

may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period May 2, 2000.

A copy of the application and the accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at each of the following locations:

Office of the Port Director, U.S. Customs Service-Knoxville, 3286 Northpark Blvd., Alcoa, TN 37701

Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 4008, 14th Street & Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230-0002

Dated: February 10, 2000.

Dennis Puccinelli,

Acting Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00-3847 Filed 2-16-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 1071]

Grant of Authority; Establishment of a Foreign-Trade Zone Martinsburg (Berkeley County), West Virginia

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, the Foreign-Trade Zones Act provides for “* * * the establishment * * * of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes,” and authorizes the Foreign-Trade Zones Board to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

Whereas, the West Virginia Economic Development Authority (the Grantee), has made application to the Board (FTZ Docket 9-99, filed 2/19/99), requesting the establishment of a foreign-trade zone in the Martinsburg (Berkeley County), West Virginia area, adjacent to the Front Royal, Virginia, Customs port of entry;

Whereas, notice inviting public comment has been given in the **Federal Register** (64 FR 9473, 2/26/99); and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations are satisfied, and that approval of the application is in the public interest;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby grants to the Grantee the privilege of establishing a foreign-trade zone, designated on the records of the Board

as Foreign-Trade Zone No. 240, at the site described in the application, subject to the Act and the Board's regulations, including Section 400.28.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 7th day of February 2000.

Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

William M. Daley,

Secretary of Commerce, Chairman and Executive Officer.

Attest:

Dennis Puccinelli,

Acting Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00-3848 Filed 2-16-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[(A-538-802)(A-570-003)(C-535-001)]

Continuation of Antidumping Duty Orders and Countervailing Duty Order: Cotton Shop Towels From Bangladesh, the People's Republic of China, and Pakistan

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of continuation of antidumping duty orders and countervailing duty order: cotton shop towels from Bangladesh, the People's Republic of China, and Pakistan.

SUMMARY: On August 5, 1999, the Department of Commerce (“the Department”), pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (“the Act”), determined that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on cotton shop towels from Bangladesh and the People's Republic of China (“China”), and of the countervailing duty order on cotton shop towels from Pakistan, is likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping or a countervailing subsidy (64 FR 42658, 42656, 42672, respectively). On February 3, 2000, the International Trade Commission (“the Commission”), pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, determined that revocation of these antidumping and countervailing duty orders on cotton shop towels would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time (65 FR 5369). Therefore, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.218(e)(4), the Department is publishing notice of the continuation of the antidumping duty orders on cotton shop towels from Bangladesh and China, and of the countervailing duty

order on cotton shop towels from Pakistan.

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 17, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Martha V. Douthit or Melissa G.

Skinner, Office of Policy for Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482-5050 or (202) 482-1560, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Background

On January 4, 1999, the Department initiated, and the Commission instituted, sunset reviews (64 FR 364 and 64 FR 371, respectively) of the antidumping duty orders on cotton shop towels from Bangladesh and China, and of the countervailing duty order on cotton shop towels from Pakistan, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act. As a result of its reviews, the Department found that revocation of the antidumping duty orders would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and notified the Commission of the magnitude of the margin likely to prevail were the orders to be revoked (*see Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review: Cotton Shop Towels From Bangladesh*, August 5, 1999 (64 FR 42658) and *Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review: Cotton Shop Towels From the People's Republic of China*, August 5, 1999 (64 FR 42656)). Additionally, the Department determined that revocation of the countervailing duty order would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of a countervailing subsidy and notified the Commission of the net countervailable subsidy likely to prevail were the order revoked (*see Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review: Cotton Shop Towels From Pakistan*, August 5, 1999 (64 FR 42672)).

On February 3, 2000, the Commission determined, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on cotton shop towels from Bangladesh, China, and of the countervailing duty order on cotton shop towels from Pakistan, would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time (*see Cotton Shop Towels From Bangladesh, China, and Pakistan*, 65 FR 5369 (February 3, 2000) and USITC Pub. 3267, Investigation Nos. 701-TA-202 (Review) and 731-TA-103 and 514 (Review) (January 2000)).