 7521).	Unincorporated Areas.	Feb. 7, 2002, Feb. 14, 2002, Potomac News.	Mr. Craig Gerhart, Prince William County Executive, 1 County Complex Court, Prince William, Virginia 22192.		510119 D

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.100, "Flood Insurance")

Dated: July 2, 2002.

Robert F. Shea,

Acting Administrator, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration.

[FR Doc. 02-17277 Filed 7-9-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6718-04-P

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

44 CFR Part 67

Final Flood Elevation Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: Base (1% annual chance) flood elevations and modified base flood elevations are made final for the communities listed below. The base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations are the basis for the floodplain management measures that each community is required either to adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to qualify or remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

EFFECTIVE DATES: The date of issuance of the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) showing base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations for each community. This date may be obtained by contacting the office where the maps are available for inspection as indicated on the table below.

ADDRESSES: The final base flood elevations for each community are available for inspection at the office of the Chief Executive Officer of each community. The respective addresses are listed in the table below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Matthew B. Miller, P.E., Chief, Hazards Study Branch, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street, SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–3461, or (e-mail) matt.miller@fema.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA or Agency) makes final determinations listed below of base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations for each community listed. The proposed base flood elevations and proposed modified base flood elevations were published in newspapers of local circulation and an opportunity for the community or individuals to appeal the proposed determinations to or through the community was provided for a period of ninety (90) days. The proposed base flood elevations and proposed modified base flood elevations were also published in the Federal Register.

This final rule is issued in accordance with Section 110 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and 44 CFR Part 67.

The Agency has developed criteria for floodplain management in floodprone areas in accordance with 44 CFR Part 60.

Interested lessees and owners of real property are encouraged to review the

proof Flood Insurance Study and Flood Insurance Rate Map available at the address cited below for each community.

The base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations are made final in the communities listed below. Elevations at selected locations in each community are shown.

National Environmental Policy Act

This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Acting Director, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, certifies that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because final or modified base flood elevations are required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and are required to establish and maintain community eligibility in the NFIP. No regulatory flexibility analysis has been prepared.

Regulatory Classification

This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of Section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

Executive Order 12612, Federalism

This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.