

customers. The survey revealed no imports of corrugated packaging by declining customers during the relevant period. The subject firm did not import corrugated packaging nor shift production to a foreign country during the relevant period.

The petitioner states that the affected workers lost their jobs as a direct result of a loss of customers in the textile and furniture industry. The petitioner alleges that customers of the subject firm which manufacture textile products and furniture decreased purchases of corrugated packaging from the subject firm because their business was in its turn negatively impacted by increased imports of textiles and furniture. As a result, several of the customers were certified eligible for TAA. Therefore, the petitioner concludes that because sales and production of corrugated packaging at the subject firm have been negatively impacted by the closure of other businesses in the area and by increasing presence of foreign imports of textile products and furniture on the market, workers of the subject firm should be eligible for TAA.

In order to establish import impact, the Department must consider imports that are like or directly competitive with those produced at the subject firm. The Department conducted a survey of the subject firm's major declining customer regarding their purchases of corrugated packaging. The survey revealed that the declining customers did not increase their imports of corrugated packaging during the relevant period.

Imports of textiles and furniture cannot be considered like or directly competitive with corrugated packaging produced by Georgia Pacific Corrugated Number 1, LLC, Ridgeway, Virginia and imports of textiles and furniture are not relevant in this investigation.

The fact that subject firm's customers were certified for TAA is relevant to this investigation if determining whether workers of the subject firm are eligible for TAA based on the secondary upstream supplier of trade certified primary firm impact. For certification on the basis of the workers' firm being a secondary upstream supplier, the subject firm must produce a component part of the article that was the basis for the customers' certification.

In this case, however, the subject firm does not act as an upstream supplier, because corrugated packaging does not form a component part of textile products and furniture. Thus the subject firm workers are not eligible under secondary impact.

Conclusion

After review of the application and investigative findings, I conclude that there has been no error or misinterpretation of the law or of the facts which would justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decision. Accordingly, the application is denied.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 20th day of June, 2007.

Elliott S. Kushner,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7-12518 Filed 6-27-07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-FN-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA-W) number and alternative trade adjustment assistance (ATAA) by (TA-W) number issued during the period of June 11 through June 15, 2007.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made for workers of a primary firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(a) of the Act must be met.

I. Section (a)(2)(A) all of the following must be satisfied:

A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

B. The sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely; and

C. Increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have contributed importantly to such workers' separation or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision; or

II. Section (a)(2)(B) both of the following must be satisfied:

A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm,

have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

B. There has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to a foreign country of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by such firm or subdivision; and

C. One of the following must be satisfied:

1. The country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles is a party to a free trade agreement with the United States;

2. The country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles to a beneficiary country under the Andean Trade Preference Act, African Growth and Opportunity Act, or the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act; or

3. There has been or is likely to be an increase in imports of articles that are like or directly competitive with articles which are or were produced by such firm or subdivision.

Also, in order for an affirmative determination to be made for secondarily affected workers of a firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of section 222(b) of the Act must be met.

(1) Significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm or an appropriate subdivision of the firm have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

(2) The workers' firm (or subdivision) is a supplier or downstream producer to a firm (or subdivision) that employed a group of workers who received a certification of eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance benefits and such supply or production is related to the article that was the basis for such certification; and

(3) Either—

(A) The workers' firm is a supplier and the component parts it supplied for the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) accounted for at least 20 percent of the production or sales of the workers' firm; or

(B) A loss or business by the workers' firm with the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) contributed importantly to the workers' separation or threat of separation.

In order for the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance to issued a certification of eligibility to apply for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance (ATAA) for older workers, the group eligibility requirements of

section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act must be met.

1. Whether a significant number of workers in the workers' firm are 50 years of age or older.

2. Whether the workers in the workers' firm possess skills that are not easily transferable.

3. The competitive conditions within the workers' industry (i.e., conditions within the industry are adverse).

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-61,489; *Lake Region Manufacturing, Chaska, MN: May 9, 2006*

TA-W-61,493; *AlSCO Industries, Inc., Dental Flossers Dept., ET Staffing, Express Personnel, Sturbridge, MA: May 9, 2006*

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(B) (shift in production) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-61,544; *Bodiform, Inc., a Division of Ballet Makers, Hialeah, FL: May 16, 2006*

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(b) (supplier to a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(b) (downstream producer for a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA based on increased imports from or a shift in production to Mexico or Canada) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) and section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-61,195; *Eaton Corporation, Golf Grip Division, Laurinburg, NC: March 20, 2006*

TA-W-61,423C; *Lane Furniture Industries, Inc., Upholstery Division, Pontotoc, MS: April 30, 2006*

TA-W-61,520; *Fair-Rite Products Corporation, Flat Rock, IL: May 15, 2006*

TA-W-61,555; *National Braid Manufacturing Co., Long Island City, NY: May 15, 2006*

TA-W-61,570; *HDM Furniture Industries, Inc., High Point, NC: May 17, 2006*

TA-W-61,583; *Margaret O'Leary Inc., San Francisco, CA: May 23, 2006*

TA-W-61,621; *DeRoyal Textiles, Camden, SC: June 4, 2006*

TA-W-61,579; *Jockey International, Inc., Manufacturing Division, Millen, GA: March 22, 2006*

TA-W-61,514; *WestPoint Home, Inc., Marianna, FL: May 16, 2006*

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(a)(2)(B) (shift in production) and section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-61,327; *Freightliner LLC, Mt. Holly Truck Manufacturing Plant, Fuel Tank Fab Div, Mount Holly, NC: April 13, 2006*

TA-W-61,329; *Fleetwood Travel Trailers of California, Rialto, CA: April 16, 2006*

TA-W-61,433; *Nacom Corporation, Kelly Services and Simos, Griffin, GA: April 11, 2006*

TA-W-61,538; *Intermetic Corporation, Working World, Spring Grove, IL: May 17, 2006*

TA-W-61,595; *Asheboro Elastics Corporation, Asheboro, NC: May 30, 2006*

TA-W-61,597; *Vishay Transducers, Ltd, City of Industry, CA: May 30, 2006*

TA-W-61,612; *FCI USA Inc., Auto Div., Premium Services, Quality Specialist, Westland, MI: May 30, 2006*

TA-W-61,613; *Premier Manufacturing Support Services Inc., Spring Hill, TN: June 1, 2006*

TA-W-61,485; *QRS Music Technologies, Inc., Seneca, PA: May 1, 2006*

TA-W-61,513; *WestPoint Home, Inc., Chipley, FL: May 16, 2006*

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(b) (supplier to a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA) and section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-61,418; *Temco Metal Products, Clackamas, OR: April 27, 2006*

TA-W-61,465; *IIG DSS Technologies LLC, Fair Haven, MI: May 7, 2006*

TA-W-61,509; *WestPoint Home, Inc., Griffex Chemicals, Opelika, AL: May 14, 2006*

TA-W-61,600; *Chamber's Fabrics, Inc., High Point, NC: May 31, 2006*

TA-W-61,616; *TDS Automotive US, A Subsidiary of TDS Logistics, Mt. Pleasant, TN: June 1, 2006*

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of section 222(b) (downstream producer for a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA based on increased imports from or a shift in production to Mexico or Canada) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

Negative Determinations for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, it has been determined that the requirements of 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) have not been met for the reasons specified.

The Department has determined that criterion (1) of section 246 has not been met. Workers at the firm are 50 years of age or older.

TA-W-61,493; *AlSCO Industries, Inc., Dental Flossers Dept., ET Staffing, Express Personnel, Sturbridge, MA.*

The Department has determined that criterion (2) of section 246 has not been met. Workers at the firm possess skills that are easily transferable.

TA-W-61,489; *Lake Region Manufacturing, Chaska, MN.*

TA-W-61,544; *Bodiform, Inc., a Division of Ballet Makers, Hialeah, FL.*

The Department has determined that criterion (3) of section 246 has not been met. Competition conditions within the workers' industry are not adverse.

None.

Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the eligibility criteria for worker adjustment assistance have not been met for the reasons specified.

Because the workers of the firm are not eligible to apply for TAA, the workers cannot be certified eligible for ATAA.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.A.) and (a)(2)(B)(II.A.) (employment decline) have not been met.

TA-W-61,365; *Ingersoll Rand, Climate Control Technologies Division, Bridgeton, MO.*

TA-W-61,423; Lane Furniture Industries, Inc., Upholstery Division, Tupelo, MS.
 TA-W-61,423A; Lane Furniture Industries, Inc., Corporate Office, Tupelo, MS.
 TA-W-61,423D; Lane Furniture Industries, Inc., Upholstery Division, Saltillo, MS.
 TA-W-61,423E; Lane Furniture Industries, Inc., Upholstery Division, Belden, MS.
 TA-W-61,459; Honeywell International, Aerospace, Customer and Product Support, Technical, Tucson, AZ.
 TA-W-61,483; GE Money, Formerly Know as GE Consumer Finance, Kettering, OH.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.B.) (Sales or production, or both, did not decline) and (a)(2)(B)(II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met.
 TA-W-61,328; H.C. Starck, Inc., Latrobe, PA.

TA-W-61,474; Interfacefabrics, Inc., Interface, Inc., Elkin, NC.
 TA-W-61,601; Intel Corporation, FAB 23, Colorado Springs, CO.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.C.) (increased imports) and (a)(2)(B)(II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met.

TA-W-61,205; Collins and Aikman, Sterling Heights, MI.
 TA-W-61,477; Gibraltar Industries, Metal Div., Buffalo, NY.
 TA-W-61,564; Metal Powder Products Co., A Subsidiary of Revere Industries, Ford Road Division, St. Mary's, PA.
 TA-W-61,429; Burns Best, Inc., Spooner, WI.
 TA-W-61,437; Freightliner, LLC, Cleveland, NC.

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA-W-61,423B; Lane Furniture Industries, Inc., Wood Division, Nettleton, MS.
 TA-W-61,472; Strategic Distribution, Inc., El Paso, TX.
 TA-W-61,577; J.P. Morgan Chase & Co, Transaction Services, Detroit Item Processing, Belleville, MI.
 TA-W-61,624; Lexington Furniture Industries, Plant #1, Thomasville, NC.

The investigation revealed that criteria of Section 222(b)(2) has not been met. The workers' firm (or subdivision) is not a supplier to or a downstream producer for a firm whose workers were certified eligible to apply for TAA.
 None.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the period of June 11 through June 15, 2007. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C-5311, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: June 22, 2007.

Linda G. Poole,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7-12517 Filed 6-27-07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-FN-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Investigations Regarding Certifications of Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

Petitions have been filed with the Secretary of Labor under section 221(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 ("the Act") and

are identified in the appendix to this notice. Upon receipt of these petitions, the Director of the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, Employment and Training Administration, has instituted investigations pursuant to section 221(a) of the Act.

The purpose of each of the investigations is to determine whether the workers are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Title II, Chapter 2, of the Act. The investigations will further relate, as appropriate, to the determination of the date on which total or partial separations began or threatened to begin and the subdivision of the firm involved.

The petitioners or any other persons showing a substantial interest in the subject matter of the investigations may request a public hearing, provided such request is filed in writing with the Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, at the address shown below, not later than July 9, 2007.

Interested persons are invited to submit written comments regarding the subject matter of the investigations to the Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, at the address shown below, not later than July 9, 2007.

The petitions filed in this case are available for inspection at the Office of the Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Room C-5311, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 19th day of June 2007.

Ralph DiBattista,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

APPENDIX.—TAA PETITIONS INSTITUTED BETWEEN 6/11/07 AND 6/15/07

TA-W	Subject firm (petitioners)	Location	Date of institution	Date of petition
61655	Westell Inc.(Comp)	Aurora, IL	06/11/07	06/07/07
61656	Glen Raven technical Fabrics(Comp)	Burnsville, NC	06/11/07	06/08/07
61657	Cardone Industries, Inc.(Wkrs)	Philadelphia, PA	06/11/07	06/07/07
61658	NSI International Inc.(State)	Farmingdale, NY	06/11/07	06/06/07
61659	Mentor Graphics(State)	Wilsonville, OR	06/11/07	06/08/07
61660	Multi-Fineline Electronix, Inc.(Wkrs)	Anaheim, CA	06/11/07	06/06/07
61661	Collins and Aikman, Plastics Division(AFL-CIO)	Athens, TN	06/11/07	06/08/07
61662	Metso Paper USA(IAMAW)	Appleton, WI	06/12/07	06/06/07
61663	Black & Decker(Comp)	McAllen, TX	06/12/07	06/11/07
61664	Quality Inspection and Consulting(Comp)	Linden, TN	06/12/07	05/31/07
61665	Collins & Aikman, Dura Convertible Systems(State)	Adrian, MI	06/12/07	06/11/07
61666	Furnlite Inc.(Comp)	Fallston, NC	06/12/07	06/11/07
61667	J.D Phillips Corporation(Comp)	Alpena, MI	06/12/07	06/11/07
61668	Camaco(State)	Marianna, AR	06/12/07	06/11/07
61669	Superior Mills, Inc.(Wkrs)	Hopkinsville, KY	06/12/07	06/06/07