

# Rules and Regulations

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## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

#### 7 CFR Part 301

[Docket No. APHIS-2009-0036]

#### Karnal Bunt; Regulated Areas

##### Correction

In rule document E9-13051 beginning on page 26774 in the issue of Thursday, June 4, 2009, make the following correction:

##### § 301.89-3 [Corrected]

On page 26776, in §301.890-3(g), in the third column, in the tenth line from the bottom of the page, “-1114.687198” should read “-114.687198”

[FR Doc. Z9-13051 Filed 6-9-09; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1505-01-D

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

#### 10 CFR Part 72

RIN 3150-AI62

[NRC-2009-0162]

#### List of Approved Spent Fuel Storage Casks: Standardized NUHOMS® System Revision 10

**AGENCY:** Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

**ACTION:** Direct final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is amending its spent fuel storage regulations by revising the Transnuclear, Inc. (TN), Standardized NUHOMS® System listing within the “List of Approved Spent Fuel Storage Casks” to include Amendment No. 10 to Certificate of Compliance (CoC) Number 1004. Amendment No. 10 will modify the cask design to add a dry

shielded canister (DSC) designated the NUHOMS®-61BTH DSC, add a dry shielded canister designated the NUHOMS®-32PTH1 DSC, add an alternate high-seismic option of the horizontal storage module (HSM) for storing the 32PTH1 DSC, allow storage of Westinghouse 15X15 Partial Length Shield Assemblies in the NUHOMS®-24PTH DSC, allow storage of control components in the NUHOMS®-32PT DSC, and add a new Technical Specification, which applies to Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation sites located in a coastal marine environment, that any load bearing carbon steel component which is part of the HSM must contain at least 0.20 percent copper as an alloy addition.

**DATES:** The final rule is effective August 24, 2009, unless significant adverse comments are received by July 10, 2009. A significant adverse comment is a comment where the commenter explains why the rule would be inappropriate, including challenges to the rule’s underlying premise or approach, or would be ineffective or unacceptably without a change. If the rule is withdrawn, timely notice will be published in the **Federal Register**.

**ADDRESSES:** You can access publicly available documents related to this document using the following methods:

*Federal e-Rulemaking Portal:* Go to <http://www.regulations.gov> and search for documents filed under Docket ID [NRC-2009-0162]. Address questions about NRC dockets to Carol Gallagher 301-492-3668; e-mail [Carol.Gallagher@nrc.gov](mailto:Carol.Gallagher@nrc.gov).

*NRC’s Public Document Room (PDR):* The public may examine and have copied for a fee publicly available documents at the NRC’s PDR, Public File Area O-1F21, One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland.

*NRC’s Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS):* Publicly available documents created or received at the NRC are available electronically at the NRC’s Electronic Reading Room at <http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/adams.html>. From this page, the public can gain entry into ADAMS, which provides text and image files of NRC’s public documents. If you do not have access to ADAMS or if there are problems in accessing the documents located in ADAMS, contact the NRC’s

PDR Reference staff at 1-800-397-4209, 301-415-4737, or by e-mail to [pdr.resource@nrc.gov](mailto:pdr.resource@nrc.gov). An electronic copy of the CoC, technical specifications (TS), and preliminary safety evaluation report (SER) can be found under ADAMS Package Number ML090400180.

CoC No. 1004, the TS, the preliminary SER, and the environmental assessment are available for inspection at the NRC PDR, Public File Area O-1F21, One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, MD. Single copies of these documents may be obtained from Jayne M. McCausland, Office of Federal and State Materials and Environmental Management Programs, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, telephone (301) 415-6219, e-mail [Jayne.McCausland@nrc.gov](mailto:Jayne.McCausland@nrc.gov).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Jayne M. McCausland, Office of Federal and State Materials and Environmental Management Programs, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, telephone (301) 415-6219, e-mail [Jayne.McCausland@nrc.gov](mailto:Jayne.McCausland@nrc.gov).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

Section 218(a) of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, as amended (NWPA), requires that “[t]he Secretary [of the Department of Energy (DOE)] shall establish a demonstration program, in cooperation with the private sector, for the dry storage of spent nuclear fuel at civilian nuclear power reactor sites, with the objective of establishing one or more technologies that the [Nuclear Regulatory] Commission may, by rule, approve for use at the sites of civilian nuclear power reactors without, to the maximum extent practicable, the need for additional site-specific approvals by the Commission.” Section 133 of the NWPA states, in part, that “[t]he Commission shall, by rule, establish procedures for the licensing of any technology approved by the Commission under Section 218(a) for use at the site of any civilian nuclear power reactor.”

To implement this mandate, the NRC approved dry storage of spent nuclear fuel in NRC-approved casks under a general license by publishing a final rule in 10 CFR Part 72, which added a new Subpart K within 10 CFR Part 72,

entitled "General License for Storage of Spent Fuel at Power Reactor Sites" (55 FR 29181; July 18, 1990). This rule also established a new Subpart L within 10 CFR Part 72, entitled "Approval of Spent Fuel Storage Casks," which contains procedures and criteria for obtaining NRC approval of spent fuel storage cask designs. The NRC subsequently issued a final rule on December 22, 1994 (59 FR 65898), that approved the Standardized NUHOMS® System cask design and added it to the list of NRC-approved cask designs in 10 CFR 72.214 as CoC No. 1004.

### Discussion

On January 12, 2007, and as supplemented on February 21, March 15, July 3, and November 7, 2007; January 18, May 23, June 25, July 28, and October 8, 2008, the certificate holder (TN) submitted an application to the NRC that requested an amendment to CoC No. 1004. Specifically, TN requested modifications to the cask design to add a DSC designated the NUHOMS®-61BTH DSC, add a dry shielded canister designated the NUHOMS®-32PTH1 DSC, add an alternate high-seismic option of the HSM for storing the 32PTH1 DSC, allow storage of Westinghouse 15X15 Partial Length Shield Assemblies in the NUHOMS®-24PTH DSC, allow storage of control components in the NUHOMS®-32PT DSC, and add a new TS, which applies to Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI) sites located in a coastal marine environment, that any load bearing carbon steel component which is part of the HSM must contain at least 0.20 percent copper as an alloy addition. As documented in the SER, the NRC staff performed a detailed safety evaluation of the proposed CoC amendment request and found that an acceptable safety margin is maintained. In addition, the NRC staff has determined that there continues to be reasonable assurance that public health and safety and the environment will be adequately protected.

This direct final rule revises the Standardized NUHOMS® System listing in 10 CFR 72.214 by adding Amendment No. 10 to CoC No. 1004. The amendment consists of the changes described above, as set forth in the revised CoC and TS. The particular TS which are changed are identified in the SER.

The amended Standardized NUHOMS® System cask design, when used under the conditions specified in the CoC, the TS, and NRC regulations, will meet the requirements of Part 72; thus, adequate protection of public

health and safety will continue to be ensured. When this direct final rule becomes effective, persons who hold a general license under 10 CFR 72.210 may load spent nuclear fuel into Standardized NUHOMS® System casks that meet the criteria of Amendment No. 10 to CoC No. 1004 under 10 CFR 72.212.

### Discussion of Amendments by Section

Section 72.214. List of approved spent fuel storage casks.

Certificate of Compliance No. 1004 is revised by adding the effective date of Amendment No. 10.

### Procedural Background

This rule is limited to the changes contained in Amendment No. 10 to CoC No. 1004 and does not include other aspects of the Standardized NUHOMSsup® System. The NRC is using the "direct final rule procedure" to issue this amendment because it represents a limited and routine change to an existing CoC that is expected to be noncontroversial. Adequate protection of public health and safety continues to be ensured. The amendment to the rule will become effective on August 24, 2009. However, if the NRC receives any significant adverse comments on this direct final rule by July 10, 2009, then the NRC will publish a document that withdraws this action and will subsequently address any comment received in a final rule as a response to the companion proposed rule published elsewhere in this issue of the **Federal Register**. Absent significant modifications to the proposed revisions requiring republication, the NRC will not initiate a second comment period on this action.

A significant adverse comment is a comment where the commenter explains why the rule would be inappropriate, including challenges to the rule's underlying premise or approach, or would be ineffective or unacceptable without a change. A comment is adverse and significant if:

(1) The comment opposes the rule and provides a reason sufficient to require a substantive response in a notice-and-comment process. For example, a substantive response is required when:

(a) The comment causes the NRC staff to reevaluate (or reconsider) its position or conduct additional analysis;

(b) The comment raises an issue serious enough to warrant a substantive response to clarify or complete the record; or

(c) The comment raises a relevant issue that was not previously addressed or considered by the NRC staff.

(2) The comment proposes a change or an addition to the rule, and it is apparent that the rule would be ineffective or unacceptable without incorporation of the change or addition.

(3) The comment causes the NRC staff to make a change (other than editorial) to the rule, CoC, or TS.

### Voluntary Consensus Standards

The National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-113) requires that Federal agencies use technical standards that are developed or adopted by voluntary consensus standards bodies unless the use of such a standard is inconsistent with applicable law or otherwise impractical. In this direct final rule, the NRC will revise the Standardized NUHOMS® System cask design listed in § 72.214 (List of NRC-approved spent fuel storage cask designs). This action does not constitute the establishment of a standard that contains generally applicable requirements.

### Agreement State Compatibility

Under the "Policy Statement on Adequacy and Compatibility of Agreement State Programs" approved by the Commission on June 30, 1997, and published in the **Federal Register** on September 3, 1997 (62 FR 46517), this rule is classified as Compatibility Category "NRC." Compatibility is not required for Category "NRC" regulations. The NRC program elements in this category are those that relate directly to areas of regulation reserved to the NRC by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (AEA), or the provisions of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Although an Agreement State may not adopt program elements reserved to NRC, it may wish to inform its licensees of certain requirements via a mechanism that is consistent with the particular State's administrative procedure laws but does not confer regulatory authority on the State.

### Plain Language

The Presidential Memorandum, "Plain Language in Government Writing," published June 10, 1998 (63 FR 31883), directed that the Government's documents be in clear and accessible language. The NRC requests comments on this direct final rule specifically with respect to the clarity and effectiveness of the language used. Comments should be sent to the address listed under the heading **ADDRESSES**, above.

### **Finding of No Significant Environmental Impact: Availability**

Under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, and the NRC regulations in Subpart A of 10 CFR Part 51, the NRC has determined that this rule, if adopted, would not be a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment and therefore, an environmental impact statement is not required. The NRC has prepared an environmental assessment and, on the basis of this environmental assessment, has made a finding of no significant impact. This rule will amend the CoC for the Standardized NUHOMS® System cask design within the list of approved spent fuel storage casks that power reactor licensees can use to store spent fuel at reactor sites under a general license.

The amendment will add a dry shielded canister designated the NUHOMS®-61BTH DSC, add a dry shielded canister designated the NUHOMS®-32PTH1 DSC, add an alternate high-seismic option of the HSM for storing the 32PTH1 DSC, allow storage of Westinghouse 15X15 Partial Length Shield Assemblies in the NUHOMS®-24PTH DSC, allow storage of control components in the NUHOMS®-32PT DSC, and add a new TS, which applies to ISFSI sites located in a coastal marine environment, that any load bearing carbon steel component which is part of the HSM must contain at least 0.20 percent copper as an alloy addition.

The environmental assessment and finding of no significant impact on which this determination is based are available for inspection at the NRC Public Document Room, Public File Area O-1F21, One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, MD. Single copies of the environmental assessment and finding of no significant impact are available from Jayne M. McCausland, Office of Federal and State Materials and Environmental Management Programs, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, telephone (301) 415-6219, e-mail [Jayne.McCausland@nrc.gov](mailto:Jayne.McCausland@nrc.gov).

### **Paperwork Reduction Act Statement**

This direct final rule does not contain a new or amended information collection requirement subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*). Existing requirements were approved by the Office of Management and Budget, Approval Number 3150-0132.

### **Public Protection Notification**

The NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a request for information or an information collection requirement unless the requesting document displays a currently valid OMB control number.

### **Regulatory Analysis**

On July 18, 1990 (55 FR 29181), the NRC issued an amendment to 10 CFR Part 72 to provide for the storage of spent nuclear fuel under a general license in cask designs approved by the NRC. Any nuclear power reactor licensee can use NRC-approved cask designs to store spent nuclear fuel if it notifies the NRC in advance, the spent fuel is stored under the conditions specified in the cask's CoC, and the conditions of the general license are met. A list of NRC-approved cask designs is contained in 10 CFR 72.214. On December 22, 1994 (59 FR 65898), the NRC issued an amendment to Part 72 that approved the Standardized NUHOMS® System cask design by adding it to the list of NRC-approved cask designs in 10 CFR 72.214. On January 12, 2007, and as supplemented on February 21, March 15, July 3, and November 7, 2007; January 18, May 23, June 25, July 28, and October 8, 2008, the certificate holder (TN) submitted an application to the NRC to amend CoC No. 1004 to add a dry shielded canister designated the NUHOMS®-61BTH DSC, add a dry shielded canister designated the NUHOMS®-32PTH1 DSC, add an alternate high-seismic option of the HSM for storing the 32PTH1 DSC, allow storage of Westinghouse 15X15 Partial Length Shield Assemblies in the NUHOMS®-24PTH DSC, allow storage of control components in the NUHOMS®-32PT DSC, and add a new TS, which applies to ISFSI sites located in a coastal marine environment, that any load bearing carbon steel component which is part of the HSM must contain at least 0.20 percent copper as an alloy addition.

The alternative to this action is to withhold approval of Amendment No. 10 and to require any Part 72 general licensee, seeking to load fuel into Standardized NUHOMS® System casks under the changes described in Amendment No. 10, to request an exemption from the requirements of 10 CFR 72.212 and 72.214. Under this alternative, each interested Part 72 licensee would have to prepare, and the NRC would have to review, a separate exemption request, thereby increasing the administrative burden upon the NRC and the costs to each licensee.

Approval of the direct final rule is consistent with previous NRC actions. Further, as documented in the SER and the environmental assessment, the direct final rule will have no adverse effect on public health and safety. This direct final rule has no significant identifiable impact or benefit on other Government agencies. Based on this regulatory analysis, the NRC concludes that the requirements of the direct final rule are commensurate with the NRC's responsibilities for public health and safety and the common defense and security. No other available alternative is believed to be as satisfactory, and thus, this action is recommended.

### **Regulatory Flexibility Certification**

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 (5 U.S.C. 605(b)), the NRC certifies that this rule will not, if issued, have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This direct final rule affects only nuclear power plant licensees and TN. These entities do not fall within the scope of the definition of "small entities" set forth in the Regulatory Flexibility Act or the size standards established by the NRC (10 CFR 2.810).

### **Backfit Analysis**

The NRC has determined that the backfit rule (10 CFR 72.62) does not apply to this direct final rule because this amendment does not involve any provisions that would impose backfits as defined in 10 CFR Chapter I. Therefore, a backfit analysis is not required.

### **Congressional Review Act**

Under the Congressional Review Act of 1996, the NRC has determined that this action is not a major rule and has verified this determination with the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget.

### **List of Subjects in 10 CFR Part 72**

Administrative practice and procedure, Hazardous Waste, Nuclear materials, Occupational safety and health, Radiation protection, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Spent fuel, Whistleblowing.

■ For the reasons set out in the preamble and under the authority of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended; the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended; the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, as amended; and 5 U.S.C. 552 and 553; the NRC is adopting the following amendments to 10 CFR Part 72.

**PART 72—LICENSING  
REQUIREMENTS FOR THE  
INDEPENDENT STORAGE OF SPENT  
NUCLEAR FUEL, HIGH-LEVEL  
RADIOACTIVE WASTE, AND  
REACTOR-RELATED GREATER THAN  
CLASS C WASTE**

■ 1. The authority citation for Part 72 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Secs. 51, 53, 57, 62, 63, 65, 69, 81, 161, 182, 183, 184, 186, 187, 189, 68 Stat. 929, 930, 932, 933, 934, 935, 948, 953, 954, 955, as amended, sec. 234, 83 Stat. 444, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2071, 2073, 2077, 2092, 2093, 2095, 2099, 2111, 2201, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2282); sec. 274, Pub. L. 86–373, 73 Stat. 688, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2021); sec. 201, as amended, 202, 206, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended, 1244, 1246 (42 U.S.C. 5841, 5842, 5846); Pub. L. 95–601, sec. 10, 92 Stat. 2951 as amended by Pub. L. 102–486, sec. 7902, 106 Stat. 3123 (42 U.S.C. 5851); sec. 102, Pub. L. 91–190, 83 Stat. 853 (42 U.S.C. 4332); secs. 131, 132, 133, 135, 137, 141, Pub. L. 97–425, 96 Stat. 2229, 2230, 2232, 2241, sec. 148, Pub. L. 100–203, 101 Stat. 1330–235 (42 U.S.C. 10151, 10152, 10153, 10155, 10157, 10161, 10168); sec. 1704, 112 Stat. 2750 (44 U.S.C. 3504 note); sec. 651(e), Pub. L. 109–58, 119 Stat. 806–10 (42 U.S.C. 2014, 2021, 2021b, 2111).

Section 72.44(g) also issued under secs. 142(b) and 148(c), (d), Pub. L. 100–203, 101 Stat. 1330–232, 1330–236 (42 U.S.C. 10162(b), 10168(c), (d)). Section 72.46 also issued under sec. 189, 68 Stat. 955 (42 U.S.C. 2239); sec. 134, Pub. L. 97–425, 96 Stat. 2230 (42 U.S.C. 10154). Section 72.96(d) also issued under sec. 145(g), Pub. L. 100–203, 101 Stat. 1330–235 (42 U.S.C. 10165(g)). Subpart J also issued under secs. 2(2), 2(15), 2(19), 117(a), 141(h), Pub. L. 97–425, 96 Stat. 2202, 2203, 2204, 2222, 2244 (42 U.S.C. 10101, 10137(a), 10161(h)). Subparts K and L are also issued under sec. 133, 98 Stat. 2230 (42 U.S.C. 10153) and sec. 218(a), 96 Stat. 2252 (42 U.S.C. 10198).

■ 2. In § 72.214, Certificate of Compliance 1004 is revised to read as follows:

**§ 72.214 List of approved spent fuel storage casks.**

\* \* \* \* \*

*Certificate Number:* 1004.

*Initial Certificate Effective Date:*  
January 23, 1995.

*Amendment Number 1 Effective Date:*  
April 27, 2000.

*Amendment Number 2 Effective Date:*  
September 5, 2000.

*Amendment Number 3 Effective Date:*  
September 12, 2001.

*Amendment Number 4 Effective Date:*  
February 12, 2002.

*Amendment Number 5 Effective Date:*  
January 7, 2004.

*Amendment Number 6 Effective Date:*  
December 22, 2003.

*Amendment Number 7 Effective Date:*  
March 2, 2004.

*Amendment Number 8 Effective Date:*  
December 5, 2005.

*Amendment Number 9 Effective Date:*  
April 17, 2007.

*Amendment Number 10 Effective Date:*  
August 24, 2009.

*SAR Submitted by:* Transnuclear, Inc.

*SAR Title:* Final Safety Analysis Report for the Standardized NUHOMS® Horizontal Modular Storage System for Irradiated Nuclear Fuel.

*Docket Number:* 72–1004.

*Certificate Expiration Date:* January 23, 2015.

*Model Number:* NUHOMS®–24P, –24PHB, –24PTH, –32PT, –32PTH1, –52B, –61BT, and –61BTH.

\* \* \* \* \*

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 28th day of May, 2009.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

**R.W. Borchardt,**

*Executive Director for Operations.*

[FR Doc. E9–13579 Filed 6–9–09; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7590–01–P**

**SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION**

**13 CFR Part 120**

**American Recovery and Reinvestment Act: America's Recovery Capital (Business Stabilization) Loan Program**

**AGENCY:** U.S. Small Business Administration.

**ACTION:** Notice of ARC loan program interest rate.

**SUMMARY:** SBA has published an interim final rule implementing section 506 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. The rule establishes a temporary program to guarantee loans to viable small business concerns that have a qualifying small business loan, and are experiencing immediate financial hardship. Loans made under this program, referred to as “America’s Recovery Capital Loan Program” (ARC Loan Program) can be used to make principal and interest payments on existing qualifying small business loans. ARC Loans are interest free to the borrower with SBA making the interest payment on the loan to the lender. As part of the interim final rule, SBA provided that the interest rate would be published in the **Federal Register**. This notice establishes the initial interest rate for ARC Loans at prime plus two percentage points.

**DATES:** The interest rate is effective as of June 10, 2009.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Janet A. Tasker, Office of Capital Access, Small Business Administration,

409 Third Street, SW., Washington, DC 20410 or via e-mail at [ARCLoanprogram@sba.gov](mailto:ARCLoanprogram@sba.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**I. Background Information**

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (the Recovery Act), Public Law 111–5, 123 Stat. 115, was enacted on February 17, 2009, to, among other things, promote economic recovery by preserving and creating jobs, and assisting those most impacted by the severe economic conditions facing the nation. SBA is one of several agencies that will play a role in achieving these goals. SBA received funding and authority through the Recovery Act for several actions to help small business lending, including authority to establish a new temporary loan program to help troubled businesses.

SBA has published in the **Federal Register** an interim final rule establishing a temporary program to guarantee loans to viable small business concerns that have a qualifying small business loan, and are experiencing immediate financial hardship. Loans made under this program, referred to as “America’s Recovery Capital Loan Program” (ARC Loan Program) can be used to make principal and interest payments on existing qualifying small business loans. ARC Loans are interest free to the borrower with SBA making the interest payment on the loan to the lender. As part of the interim final rule, SBA provided that the interest rate for ARC Loans would be published in the **Federal Register**.

This notice establishes the interest rate for ARC Loans. SBA will pay SBA lenders a variable rate of interest on ARC Loans. The interest rate SBA will pay on an ARC Loan is the prime rate in effect on the first business day of the month, as printed in a national financial newspaper published each business day, plus two (2) percentage points.

The initial interest rate for ARC Loans will be based on the prime rate that was in effect as of the first business day of the month in which SBA received the loan application. The interest rate will be adjusted on the first business day of each month thereafter, using the prime rate in effect on such date.

Any future change to interest rates paid by SBA on ARC Loans will be published in the **Federal Register**.

**Eric Zarnikow,**

*Associate Administrator, Office of Capital Access.*

[FR Doc. E9–13687 Filed 6–8–09; 4:15 pm]

**BILLING CODE 8025–01–P**