

of Walnut Creek, California (collectively, “Canadian Solar”) as the respondents. *Id.* The Office of Unfair Import Investigations is not named as a party. *Id.*

On July 15, 2021, the Commission terminated the investigation as to the ’707 patent based on Solaria’s withdrawal of the allegations in the complaint as to that patent. Order No. 9 (June 28, 2021), *unreviewed by* Comm’n Notice (July 15, 2021). On October 13, 2021, the Commission terminated the investigation as to certain claims of the ’333 patent and the ’388 patent based on Solaria’s withdrawal of the allegations in the complaint as to those claims. Order No. 13 (Sept. 14, 2021), *unreviewed by* Comm’n Notice (Oct. 13, 2021).

On October 22, 2021, the presiding chief administrative law judge (“CALJ”) issued a final initial determination (“FID”) on violation, finding a violation of section 337 with respect to the ’388 and ’333 patents. The FID also included the CALJ’s recommended determination on remedy and bonding.

On November 5, 2021, Canadian Solar filed a petition for review of certain aspects of the FID on violation. On November 15, 2021, Solaria filed a response to Canadian Solar’s petition.

On November 22, 2021, Canadian Solar filed a notice of supplemental authority to inform the Commission that a claim construction order issued in a related district court litigation involving the same parties and patents at issue in this investigation.

On November 23, 2021, Canadian Solar filed a submission on the public interest pursuant to Commission Rule 210.50(a)(4) (19 CFR 210.50(a)(4)). The Commission did not receive a public interest submission from Solaria. The Commission also did not receive any submissions on the public interest from members of the public in response to the Commission’s **Federal Register** notice. 86 FR 62845–46 (Nov. 12, 2021).

On February 4, 2022, the Commission determined to review the FID in part and to remand the FID in part to the CALJ to address, in the first instance, Canadian Solar’s on-sale bar defenses as to the asserted claims of the ’333 patent. 87 FR 7867–70 (Feb. 10, 2022).

On February 18, 2022, Solaria and Canadian Solar each filed initial briefs on the issues under review, as well as the issues of remedy, the public interest, and bonding. On March 4, 2022, Solaria and Canadian Solar each filed reply briefs.

On March 4, 2022, the CALJ issued a remand initial determination (“RID”) finding that Canadian Solar failed to show, by clear and convincing evidence,

that the asserted claims of the ’333 patent are anticipated under the on-sale bar of 35 U.S.C. 102.

On March 16, 2022, Canadian Solar filed a petition for review of the RID. On March 23, 2022, Solaria filed a response to Canadian Solar’s petition. On April 20, 2022, the Commission determined to extend the deadline for determining whether to review the RID until June 6, 2022.

On June 3, 2022, the parties filed a joint motion to terminate the investigation based on settlement.

The Commission has determined to grant the joint motion to terminate the investigation. The Commission finds that, consistent with Commission Rule 210.21(b)(1) (19 CFR 210.21(b)(1)), the Moving Parties attached a copy of the signed settlement and license agreement between the parties (the “Settlement Agreement”) as Exhibit A, with a redacted version of the Settlement Agreement attached as Exhibit B. The Moving Parties submit that the Settlement Agreement resolves all of the issues in dispute in this Investigation. Mot. at 1–2. In further compliance with Commission Rule 210.21(b)(1), the Motion contains a statement that “there are no other agreements, written or oral, express or implied, between the Private Parties concerning the subject matter of this Investigation.” Mot. at 2. The Commission finds that termination of this investigation by settlement will not adversely affect the public interest. See 19 CFR 210.50(b)(2).

This investigation is hereby terminated.

The Commission vote for this determination took place on June 6, 2022.

The authority for the Commission’s determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in Part 210 of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR part 210).

By order of the Commission.

Issued: June 6, 2022.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2022–12451 Filed 6–8–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Proposed Consent Decree Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

On June 3, 2022, the Department of Justice lodged a proposed consent

decree with the United States District Court for the District of Delaware in the lawsuit entitled *United States and the State of Delaware v. Hercules LLC, et al.*, Civil Action No. 1:22–cv–00731–UNA.

The United States and the State of Delaware filed this lawsuit under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA). The complaint names 22 companies as defendants in connection with the alleged releases of hazardous substances at the Delaware Sand and Gravel Superfund Site (the “Site”) in New Castle, Delaware. Under the consent decree, a group of defendants will perform the remedial action that EPA selected for the Site at an estimated cost of \$46.1 million. The defendants will also pay all EPA future response costs after the first \$800,000, which is the amount of a credit allowed defendants consistent with EPA’s Orphan Share Policy, which reflects the fact that some otherwise liable parties at the Site are now defunct. In return, the United States and Delaware agree not to sue the defendants under sections 106 and 107 of CERCLA or under section 7003 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

The publication of this notice opens a period for public comment on the consent decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and should refer to *United States and the State of Delaware v. Hercules LLC, et al.*, D.J. Ref. No. 90–11–2–298/1. All comments must be submitted no later than thirty (30) days after the publication date of this notice. Comments may be submitted either by email or by mail:

<i>To submit comments:</i>	<i>Send them to:</i>
By email	pubcomment-ees.enrd@usdoj.gov
By mail	Assistant Attorney General, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

Under section 7003(d) of RCRA, a commenter may request an opportunity for a public meeting in the affected area.

During the public comment period, the consent decree may be examined and downloaded at this Justice Department website: <https://www.justice.gov/enrd/consent-decrees>. We will provide a paper copy of the consent decree without the exhibits upon written request and payment of reproduction costs. Please mail your request and payment to: Consent Decree Library, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

Please enclose a check or money order for \$18.25 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the United States Treasury.

Jeffrey Sands,

Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 2022-12404 Filed 6-8-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-15-P

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

[NARA-22-0012; NARA-2022-053]

Records Schedules; Availability and Request for Comments

AGENCY: National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

ACTION: Notice of availability of proposed records schedules; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) publishes notice of certain Federal agency requests for records disposition authority (records schedules). We publish notice in the **Federal Register** and on *regulations.gov* for records schedules in which agencies propose to dispose of records they no longer need to conduct agency business. We invite public comments on such records schedules.

DATES: We must receive responses on the schedules listed in this notice by June 8, 2022.

ADDRESSES: To view a records schedule in this notice, or submit a comment on one, use the following address: <https://www.regulations.gov/docket/NARA-22-0012/document>. This is a direct link to the schedules posted in the docket for this notice on *regulations.gov*. You may submit comments by the following method:

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:** <http://www.regulations.gov>. On the website, enter either of the numbers cited at the top of this notice into the search field. This will bring you to the docket for this notice, in which we have posted the records schedules open for comment. Each schedule has a 'comment' button so you can comment on that specific schedule. For more information on *regulations.gov* and on submitting comments, see their FAQs at <https://www.regulations.gov/faq>.

Due to COVID-19 building closures, we are currently temporarily not accepting comments by mail. However, if you are unable to comment via *regulations.gov*, you may contact

request.schedule@nara.gov for instructions on submitting your comment. You must cite the control number of the schedule you wish to comment on. You can find the control number for each schedule in parentheses at the end of each schedule's entry in the list at the end of this notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kimberly Richardson, Regulatory and External Policy Program Manager, by email at regulation_comments@nara.gov. For information about records schedules, contact Records Management Operations by email at request.schedule@nara.gov or by phone at 301-837-1799.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Public Comment Procedures

We are publishing notice of records schedules in which agencies propose to dispose of records they no longer need to conduct agency business. We invite public comments on these records schedules, as required by 44 U.S.C. 3303a(a), and list the schedules at the end of this notice by agency and subdivision requesting disposition authority.

In addition, this notice lists the organizational unit(s) accumulating the records or states that the schedule has agency-wide applicability. It also provides the control number assigned to each schedule, which you will need if you submit comments on that schedule. We have uploaded the records schedules and accompanying appraisal memoranda to the *regulations.gov* docket for this notice as "other" documents. Each records schedule contains a full description of the records at the file unit level as well as their proposed disposition. The appraisal memorandum for the schedule includes information about the records.

We will post comments, including any personal information and attachments, to the public docket unchanged. Because comments are public, you are responsible for ensuring that you do not include any confidential or other information that you or a third party may not wish to be publicly posted. If you want to submit a comment with confidential information or cannot otherwise use the *regulations.gov* portal, you may contact request.schedule@nara.gov for instructions on submitting your comment.

We will consider all comments submitted by the posted deadline and consult as needed with the Federal agency seeking the disposition authority. After considering comments,

we will post on *regulations.gov* a "Consolidated Reply" summarizing the comments, responding to them, and noting any changes we have made to the proposed records schedule. We will then send the schedule for final approval by the Archivist of the United States. You may elect at *regulations.gov* to receive updates on the docket, including an alert when we post the Consolidated Reply, whether or not you submit a comment. If you have a question, you can submit it as a comment, and can also submit any concerns or comments you would have to a possible response to the question. We will address these items in consolidated replies along with any other comments submitted on that schedule.

We will post schedules on our website in the Records Control Schedule (RCS) Repository, at <https://www.archives.gov/records-mgmt/rcs>, after the Archivist approves them. The RCS contains all schedules approved since 1973.

Background

Each year, Federal agencies create billions of records. To control this accumulation, agency records managers prepare schedules proposing retention periods for records and submit these schedules for NARA's approval. Once approved by NARA, records schedules provide mandatory instructions on what happens to records when no longer needed for current Government business. The records schedules authorize agencies to preserve records of continuing value in the National Archives or to destroy, after a specified period, records lacking continuing administrative, legal, research, or other value. Some schedules are comprehensive and cover all the records of an agency or one of its major subdivisions. Most schedules, however, cover records of only one office or program or a few series of records. Many of these update previously approved schedules, and some include records proposed as permanent.

Agencies may not destroy Federal records without the approval of the Archivist of the United States. The Archivist grants this approval only after thorough consideration of the records' administrative use by the agency of origin, the rights of the Government and of private people directly affected by the Government's activities, and whether or not the records have historical or other value. Public review and comment on these records schedules is part of the Archivist's consideration process.