requirements of section 246 have been met.

A significant number of workers at the firm are age 50 or over and possess skills that are not easily transferable. Competitive conditions within the industry are adverse.

Conclusion

After careful review of the additional facts obtained on reconsideration, I conclude that increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with those produced at Tower Mills, Inc., Burlington, North Carolina, contributed importantly to the declines in sales or production and to the total or partial separation of workers at the subject firm. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

All workers of Tower Mills, Inc., Burlington, North Carolina, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after August 27, 2002 through January 31, 2006, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC this 17th day of February 2004.

Elliott S. Kushner,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 04–3914 Filed 2–23–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-52,705]

Trojan Steel Company, Charleston, West Virginia; Notice of Negative Determination on Reconsideration

On January 6, 2004, the Department issued an Affirmative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration for the workers and former workers of the subject firm. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on January 26, 2004 (69 FR 3606).

The Department initially denied TAA to workers of Trojan Steel Company, Charleston, West Virginia because the "upstream supplier" group eligibility requirement of section 222(b) of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, was not met. The "upstream supplier" requirement is fulfilled when the workers' firm (or subdivision) is a supplier to a firm that employed a group of workers who received a certification of eligibility to apply for trade

adjustment assistance benefits and such supply or production is related to the article that was the basis for such certification. The TAA certified firm must also constitute 20 percent of subject firm sales or the loss of business from this certified firm must contribute importantly to layoffs at the subject firm.

The workers of Trojan Steel Company, Charleston, West Virginia did not supply significant quantities of steel to the trade certified firm listed in the petition during the period under investigation.

In the request for reconsideration, the petitioner supplied an extended list of customers "from the last five years", alleging that an investigation of these additional customers would prove that the subject firm was eligible under secondary impact.

The Department reviewed all of these firms and found that none of the worker groups employed by these firms were certified for TAA.

Conclusion

After review of the application and investigative findings, I conclude that there has been no error or misinterpretation of the law or of the facts which would justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decision. Accordingly, the application is denied.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 4th day of February, 2004.

Elliott S. Kushner,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 04–3932 Filed 2–23–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-54,077]

Twin City Leather Company, Gloversville, New York; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, an investigation was initiated on January 26, 2004 in response to a petition filed by a representative of the Union of Needletrades, Industrial and Textile Employees on behalf of workers at Twin City Leather Company, Inc., Gloversville, New York.

The petitioning group of workers is covered by an earlier petition instituted on January 13, 2004 (TA–W–53,992) that is the subject of an ongoing investigation for which a determination

has not yet been issued. Further investigation in this case would duplicate efforts and serve no purpose; therefore the investigation under this petition has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 6th day of February, 2004.

Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 04–3925 Filed 2–23–04; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4510–30–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-54,008]

Unifine Dohler America, Monmouth Junction Facility, Monmouth Junction, New Jersey; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, an investigation was initiated on January 30, 2004 in response to a petition filed by a state official on behalf of workers of Unifine Dohler America, Monmouth Junction facility, Monmouth Junction, New Jersey. The worker at the subject facility was engaged in the distribution of food to airlines.

The petition regarding the investigation has been deemed invalid. In order to establish a valid worker group, there must be at least three full-time workers employed at some point during the period under investigation. Workers of the group subject to this investigation did not meet this threshold level of employment. Consequently, the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 2nd day of February, 2004.

Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 04-3926 Filed 2-23-04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-P