

general populations and specifically those at highest risk of stroke events, and reduce disparities in access to quality care for high burden populations.

When Congress directed CDC to establish the Paul Coverdell National Acute Stroke Program (PCNASP) in 2001, CDC intended to monitor trends in stroke and stroke care, with the ultimate mission of improving the quality of care for stroke patients in the United States. Since 2021, CDC has funded and provided technical assistance to 13 recipients to develop comprehensive stroke systems of care. A comprehensive system of care improves quality of care by creating seamless transitions for individuals experiencing stroke. In such a system, pre-hospital providers, in-hospital providers, and early post-hospital providers coordinate patient hand-offs and ensure continuity of care. While PCNASP has existed since 2001, the goal and mission of the program has evolved with each funding cycle. The 2021–2024 funding cycle is the first such initiative to focus on addressing health equity specifically and understanding efforts to impact stroke outcomes for those at highest risk of stroke. CDC contracted with RTI International to conduct a national

evaluation to assess program implementation as well as short term and intermediate outcomes of the 13 funded recipients.

CDC and RTI International propose to collect information from all PCNASP recipients to gain insight into the effectiveness of implementation approaches, including linking and using data, using team-based approaches to coordinate stroke care, and providing community resources in order to reach the general population and those at highest risk of stroke events, and reduce disparities in access to quality care for high burden populations. The information collection will focus on describing PCNASP specific contributions to effective state-based stroke systems of care and the costs associated with this work. Two components of the information collection include: (1) program implementation cost data collection from program recipients using a cost collection tool; and (2) interviews using Zoom, Skype, Teams or a similar technology with key program and partner staff. Cost data collection will focus on recipients' cumulative spending to support PCNASP activities, spending by reporting period, and spending associated with specific

PCNASP strategies related to building comprehensive state-wide stroke systems of care and strategies focusing on high-risk populations. Interview questions will focus on how each recipient implemented its strategies to increase access to and quality of healthcare overall as well as for patients at highest risk of stroke events. The data collection will identify challenges encountered and how they were overcome, factors that facilitated implementation, lessons learned along the way, and observed outcomes and improvements. The information to be collected does not currently exist for large scale, statewide programs that employ multiple combinations of strategies to build comprehensive stroke systems of care. The insights to be gained from this data collection will be critical to improving immediate efforts and achieving the goals of spreading and replicating state-level strategies that are proven programmatically and are cost-effective in contributing to a higher quality of care for stroke patients.

OMB approval is requested for two years. The total estimated annualized burden hours are 117. There are no costs to the respondents other than their time to participate.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
Program Manager	Cost Collection Tool	13	1	2
Program Director	Interviews using Zoom, Skype, Teams	13	1	1
Quality Improvement Specialist	Interviews using Zoom, Skype, Teams	13	1	1
Partner Staff	Interviews using Zoom, Skype, Teams	52	1	1

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day–23–23AQ; Docket No. CDC–2022–0129]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a proposed information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled Understanding HIV/STD Risk and Enhancing PrEP Implementation Messaging in a Diverse Community-Based Sample of Gay, Bisexual, and Other Men Who Have Sex with Men in a Transformational Era (MIC–DROP). This project is a prospective cohort study to understand men who have sex with men's (MSM) strategies to prevent HIV and sexually

transmitted infections (STIs), including pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) use and adherence, condom use, sexual risk-taking behavior and substance-using behaviors.

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before January 17, 2023.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC–2022–0129 by either of the following methods:

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:** www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- **Mail:** Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without

change, all relevant comments to www.regulations.gov.

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (www.regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21-8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; Telephone: 404-639-7118; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;
4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submissions of responses; and
5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Understanding HIV/STD Risk and Enhancing PrEP Implementation Messaging in a Diverse Community-

Based Sample of Gay, Bisexual, and Other Men Who Have Sex with Men in a Transformational Era (MIC-DROP)—New—National Center for HIV, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHHSTP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

The National Center for HIV, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHHSTP) is requesting approval for 36 months of data collection entitled Understanding HIV/STD Risk and Enhancing PrEP Implementation Messaging in a Diverse Community-Based Sample of Gay, Bisexual, and Other Men Who Have Sex with Men in a Transformational Era (MIC-DROP). The purpose of this study is to enroll a prospective cohort of men who have sex with men (MSM) in Atlanta, Detroit, and San Diego to understand men's strategies to prevent HIV and other STIs including PrEP use and adherence, condom use, sexual risk-taking behavior, and substance-using behaviors. This study also proposes to assess men's use and preferences for prevention modalities and assess men's awareness, knowledge, beliefs, and perceptions about HIV/STI prevention products.

The information collected in this study will be used to: (1) describe real-world HIV and STI prevention strategies including PrEP use and adherence and condom use; (2) better understand men's use, preferences, knowledge, and perceptions about prevention modalities; (3) develop rapid reports that will allow for summary recommendations concerning gaps in prevention protection; and (4) provide timely new information to public health programs and decision makers.

The study will be carried out in three cities, Atlanta, GA; Detroit, MI; and San Diego, CA. Participants will include 1275 HIV-negative men ages 18 and older. Participants will identify as cisgender male; report male at birth; report sex with a man in the last six months; live in or near Atlanta, Detroit, or San Diego; own a cell phone with data service; be willing to download a health-related app as part of the study; be able to provide two or more means of contact; be fluent in written/spoken English or Spanish; and not currently be enrolled in another HIV prevention clinical trial. We will use purposive sampling to ensure that 60% of participants will be PrEP users at baseline, and 40% will not be using PrEP. We will also oversample Black and Hispanic MSM to ensure that a minimum of 30% each are represented in the cohort sample. Participants will

be recruited using a combination of approaches including social media, referral, and in-person outreach.

Quantitative and qualitative assessments will be used to collect information from participants. A quarterly quantitative survey will assess use of prevention modalities, awareness, knowledge, beliefs, and perceptions about HIV/STI prevention products and prevention messages. The SMaRT app study management platform allows for scheduling, reminders, survey administration, and communication by email and text messaging. HIV and STI test results will allow the study team to assess HIV and STI risk throughout the study period. A subset of the participants will be invited to further participate in qualitative data collection activities including focus groups and in-depth interviews. The focus groups will assess the participants' awareness of PrEP messages, preferences for PrEP messages, and perceived impact/efficacy of HIV prevention and PrEP messages. The in-depth interviews will assess men's PrEP experiences, their preferences for PrEP and other HIV prevention products, and further explore their reactions to prevention messages.

The screening process is estimated to take five minutes to complete. We estimate that the contact information gathering and the SMaRT app installation will take five minutes each to complete. The quantitative assessment is estimated to take 45 minutes to complete and will be delivered quarterly for a total eight times over the two-year follow up period. Participants will be asked to collect specimens for both HIV and STI testing at six-month intervals for a total of four times over the two-year follow up period. The specimen kit for HIV testing will take approximately 15 minutes to complete. The specimen kit for STI testing will take approximately 30 minutes to complete. A subset of the 1,275 enrolled participants will be invited to participate in qualitative data activities: 270 participants will engage in a focus group that is estimated to take 90 minutes to complete, and 30 participants will be invited to participate in three in-depth interviews to be delivered at six-month intervals over the two-year follow up period. The interviews will take approximately 90 minutes to complete.

CDC requests OMB approval for an estimated 2,214 annual burden hours. There are no costs to the respondents other than their time to participate.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondent	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hr)	Total burden (in hr)
General Public—Adults	Eligibility Screener	850	1	5/60	68
General Public—Adults	Contact Information	425	1	5/60	34
General Public—Adults	SMaRT App Installation	425	1	5/60	34
General Public—Adults	Quantitative Survey	425	4	45/60	1,275
General Public—Adults	Sample Collection for HIV Test	425	2	15/60	213
General Public—Adults	Sample Collection for STI Test	425	2	30/60	425
General Public—Adults	Focus Group Guide	90	1	90/60	135
General Public—Adults	In-Depth interview Guide	10	2	90/60	30
Total	2,214

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day–23–0215; Docket No. CDC–2022–0131]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled the National Death Index (NDI). The goal of NDI and the services it provides allows NCHS to collect mortality data to support epidemiological research and to furnish mortality information to approved public health and medical investigators.

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before January 17, 2023.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC–2022–0131 by either of the following methods:

• **Federal eRulemaking Portal:**

www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

• **Mail:** Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without change, all relevant comments to www.regulations.gov.

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (www.regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; Telephone: 404–639–7570; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520), federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;

4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses; and

5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Application Form and Related Forms for the Operation of the National Death Index (NDI) (OMB Control No. 0920–0215, Exp. 3/31/2023)—Revision—National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

Section 306 of the Public Health Service (PHS) Act (42 U.S.C.), as amended, authorizes that the Secretary of Health and Human Services (DHHS), acting through NCHS, shall collect statistics on the extent and nature of illness and disability of the population of the United States. The National Death Index (NDI) is a database containing identifying death record information submitted annually to NCHS by all the jurisdiction (states and territories) vital statistics offices, beginning with deaths in 1979. Searches against the NDI file provide the jurisdictions and dates of