telephone number: (919) 541–2910; fax number: (919) 541–0516; email address: melton.lula@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This correction does not change any final action taken by the EPA on March 29, 2023 (88 FR 18396); this action merely corrects language in section 1.1 of Performance Specification 16 of appendix B to part 60, which was inadvertently changed at 88 FR 18411 (March 29, 2023).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 60

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Performance specifications, Test methods and procedures.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, EPA amends 40 CFR part 60 by making the following correcting amendment:

PART 60—STANDARDS OF PERFORMANCE FOR NEW STATIONARY SOURCES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 60 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

■ 2. Amend appendix B to part 60 by revising the last sentence in section 1.1 of performance specification 16 to read as follows:

Appendix B to Part 60—Performance Specifications

* * * * * *

Performance Specification 16— Specifications and Test Procedures for Predictive Emission Monitoring Systems in Stationary Sources

1.0 Scope and Application

1.1 * * * These specifications apply to PEMS that are installed under 40 CFR parts 60, 61, and 63 after April 24, 2009.

Richard A. Wayland,

Director, Air Quality Assessment Division, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards. [FR Doc. 2023–13595 Filed 6–27–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Parts 110 and 300

[EPA-HQ-OPA-2006-0090; FRL-4526-01-OLEM]

RIN 2050-AE87

National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan; Product Schedule Listing and Authorization of Use Requirements

Correction

In rule document 2023–11904 beginning on page 38280 in the issue of Monday, June 12, 2023 make the following corrections:

Appendix C to Part 300

1. On page 38339, Equation 1 should read as follows:

$$theoretical\ concentration, \frac{mg}{mL} = \frac{mass\ of\ oil,\ g*1000\ mg/g}{total\ mass,\ g/\rho_{solution\ ,g/mL}}$$

(Equation 1)

2. On page 38340, Equation 2 should read as follows:

$$\int_{340\lambda}^{400\lambda} f(x) dx \approx \frac{H}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{N} (f(x_{k+1}) + f(x_k))$$
 (Equation 2)

3. On the same page, Equation 3 should read as follows:

$$Area = \frac{(Abs_{340} + Abs_{350})*10}{2} + \frac{(Abs_{350} + Abs_{360})*10}{2} + \cdots + \frac{(Abs_{390} + Abs_{400})*10}{2}$$
(Equation 3)

4. On page 38341, Equation 4 should read as follows:

$$RF = \frac{Theoretical\ Concentration\ \frac{g}{mL}(Eq.1)}{area\ (Eq.3)}$$
 (Equation 4)

5. On the same page, Equation 5 should read as follows:

% difference =
$$\frac{|RF - \overline{RF}|}{\overline{RF}} * 100$$
 (Equation 5)

6. On the same page, Equation 6 should read as follows:

Y(area under absorbance curve) = m(slope) * x(concentration of oil) (Equation 6)

7. On the same page, Equation 7 should read as follows:

$$Total\ Oil\ Dispersed, mg = \frac{Area\ (Eq.2)}{Calibration\ Curve\ Slope} * V_{DCM} * \frac{V_{tw}}{V_{ew}}$$
 (Equation 7)

8, On the same page, Equation 8 should read as follows:

$$\%OD = \frac{Total\ Oil\ Dispersed}{\rho_{Oil} * V_{Oil}} * 100$$
 (Equation 8)

9. On page 38342, Equation 9 and the first two words following it should read as follows:

$$DE_{LCL95} = \overline{\%0D} - \left(\frac{t_{(n-1,1-\alpha)} *s}{\sqrt{n}}\right)$$
 (Equation 9)

where (%OD)

10. On the same page, Equation 10 should read as follows:

$$%recovery = 100 * \frac{measured\ concentration\ of\ check\ standard}{theoretical\ concentration\ of\ check\ standard}$$
 (Equation 10)

[FR Doc. C1–2023–11904 Filed 6–27–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 0099–10–D

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 17

[Docket No. FWS-R4-ES-2021-0036; FF09E22000 FXES11130900000 234]

RIN 1018-BE57

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Removal of the Okaloosa Darter From the Federal List of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), are removing the Okaloosa darter (Etheostoma okaloosae) from the Federal List of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife (List) due to recovery. This final rule is based on a thorough review of the best available scientific and commercial information which indicates that the threats to the species have been eliminated or reduced to the point that the species is no longer in danger of

extinction or likely to become in danger of extinction within the foreseeable future. Therefore, the species no longer meets the definition of a threatened species, and does not meet the definition of an endangered species, under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act). Accordingly, the prohibitions and conservation measures provided by the Act will no longer apply to this species.

DATES: This rule is effective July 28, 2023.

ADDRESSES: This final rule, supporting documents in preparing this rule, the post-delisting monitoring plan, and the comments received on the proposed rule are available for public inspection at https://www.regulations.gov under Docket No. FWS-R4-ES-2021-0036.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lourdes Mena, Division Manager, Florida Classification and Recovery, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Florida Ecological Services Field Office, 7915 Baymeadows Way, Jacksonville, FL 32256–7517; telephone 904–731–3134. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-ofcontact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Executive Summary

Why we need to publish a rule. Under the Act, a species may be removed from the Federal Lists of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants (i.e., "delisted") if it is determined that the species has recovered and no longer meets the definition of an endangered species or a threatened species. Delisting a species can only be completed by issuing a rule through the Administrative Procedure Act rulemaking process (5 U.S.C. 551 et seq.).

What this document does. This rule removes the Okaloosa darter (Etheostoma okaloosae) from the List of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife based on its recovery.

The basis for our action. Under the Act, we may determine that a species is an endangered species or a threatened species based on any of five factors: (A) The present or threatened destruction, modification, or curtailment of its habitat or range; (B) overutilization for commercial, recreational, scientific, or educational purposes; (C) disease or