

contact, or other identifying information. Comments should not include any information such as confidential information that would not be appropriate for public disclosure.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding the applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20551-0001, not later than June 3, 2025.

A. *Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis* (Holly A. Rieser, Senior Manager) P.O. Box 442, St. Louis, Missouri 63166-2034. Comments can also be sent electronically to

[Comments.applications@stls.frb.org](mailto:Comments.applications@stls.frb.org):

1. *First State Bancorp, Inc. Combined Retirement Benefit Plan, Caruthersville, Missouri*; to engage de novo in extending credit and servicing loans through its wholly-owned subsidiary, SEMO SAG, LLC, Caruthersville, Missouri, pursuant to Section 225.28(b)(1) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

**Michele Taylor Fennell,**

*Associate Secretary of the Board.*

[FR Doc. 2025-08897 Filed 5-16-25; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE P**

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## GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

[OMB Control No. 3090-0044; Docket No. 2025-0001; Sequence No. 4]

### Submission for OMB Review; Application/Permit for Use of Space in Public Buildings and Grounds, GSA Form 3453

**AGENCY:** Public Buildings Service, General Services Administration (GSA).

**ACTION:** Notice of request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act, the Regulatory Secretariat Division will be submitting to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request to review and approve an extension of a previously approved information collection requirement regarding the Application/Permit for Use of Space in Public Buildings and Grounds, GSA Form 3453.

**DATES:** Submit comments on or before: June 18, 2025.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments and recommendations for this information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to [www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain](http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain). Find this particular information

collection by selecting “Currently under Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ms. Karen Handsfield, Public Buildings Service, at telephone 227-225-3007, or via email to [karen.handsfield@gsa.gov](mailto:karen.handsfield@gsa.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

#### A. Purpose

The general public uses Application/Permit for Use of Space in Public Buildings and Grounds, GSA Form 3453, to request the use of public space in Federal buildings and on Federal grounds for cultural, educational, or recreational activities. A copy, sample, or description of any material or item proposed for distribution or display must also accompany this request.

#### B. Annual Reporting Burden

*Respondents:* 8,000.

*Responses per Respondent:* 1.

*Hours per Response:* 0.05.

*Total Burden Hours:* 400.

#### C. Public Comments

A 60-day notice was published in the **Federal Register** at 90 FR 12162 on March 14, 2025. No public comments were received.

*Obtaining Copies of Proposals:* Requesters may obtain a copy of the information collection documents from the GSA Regulatory Secretariat Division, by calling 202-501-4755 or emailing [GSARegSec@gsa.gov](mailto:GSARegSec@gsa.gov). Please cite OMB Control No. 3090-0044, Application/Permit for Use of Space in Public Buildings and Grounds, GSA Form 3453, in all correspondence.

**Lois Mandell,**

*Director, Regulatory Secretariat Division, General Services Administration.*

[FR Doc. 2025-08877 Filed 5-16-25; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6820-34-P**

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## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, HHS.

**ACTION:** Information collection notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the intention of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) to request that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approve the proposed information collection project (new):

“The AHRQ Safety Program for Healthcare Associated Infection Prevention.” This proposed information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** on November 20, 2024 and allowed 60 days for public comment. AHRQ received comments from members of the public. The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment.

**DATES:** Comments on this notice must be received by June 18, 2025.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to [www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain](http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain). Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

Copies of the proposed collection plans, data collection instruments, and specific details on the estimated burden can be obtained from the AHRQ Reports Clearance Officer.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Doris Lefkowitz, AHRQ Reports Clearance Officer, (301) 427-1477, or by email at [REPORTSCLEARANCEOFFICER@ahrq.hhs.gov](mailto:REPORTSCLEARANCEOFFICER@ahrq.hhs.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

#### Proposed Project

*The AHRQ Safety Program for Healthcare Associated Infection Prevention*

Healthcare-associated infections (HAIs) are a major cause of illness in the U.S., affecting one out of every 31 hospital inpatients (3% of all hospitalized patients) daily and resulting in as many as 700,000 infections per year. Some of the most predominant HAIs include catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), central line-associated blood stream infections (CLABSI), and ventilator-associated pneumonia and ventilator-associated events (VAP/VAE). The current estimated incidence in hospitalized patients is approximately 27,000 CAUTI cases annually and 30,000 CLABSI cases annually. VAE cases affect between 5–40% of patients requiring mechanical ventilator support for more than two days. VAE cases are considered the deadliest HAI, with all-cause mortality rates associated with VAE as high as 50% and a direct attributable mortality rate of 9%.

To help hospitals reduce HAIs, AHRQ created the Comprehensive Unit-based Safety Program (CUSP). CUSP is designed to engage clinical teams to make healthcare safer by combining

improved teamwork, clinical best practices, and the science of safety. The CUSP approach improves safety culture at the unit level, enables harm prevention, and engages providers who are on the front lines while integrating technical and adaptive/cultural approaches to making sustainable change. The Core CUSP Toolkit provides teams with training resources and tools to apply the CUSP method and build their capacity to address safety issues. This publicly available Toolkit is modular and modifiable to meet individual unit needs (<https://www.ahrq.gov/hai/cusp/modules/index.html>).

AHRQ has had success across numerous national CUSP implementation programs, including CUSP for CLABSI, which showed a 41% CLABSI reduction in over 1,000 intensive care units (ICUs), and CUSP for CAUTI in hospitals, which reduced CAUTI rates by 30% in more than 700 non-ICUs. These two programs, along with other AHRQ CUSP programs, resulted in the following Toolkits:

1. Toolkit for Reducing CLABSI: <https://www.ahrq.gov/hai/clabsi-tools/index.html>
2. Toolkit for Reducing CAUTI in Acute Care Hospitals: <https://www.ahrq.gov/hai/tools/cauti-hospitals/index.html>
3. Toolkit to Improve Safety for Mechanically Ventilated Patients: <https://www.ahrq.gov/hai/tools/mvp/index.html>
4. Toolkit for Preventing CLABSI and CAUTI in ICUs: <https://www.ahrq.gov/hai/tools/clabsi-cauti-icu/index.html>

AHRQ and partners developed many of the tools in these Toolkits several years ago, and some over 10 years ago. Some organizations may not want to use a tool that is older, or dated, and may wonder whether the information is still current. AHRQ is also aware that parts of some Toolkits have supporting information that has been updated, but those updates have not been incorporated into current tools or resources on the AHRQ website. The fifth Toolkit for this program to update, the CUSP Toolkit that supports translating the evidence into practice, also requires modernization and updating to address the current healthcare environment and resource realities to ensure success in HAI reduction.

The AHRQ Safety Program for HAI Prevention will assess what components of the updated Toolkits are routinely used and helpful and what components need additional updating and

refinement. Current AHRQ HAI Prevention Toolkits provide a wealth of valuable information but also require revision to incorporate new evidence-based practices and remove those no longer supported by scientific evidence. Revised Toolkits based on lessons learned from the implementation of this program will enhance their utility to healthcare workers and support the adoption of the AHRQ Safety Program for HAI Prevention practices.

*This project has the following goals:*

1. Update the five existing AHRQ HAI Prevention Toolkits.

2. Finalize the updated Toolkits for public use, incorporating feedback from participating units.

The AHRQ Safety Program for HAI Prevention will consist of three cohorts:

1. CLABSI cohort—comprised of approximately 100 acute care units (ICUs and non-ICUs);

2. CAUTI cohort—comprised of approximately 100 ICUs and non-ICUs; and

3. VAP/VAE cohort—comprised of approximately 75 ICUs.

All cohorts will include acute care hospital units from all 10 Health and Human Services regions. AHRQ will utilize a pre-post design, comparing data collected at baseline and at the end of the program (endline) within each cohort.

The AHRQ Safety Program for HAI Prevention will include the following data collections:

(1) *Semi-structured Interviews:*

Conducted at the end of the assessment, the program will select participants from each of the three cohorts, focusing on participants who were active during the cohort (e.g., attended webinars and office hours regularly) to participate in virtual discussions to examine participants' experiences during the AHRQ Safety Program for HAI Prevention, including use and perceptions of materials, experiences with measurement, and feedback about the program.

(2) *Hospital Survey on Patient Safety (HSOPS):* The HSOPS will be completed by all participating staff to assess patient safety issues, medical errors, and event reporting practices. Participants will complete the HSOPS at baseline and endline for all three cohorts.

(3) *CUSP Device Rounds:* The CUSP Device Rounds will be completed collaboratively by a CUSP staff member with an Infection Preventionist at each participating unit once per month to assess whether units are following best practices in HAI for the respective cohort (i.e., for all three cohorts).

(4) *Gap Analysis:* The Gap Analysis is a tool used to understand the needs of

participating units, prioritize areas for improvement, and advocate for institution-level and unit-level resources. The Gap Analysis will be completed collaboratively by a Unit Lead and an Infection Preventionist at baseline and endline for all three cohorts. The endline Gap Analysis will also include questions for self-report changes in HAI rates and HAI prevention processes at endline of each cohort.

(5) *Clinical Outcomes Data:* AHRQ will collect unit-level clinical outcomes data reported by Infection Prevention and Control Programs to assess HAI rates across the program. Participating units will either extract clinical outcomes data from their Electronic Health Records (EHRs) and submit via the secure program website or confer National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN) data rights to the program group to eliminate data collection burden. The program will request participating units to retrospectively provide 12 months of pre-implementation clinical outcomes data, and monthly clinical outcomes data, reported quarterly, during the implementation period for all three cohorts. The data collected monthly include the number of patients in the medical unit, number of patients with a medical device in place (central line, catheter, or ventilator) and the number HAIs associated with the medical device (central line, catheter, or ventilator).

This study is being conducted by AHRQ through its contractor, NORC at the University of Chicago (NORC) and NORC's subcontractor, the Johns Hopkins Armstrong Institute of Patient Safety and Quality (JHAI), pursuant to AHRQ's statutory authority to conduct and support research on health care and on systems for the delivery of such care, including activities with respect to the quality, effectiveness, efficiency, appropriateness and value of health care services and with respect to quality measurement and improvement [42 U.S.C 299a(a)(1) and (2)].

#### Method of Collection

This data collection effort will be part of a comprehensive strategy to assess:

1. Participating units' experiences related to the AHRQ Safety Program for HAI Prevention (i.e., use and perceptions of revised AHRQ Toolkits and Technical Assistance (TA), experiences with measurement, and feedback about the program);

2. Participating units' changes in HAI processes (i.e., self-reported improvements in CLABSI, CAUTI, or VAP/VAE prevention processes, interventions implemented by units,

and units' capacities to improve HAI rates); and

3. Participating units' changes in HAI rates (*i.e.*, units' CLABSI, CAUTI, or VAP/VAE reported rates and self-reported improvements in HAI rates).

To minimize respondent burden and to permit the electronic submission of survey responses and data collection forms, the AHRQ HSOPS, CUSP Device Rounds, Gap Analyses (including self-reported change in HAI rates and HAI prevention processes), and the clinical outcomes data collection form from EHR extracts will be web-based and deployed using secure, well-designed, low-burden, and respondent-friendly survey administration instruments and process.

**Estimated Annual Respondent Burden**

Exhibit 1 shows the estimated annualized burden hours for the respondents' time to participate in this information collection. The total annual burden hours are estimated to be 2,854 hours for the following data collection tools:

1. *Semi-structured Interviews:* Conducted with eight interview participants from each of the three cohorts (for a total of 24 interviews) at endline only. Each interview requires 30

minutes on average to complete. We anticipate a 100% response rate.

2. *HSOPS:* To be completed by an average of 20 staff at each participating unit at both baseline and endline. Across the three cohorts, with a maximum of 400 units, this results in 8,000 respondents. An expected response rate of 45% should yield 3,600 completed respondents at each time point (baseline/endline). The survey is administered at baseline and endline for each cohort to measure the changes in patient safety culture resulting from participation in the program. The survey takes approximately 15 minutes to complete.

3. *CUSP Device Rounds:* Completed monthly for nine months by two staff members at each participating unit throughout implementation and requires 45 minutes for each staff member, equaling 90 minutes to complete in total. Across the three cohorts, with a maximum of 400 units, this results in 800 respondents. An expected response rate of 75% should yield 600 respondents per time point (monthly).

4. *Gap Analysis:* Completed by two staff members at each participating unit, once at baseline and again at endline for each cohort. Across the three cohorts,

with a maximum of 400 units, this results in 800 respondents. An expected response rate of 75% should result in 600 respondents per time point (baseline/endline). This data collection is expected to require 60 minutes to complete.

5. *Clinical Outcomes Data:* Completed by one staff member at each participating unit to provide 12 months of pre-implementation clinical outcomes data and monthly clinical outcomes data, reported quarterly, during the implementation period for all three cohorts. Across the three cohorts, with a maximum of 400 units, this results in 400 respondents. An expected response rate of 75% should result in 300 respondents per time point (baseline for retrospective data and quarterly for monthly data). This data collection is expected to require 3.5 hours to complete at baseline followed by 30 minutes to complete quarterly, averaging 75 minutes across implementation. We anticipate approximately 90% of hospitals in the CLABSI and CAUTI cohorts to confer NHSN data rights to the AHRQ Safety Program for HAI Prevention. In the VAP/VAE cohort, we expect approximately 40% of hospitals to confer NHSN data rights to the program.

**EXHIBIT 1—ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS**

Form name	Number of respondents *	Number of responses per respondent	Hours per response	Total burden hours
1. Semi-structured Interviews .....	8	1	30/60	4
2. HSOPS .....	1,200	2	15/60	600
3. CUSP Device Rounds .....	100	9	90/60	1,350
4. Gap Analysis .....	200	2	60/60	400
5. Clinical Outcomes data .....	100	4	75/60	500
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>1,608</b>			<b>2,854</b>

\* Annualized number of respondents is based on the maximum number of units recruited, times the estimated response rate and divided by three to capture an annualized number.

Exhibit 2 shows the estimated annual cost burden associated with the respondents' time to participate in this information collection. The annual cost burden is estimated to be \$199,201.80.

**EXHIBIT 2—ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST BURDEN**

Form name	Total burden hours	Average hourly wage rate *	Total cost burden
1. Semi-structured Interviews .....	8	<sup>a</sup> \$74.20	\$296.80
2. HSOPS .....	1,200	<sup>a</sup> 74.20	44,520.00
3. CUSP Device Rounds .....	100	<sup>a</sup> 74.20	100,170.00
4. Gap Analysis .....	200	<sup>a</sup> 74.20	29,680.00
5. Clinical Outcomes data .....	100	<sup>b</sup> 49.07	24,535.00
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>1,608</b>		<b>199,201.80</b>

\* National Compensation Survey: Occupational wages in the United States May 2023, "U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics." May 2023 National Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates (*bls.gov*).

<sup>a</sup> Average of the mean hourly wage for physicians (29–1210), registered nurses (29–1141), nurse practitioners (29–1171), and physician's assistants (29–1071).

<sup>b</sup> Mean hourly wage for Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations (29–0000).

### Request for Comments

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501–3520, comments on AHRQ's information collection are requested with regard to any of the following: (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of AHRQ's health care research and health care information dissemination functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of AHRQ's estimate of burden (including hours and costs) of the proposed collection(s) of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information upon the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and included in the Agency's subsequent request for OMB approval of the proposed information collection. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Dated: April 24, 2025.

**Jeffrey P. Toven,**  
Executive Officer.

[FR Doc. 2025–08863 Filed 5–16–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–90–P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the intention of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) to request that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approve an extension of the currently approved information collection “Medical Expenditures Panel Survey—Insurance Component, (OMB No. 0935–0110).” This proposed information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** on November 13, 2024 and allowed 60 days for public comment. AHRQ received

comments from members of the public. The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment.

**DATES:** Comments on this notice must be received by June 18, 2025.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to [www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain](http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain). Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function. Copies of the proposed collection plans, data collection instruments, and specific details on the estimated burden can be obtained from the AHRQ Reports Clearance Officer.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Doris Lefkowitz, AHRQ Reports Clearance Officer, (301) 427–1477, or by email at [REPORTSCLEARANCEOFFICER@ahrq.hhs.gov](mailto:REPORTSCLEARANCEOFFICER@ahrq.hhs.gov).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Proposed Project

##### *Medical Expenditures Panel Survey—Insurance Component*

AHRQ requests an extension of the Medical Expenditure Panel Survey—Insurance Component (MEPS–IC), OMB control number 0935–0110. No revisions are being made to the data collection. The current expiration date is January 31st, 2026. AHRQ requests a new expiration date, 3 years from approval.

In 2023, employer-sponsored health insurance was the source of coverage for 95.3 million workers and their family members and is a cornerstone of the U.S. health care system. The Medical Expenditure Panel Survey—Insurance Component (MEPS–IC) measures the extent, cost, and coverage of employer-sponsored health insurance on an annual basis. These statistics are produced at the National, State, and sub-State (metropolitan area) level for private industry. Statistics are also produced for State and local governments.

This research has the following goals:

- (1) to provide data for Federal policymakers evaluating the effects of National and State health care reforms.
- (2) to provide descriptive data on the current employer-sponsored health insurance system and data for modeling the differential impacts of proposed health policy initiatives.
- (3) to supply critical State and National estimates of health insurance

spending for the National Health Accounts and Gross Domestic Product.

This study is being conducted by AHRQ through its contractor, the Bureau of the Census, pursuant to AHRQ's statutory authority to conduct and support research on health care and on systems for the delivery of such care, including activities with respect to the cost and use of health care services and with respect to health statistics and surveys. 42 U.S.C. 299a(a)(3) and 42 U.S.C. 299b–2.

#### Method of Collection

To achieve the goals of this project the following data collections for both private sector and State and local government employers will be implemented:

(1) Precanvass Questionnaire—The purpose of the Precanvass Questionnaire, which is collected online, varies depending on the insurance status of the establishment contacted (establishment is defined as a single, physical location in the private sector and a governmental unit in State and local governments.) For establishments that do not offer health insurance to their employees, the precavass is used to collect basic information such as number of employees. Collection is completed for these establishments virtually. For establishments that do offer health insurance, contact name and address information is collected that is used for the mailout of the establishment and plan questionnaires. Obtaining this contact information helps ensure that the questionnaires are directed to the person in the establishment best equipped to complete them.

(2) Establishment Questionnaire—The purpose of the Establishment Questionnaire, which is collected via internet or mail, is to obtain general information from employers that provide health insurance to their employees. Information such as total active enrollment in health insurance, other employee benefits, demographic characteristics of employees, and retiree health insurance is collected through the establishment questionnaire.

(3) Plan Questionnaire—The purpose of the Plan Questionnaire, which is collected via internet or mail, is to collect plan-specific information on each plan (up to four plans) offered by establishments that provide health insurance to their employees. This questionnaire obtains information on total premiums, employer and employee