- 2. If you are nominating another individual: The nominee's name, title, and relevant contact information; and their résumé or curriculum vitae.
- 3. For both self-nominations and nominations by other individuals: Your submission must include a statement (not to exceed one page) highlighting the contributions the nominee would make as a member of the Committee.

The Acting Archivist of the United States will review the nominations and make a final appointment. OGIS will notify in writing the nominee the Acting Archivist selects.

Tasha Ford,

Committee Management Officer. [FR Doc. 2023–03401 Filed 2–16–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7515-01-P

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Notice of Intent To Renew a Current Information Collection

AGENCY: National Science Foundation; National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics (NCSES) within the National Science Foundation (NSF) is announcing plans to request renewal of the Survey of Graduate Students and Postdoctorates in Science and Engineering (OMB Control Number 3145–0062). In accordance with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, NSF is providing opportunity for public comment on this action. After obtaining and considering public comments, NSF will prepare the submission requesting that OMB approve clearance of this collection for three years.

DATES: Written comments on this notice must be received by April 18, 2023 to be assured of consideration. Comments received after that date will be considered to the extent practicable. Send comments to the address below.

For Additional Information or Comments: Suzanne H. Plimpton, Reports Clearance Officer, National Science Foundation, 2415 Eisenhower Avenue, Suite E7400, Alexandria, Virginia 22314; telephone (703) 292–7556; or send email to splimpto@nsf.gov. Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339, which is accessible 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year (including Federal holidays).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title of Collection: Survey of Graduate Students and Postdoctorates in Science and Engineering.

OMB Control Number: 3145–0062. Expiration Date of Current Approval: August 31, 2023.

Type of Request: Intent to seek approval to extend an information collection for three years.

Abstract: Established within NSF by the America COMPETES
Reauthorization Act of 2010 § 505, codified in the National Science
Foundation Act of 1950, as amended, the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics (NCSES) serves as a central Federal clearinghouse for the collection, interpretation, analysis, and dissemination of objective data on science, engineering, technology, and research and development for use by practitioners, researchers, policymakers, and the public.

The Survey of Graduate Students and Postdoctorates in Science and Engineering (GSS), sponsored by the NCSES within NSF and the National Institutes of Health, is designed to comply with legislative mandates by providing information on the characteristics of academic graduate enrollments in science, engineering, and health fields. The GSS, which originated in 1966 and has been conducted annually since 1972, is a census of all departments in science, engineering, and health (SEH) fields within academic institutions with graduate programs in the United States. This request to extend the information collection for three vears is to cover the 2023, 2024, and 2025 GSS survey cycles. The information collected by the GSS is solicited under the authority of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended and the America **COMPETES** Reauthorization Act of 2010. Data collection starts each fall in October and data are obtained primarily through a Web survey. All information will be used for statistical purposes only. Participation in the survey is voluntary.

The expected frame for the 2023 GSS includes 709 institutions comprising 797 schools with 876 total Coordinators. The GSS is the only national survey that collects information on the characteristics of graduate enrollment and postdoctoral appointees (postdocs) for specific SEH disciplines at the department level. It collects information on:

(1) Master's and doctoral students' ethnicity and race, citizenship, gender, source and mechanism of financial support (e.g., fellowships, traineeships, assistantships) and enrollment status.

- (2) Postdocs' ethnicity and race, citizenship, gender, source and mechanism of financial support, type of doctoral degree, and degree origin (U.S. or foreign); and
- (3) Other doctorate-holding non-faculty researchers' gender and type of doctoral degree.

To improve coverage of postdocs, the GSS periodically collects information on postdocs employed in Federally Funded Research and Development Centers (FFRDCs) by ethnicity and race, gender, citizenship, source and mechanism of financial support, and field of research. This survey of postdocs at FFRDCs will be conducted as part of the 2023 and 2025 GSS survey cycles. In these years, there will be an additional 43 coordinators contacted to respond to GSS.

The initial GSS data request is sent to a designated respondent, the School Coordinator, at each academic institution in the fall. The School Coordinators gather the data for all of the reporting units at the institution. Reporting units are comprised of the departments, programs, research centers, and health care facilities at each institution. The School Coordinator may upload a file with the requested data on the GSS website, which will automatically aggregate the data and populate the cells of the Web survey instrument for each of the reporting units. This method of data provision is called Electronic Data Interchange (EDI). The School Coordinator also may upload partial data (e.g., student enrollment information) and delegate the provision of other data (e.g., financial support information) to the appropriate reporting units at their institution (unit respondents). Institutions that do not want to use EDI will be able to complete the survey through manual entry of data (i.e., typing the data for each response item on every unit) in the Web survey instrument as in the past.

Data are disseminated annually on the NCSES website https://www.nsf.gov/ statistics/srvygradpostdoc in the form of 93 data tables, a 3 to 5 page InfoBrief, and public use files (https:// www.nsf.gov/statistics/srvygradpostdoc/ pub_data.cfm). In addition, current and historical data are available via the NCSES Integrated Data Tool (https:// ncsesdata.nsf.gov/ids/?utm_ source=Main&utm_ medium=Main&utm_ campaign=Main). The Data Tool combines GSS data with academic sector data from both NCSES and the National Center of Education Statistics and allows for custom querying.

Use of the Information: The GSS data are routinely provided to Congress and other Federal agencies. The GSS institutions themselves are major users of the GSS data. Professional societies such as the American Association of Universities, the Association of American Medical Colleges, and the Carnegie Foundation are also major users. Graduate enrollment and postdoc data are often used in reports by the national media. With the help of the aforementioned NCSES Data Tool, NSF reviews changing enrollment levels to assess the effects of NSF initiatives, track graduate student support patterns, and analyze participation in science and engineering fields for targeted groups by discipline and for selected groups of institutions. GSS data are also used in two congressionally mandated NCSES publications: Women, Minorities, and Persons with Disabilities in Science and Engineering (https://ncses.nsf.gov/ wmpd/) and the National Science Board's Science and Engineering Indicators (https://ncses.nsf.gov/ indicators). In addition, the National Institutes of Health (NIH) publish GSS data annually in the NIH Data Book https://report.nih.gov/nihdatabook/.

Expected Respondents: The GSS is an annual census of all eligible academic institutions in the U.S. with graduate

programs in science, engineering and health fields. The response rate is calculated based on the number of reporting units (departments, programs, research centers, and health care facilities) that respond to the survey. For reference, in 2021, the GSS population consisted of 21,365 reporting units at 699 academic institutions. Based on recent cycles, NCSES expects the annual response rate to be around 99 percent.

Estimate of Burden: For each GSS survey cycle, both School Coordinators and reporting-unit respondents (URs) are asked to provide an estimate of how long it took them to complete the data collection. Coordinators at FFRDCs are also asked about the hours required complete the Web instrument. In the past three GSS cycles (2019-2021 data collections), the average burden per coordinator was 19.7 hours per cycle. However, burden varies considerably across respondents. The amount of time it takes to complete the GSS data depends to a large degree on the extent to which the school's records are centrally stored and computerized. It also depends on whether the institution uses manual data entry or EDI to provide the GSS data, the number of SEH reporting units that need to be reported by the institution, and the degree to which URs within the

institution are used to collect and report data.

To estimate burden for the next three GSS data collection survey cycles (2023, 2024, and 2025), the GSS frame is split by response method (EDI or manual entry) and the number of reporting units reported by the institution (more than 15 units are large reporters and 15 or fewer units are small reporters). Table 1 presents burden estimates based on observed the size of the institution and burden estimates collected from the 2019–21 GSS survey cycles. Average burden is weighted by year and the proportion of institutions that utilize URs in reporting data to GSS.

The use of URs has a large impact on GSS burden as it requires multiple individuals at the school to respond to the survey. To address the variance between schools that use URs and those that do not, UR burden was calculated and included with the coordinator's burden when applicable. This calculation is necessary because when a school utilizes URs, the coordinators' burden is minimal while the response burden falls to individual URs. Average UR burden was applied to all units at schools utilizing URs and was then added to the coordinator's burden.

TABLE 1—GSS 2019–2021 TOTAL BURDEN BY INSTITUTIONAL REPORTING SIZE, DATA PROVISION METHOD, AND UNIT RESPONDENT STATUS

	Do not use URs		Uses URs		All coordinators		
Institution type	Average coordinators per year	Year- weighted average burden (hours)	Average coordinators per year	Year- weighted average burden (hours)	Average coordinators per year	Year- weighted average burden (hours)	Average per cycle burden (hours)
More than 15 units, EDI	314	29.9	19	179.2	332	38.3	12,716
More than 15 units, Manual data entry	24	24.7	8	152.8	32	58.1	1,859
15 or fewer units, EDI	350	9.9	5	28.8	354	10.1	3,575
15 or fewer units, Manual data entry	149	7.4	14	22.1	164	8.7	1,427
Average Estimated Total	836	17.4	46	110.2	882	22.2	19,603

The expected frame for the 2022 GSS includes 704 institutions comprising 792 schools with 871 total School Coordinators (some institutions utilize multiple School Coordinators based on how they are organized). To estimate the burden for the 2023–2025 GSS survey cycles, we assume a steady state in terms of the use of EDI but based on recent cycles we expect the number of School Coordinators to increase by five

each cycle. New schools tend to have small numbers of eligible units and students, so the five coordinators are added to the small school manual data entry category. Thus, we expect to have 876 coordinators in 2023, 881 in 2024 and 886 in 2025. The estimated burden per respondent is approximately 22 hours per School Coordinator; the exact number is based on the distributions shown in Table 1, adjusted for the

additional coordinators. Given the historically high levels of participation, a 100 percent school response rate is used in these estimates. Since the FFRDC postdoc data collection will take place in 2023 and 2025, the estimated burden for those years will increase by 90 hours from 43 FFRDCs (based on 100 percent response rate in 2021 survey with the average burden of 2.1 hours per FFRDC).

TABLE 2—GSS ESTIMATED RESPONSE BURDEN

	Category	Respondents (number of school coordinators)	Total burden (hours)
Total hurden for 2023		910	19 442

TABLE 2—GSS ESTIMATED RESPONSE BURDEN—Continued

Category	Respondents (number of school coordinators)	Total burden (hours)
GSS institutions FFRDCs Total burden for 2024 Total burden for 2025 GSS institutions FFRDCs Potential future methodological studies (across all 3 survey cycles)	876 43 881 929 886 43	19,352 90 19,396 19,529 19,439 90 2,000
Total estimated burden	2,729	60,367
Estimated average annual burden	910	20,123

The total estimated respondent burden of the GSS, including 2,000 hours for potential methodological studies to improve the survey procedures, will be 60,367 hours over the three-cycle survey clearance period. NCSES may review and revise this burden estimate based on completion time data collected during the 2022 GSS survey cycle, which is ongoing.

Comments: Comments are invited on: (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of NSF, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of NSF's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, use, and clarity of the information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Dated: February 13, 2023.

Suzanne H. Plimpton,

Reports Clearance Officer, National Science Foundation.

[FR Doc. 2023–03352 Filed 2–16–23; 8:45 am]

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[NRC-2022-0190]

Report on Waste Burial Charges: Changes in Decommissioning Waste Disposal Costs at Low-Level Waste Burial Facilities

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory

Commission.

ACTION: NUREG; issuance.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is issuing NUREG-1307, Revision 19, "Report on Waste Burial Charges: Changes in Decommissioning Waste Disposal Costs at Low-Level Waste Burial Facilities." This report, which is revised periodically, explains the formula acceptable to the NRC for determining the minimum decommissioning fund requirements for nuclear power reactor licensees, as required by NRC regulations. Specifically, this report provides the adjustment factor and updates the values for the labor, energy, and waste burial escalation factors of the minimum formula.

DATES: NUREG-1307, Revision 19, is available on February 17, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Please refer to NRC–2022–0190 when contacting the NRC about the availability of information regarding this document. You may obtain publicly available information related to this document using any of the following methods:

- Federal Rulemaking website: Go to https://www.regulations.gov and search for Docket ID NRC-2022-0190. Address questions about Docket IDs in Regulations.gov to Stacy Schumann; telephone: 301-415-0624; email: Stacy.Schumann@nrc.gov. For technical questions, contact the individual listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION
- **CONTACT** section of this document. NRC's Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS): You may obtain publicly available documents online in the ADAMS Public Documents collection at https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/ adams.html. To begin the search, select "Begin Web-based ADAMS Search." For problems with ADAMS, please contact the NRC's Public Document Room reference staff at 1-800-397-4209, 301-415-4737, or by email to PDR.Resource@nrc.gov. NUREG-1307, Revision 19, "Report on Waste Burial Charges: Changes in Decommissioning

Waste Disposal Costs at Low-Level Waste Burial Facilities'' is available in ADAMS under Accession No. ML23044A207.

• NRC's PDR: You may examine and purchase copies of public documents, by appointment, at the NRC's PDR, Room P1 B35, One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland 20852. To make an appointment to visit the PDR, please send an email to PDR.Resource@nrc.gov or call 1–800–397–4209 or 301–415–4737, between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m. eastern time (ET), Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Emil Tabakov, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555–0001; telephone: 301–415–6814, email: Emil.Tabakov@nrc.gov. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Discussion

Pursuant to section 50.75 of title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR), "Reporting and Recordkeeping for Decommissioning Planning," the NRC requires nuclear power reactor licensees to adjust annually, in current year dollars, their estimate of the cost to decommission their plants. The annual updates are part of the process for providing reasonable assurance that adequate funds for decommissioning will be available when needed.

Revision 19 of NUREG-1307, "Report on Waste Burial Charges: Changes in Decommissioning Waste Disposal Costs at Low-Level Waste Burial Facilities," modifies Revision 18 to this report issued in January 2021 (ADAMS Accession No. ML21027A302) and incorporates updates to the adjustment factor and to the labor, energy, and waste burial escalation factors of the NRC minimum decommissioning fund formula. The minimum decommissioning fund formula amounts calculated by licensees using the