developers, landowners and operators about Consultation Zones; or performing Consultation Zone discussions for several developments now being planned that are in close proximity to a transmission pipeline.

Issued in Washington, DC, on October 29, 2008.

Jeffrev D. Wiese,

Associate Administrator for Pipeline Safety. [FR Doc. E8–26506 Filed 11–5–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–60–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Surface Transportation Board

[STB Docket No. AB-33 (Sub-No. 271X); STB Docket No. AB-585 (Sub-No. 3X)]

Union Pacific Railroad Company— Abandonment Exemption—in Bowie County, TX; Dallas, Garland & Northeastern Railroad Company— Discontinuance of Service Exemption—in Bowie County, TX

Union Pacific Railroad Company (UP) and Dallas, Garland & Northeastern Railroad Company (DGNO) (collectively, applicants) have jointly filed a verified notice of exemption under 49 CFR part 1152 subpart F— Exempt Abandonments and Discontinuances of Service for UP to abandon, and for DGNO to discontinue service over, a 0.3-mile line of railroad known as the Bonham Industrial Lead, extending between milepost 21.5 and milepost 21.8 near New Boston, in Bowie County, TX. The line traverses United States Postal Service Zip Code 75570.

Applicants have certified that: (1) No local traffic has moved over the line for at least 2 years; (2) any overhead traffic on the line can be rerouted over other lines; (3) no formal complaint filed by a user of rail service on the line (or by a state or local government entity acting on behalf of such user) regarding cessation of service over the line either is pending with the Surface Transportation Board or with any U.S. District Court or has been decided in favor of complainant within the 2-year period; and (4) the requirements at 49 CFR 1105.7 (environmental report), 49 CFR 1105.8 (historic report), 49 CFR 1105.11 (transmittal letter), 49 CFR 1105.12 (newspaper publication), and 49 CFR 1152.50(d)(1) (notice to governmental agencies) have been met.

As a condition to these exemptions, any employee adversely affected by the abandonment or discontinuance shall be protected under *Oregon Short Line R. Co.—Abandonment—Goshen*, 360 I.C.C. 91 (1979). To address whether this

condition adequately protects affected employees, a petition for partial revocation under 49 U.S.C. 10502(d) must be filed.

Provided no formal expression of intent to file an offer of financial assistance (OFA) has been received, these exemptions will be effective on December 6, 2008, unless stayed pending reconsideration. Petitions to stay that do not involve environmental issues, formal expressions of intent to file an OFA under 49 CFR 1152.27(c)(2),2 and trail use/rail banking requests under 49 CFR 1152.29 must be filed by November 17, 2008. Petitions to reopen or requests for public use conditions under 49 CFR 1152.28 must be filed by November 26, 2008, with: Surface Transportation Board, 395 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20423-

A copy of any petition filed with the Board should be sent to applicants' representatives: (1) Gabriel S. Meyer, Assistant General Attorney, Union Pacific Railroad Company, 1400 Douglas Street, Mail Stop 1580, Omaha, NE 68179; and (2) Louis E. Gitomer, Esq., Law Offices of Louis E. Gitomer, 600 Baltimore Avenue, Suite 301, Towson, MD 21204

If the verified notice contains false or misleading information, the exemptions are void *ab initio*.

Applicants have filed a joint combined environmental and historic report, which addresses the effects, if any, of the abandonment and discontinuance on the environment and historic resources. SEA will issue an environmental assessment (EA) by November 10, 2008. Interested persons may obtain a copy of the EA by writing to SEA (Room 1100, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423-0001) or by calling SEA, at (202) 245-0305. [Assistance for the hearing impaired is available through the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339.] Comments on environmental and historic

preservation matters must be filed within 15 days after the EA becomes available to the public.

Environmental, historic preservation, public use, or trail use/rail banking conditions will be imposed, where appropriate, in a subsequent decision.

Pursuant to the provisions of 49 CFR 1152.29(e)(2), UP shall file a notice of consummation with the Board to signify that it has exercised the authority granted and fully abandoned the line. If consummation has not been effected by UP's filing of a notice of consummation by November 6, 2009, and there are no legal or regulatory barriers to consummation, the authority to abandon will automatically expire.

Board decisions and notices are available on our Web site at http://www.stb.dot.gov.

Decided: November 3, 2008.

By the Board, David M. Konschnik, Director, Office of Proceedings.

Jeff Herzig,

Clearance Clerk.

[FR Doc. E8–26467 Filed 11–5–08; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4915–01–P**

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

AGENCY: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC), Treasury.

ACTION: Notice and request for comment.

summary: The OCC, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on a continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. Currently, the OCC is soliciting comment concerning its extension of an information collection titled "Debt Cancellation Contracts and Debt Suspension Agreements—12 CFR 37." The OCC is also giving notice that it has submitted the collection to OMB for review.

DATES: You should submit written comments by: December 8, 2008.

ADDRESSES: Communications Division, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Public Information Room, Mail Stop 1–5, Attention: 1557–0224, 250 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20219. In addition, comments may be sent by fax to (202) 874–4448, or by electronic mail to

regs.comments@occ.treas.gov. You may personally inspect and photocopy comments at the OCC's Public

¹The Board will grant a stay if an informed decision on environmental issues (whether raised by a party or by the Board's Section of Environmental Analysis (SEA) in its independent investigation) cannot be made before the exemptions' effective date. See Exemption of Outof-Service Rail Lines, 5 I.C.C.2d 377 (1989). Any request for a stay should be filed as soon as possible so that the Board may take appropriate action before the exemptions' effective date.

² Each OFA must be accompanied by the filing fee, which is currently set at \$1,500. The filing fee for an OFA increased from \$1,300 to \$1,500, effective July 18, 2008. See Regulations Governing Fees for Services Performed in Connection with Licensing and Related Services—2008 Update, STB Ex Parte No. 542 (Sub-No. 15) (STB served June 18, 2008), which amends 49 CFR Part 1002 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Information Room, 250 E Street, SW., Washington, DC. For security reasons, the OCC requires that visitors make an appointment to inspect comments. You may do so by calling (202) 874–5043. Upon arrival, visitors will be required to present valid government-issued photo identification and submit to security screening in order to inspect and photocopy comments.

Additionally, you should send a copy of your comments to OCC Desk Officer, 1557–0224, by mail to U.S. Office of Management and Budget, 725 17th Street, NW., #10235, Washington, DC 20503, or by fax to (202) 395–6974.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: You can request additional information or a copy of the collection from Mary H. Gottlieb, (202) 874–5090, Legislative and Regulatory Activities Division (1557–0202), Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, 250 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20219.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The OCC is proposing to extend OMB approval of the following information collection:

Title: Debt Cancellation Contracts and Debt Suspension Agreements.

OMB Number: 1557–0224.

Description: This submission covers an existing regulation and involves no change to the regulation or the information collection. The OCC requests that OMB approve its revised estimates and renew its approval of the information collection. The estimates have been revised only to reflect the current number of national banks.

National banks are authorized under 12 U.S.C. 24 (Seventh) to enter into debt cancellation contracts (DCCs) and debt suspension agreements (DSAs) and to charge a fee in connection with these agreements. The purpose of part 37 is to set forth the standards that apply to a national bank's provision of DCCs and DSAs, enhance consumer protections for customers who buy DCCs and DSAs from national banks, and ensure that national banks providing DCCs or DSAs do so on a safe and sound basis. Part 37 requires banks to make certain disclosures to customers at the time of solicitation and prior to the purchase of DCCs and DSAs.

The disclosures are located in § 37.6. The disclosures are intended to establish standards to promote the protection of customers who buy DCCs and DSAs. The disclosures promote a customer's understanding of the costs, benefits, and limitations of the product, prevent abusive sales practices, and enable a customer to make an informed decision whether to purchase a DCC or DSA. The rule also addresses safety and

soundness issues to ensure that banks offering DCCs and DSAs effectively manage their risk exposure.

The documentation found in § 37.7 is consistent with Federal Reserve Board's Regulation Z, which requires that a customer sign or initial an affirmative written request for debt cancellation coverage if fees for such coverage are to be excluded from the finance charge. ¹ This helps prevent coercion and customer confusion and enables customers to make informed decisions about whether to purchase a DCC or DSA.

Disclosure Requirements

Section 37.6 requires a bank to provide the following disclosures, as appropriate:

- Anti-tying disclosure—A bank must inform the customer that purchase of the product is optional and neither its decision whether to approve a loan nor the terms and conditions of the loan are conditioned on the purchase of a DCC or DSA. This disclosure appears in both the short form and the long form.
- Explanation of debt suspension agreement—A bank must disclose, where applicable, that if a customer activates the agreement, the customer's duty to pay the loan principal and interest is only suspended and the customer must fully repay the loan after the period of suspension has expired. This disclosure appears in the long form.
- Disclosure of the amount of the fee—A bank must make disclosures regarding the amount of the fee. The disclosure must differ depending on whether the credit is open-end or closed-end. In the case of closed-end credit, the bank must disclose the total fee. In the case of open-end credit, the bank must either: (1) Disclose that the periodic fee is based on the account balance multiplied by a unit cost and provide the unit cost, or (2) disclose the formula used to compute the fee. This disclosure appears in the long form.
- Disclosure concerning lump sum payment of fee—A bank must disclose, where applicable, that a customer has the option to pay the fee in a single payment or in periodic payments. This disclosure is not appropriate for a DCC or DSA provided in connection with a residential mortgage loan because, under part 37, paying the fee in a single payment is prohibited in that case. A bank must disclose that adding the fee to the amount borrowed will increase the cost of the contract. This disclosure appears in the both the short form and long form.

- Disclosure concerning lump sum payment of fee with no refund—A bank must disclose, where applicable, that the customer has the option to choose a contract with or without a refund provision. This disclosure appears in both the short form and long form. This disclosure also requires a bank to inform a customer that prices of refund and norefund products are likely to differ.
- Disclosure concerning refund of fee paid in lump sum—If a bank permits a customer to pay the fee in a single payment and to add the fee to the amount borrowed, the bank must disclose the bank's cancellation policy. The disclosure informs the customer that the DCC or DSA may be canceled at any time for a refund, within a specified number of days for a full refund, or with no refund. This disclosure appears in both the short form and long form.
- Disclosure concerning whether use of credit line is restricted—A bank must inform a customer if the customer's activation of the contract would prohibit the customer from incurring additional charges or using the credit line. This disclosure appears in the long form.
- Disclosure concerning termination of a DCG or DSA—A bank must explain the circumstances under which a customer or the bank could terminate the contract if termination is permitted during the life of the loan. This disclosure appears in the long form.
- Disclosure concerning additional disclosures—A bank must inform consumers that the bank will provide additional information before the customer is required to pay for the product. This disclosure appears in the short form.
- Disclosure pertaining to eligibility requirements, conditions, and exclusions—A bank must describe any material limitations relating to the DCC or DSA. This disclosure appears on both the short form and the long form. The content of the short and long form may vary, depending on whether a bank elects to provide a summary of the conditions and exclusions in the long form disclosures or refer the customer to the pertinent paragraphs in the contract. The short form requires a bank to instruct the customer to read carefully both the long form disclosures and the contract for a full explanation of the terms of the contract. The long form gives a bank the option of either separately summarizing the limitations or advising the customer that a complete explanation of the eligibility requirements, conditions, and exclusions is available in the contract and identifying the paragraphs where a customer may find that information.

^{1 12} CFR 226.4(d)(3)(i)(C).

Affirmative Election to Purchase and Acknowledgment of Receipt of Disclosures Required

Section 37.7 requires a bank to obtain a customer's written affirmative election to purchase a contract and written acknowledgment of receipt of the disclosures required by § 37.6.

If the sale of the contract occurs by telephone, the customer's affirmative election to purchase may be made orally, and the requirement to obtain the customer's acknowledgment of receipt of the required long form disclosures may be waived, provided the bank takes certain steps and maintains certain documentation.

If the contract is solicited through written materials such as mail inserts or "take one" applications and the bank provides only the short form disclosures in the written materials, then the bank shall mail the acknowledgment, together with the long form disclosures, to the customer. The bank may not obligate the customer to pay for the contract until after the bank has received the customer's written acknowledgment of receipt of disclosures unless the bank takes certain steps and maintains certain documentation.

The affirmative election and acknowledgment may also be made electronically.

Type of Review: Regular.
Affected Public: Businesses or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 1,800. Total Annual Responses: 1,800. Frequency of Response: On occasion. Total Annual Burden Hours: 43,200.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a respondent is not required to respond to, an information collection unless the information collection displays a currently valid OMB control number.

On August 26, 2008, the OCC published a notice in the **Federal Register** soliciting comments for 60 days on this information collection (73 FR 50400). One comment was received from an industry trade association. The commenter stated that obtaining a customer's written affirmative election to purchase a contract and written acknowledgement of receipt of the required disclosures is unnecessary and adds to the cost of the product. Addressing these issues would require amending the current rule. Comments continue to be invited on:

(a) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility;

- (b) The accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the collection of information;
- (c) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected:
- (d) Ways to minimize the burden of the collection on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and
- (e) Estimates of capital or startup costs and costs of operation, maintenance, and purchase of services to provide information.

Dated: October 30, 2008.

Michele Meyer,

Assistant Director, Legislative & Regulatory Activities Division.

[FR Doc. E8–26419 Filed 11–5–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4810–33–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service

Proposed Collection; Comment Request for Form 13925

AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Treasury, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13 (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)). Currently, the IRS is soliciting comments concerning Form 13925, Notice of Election of and Agreement To Special Lien Under Internal Revenue Code section 6324A and Regulations.

DATES: Written comments should be received on or before January 5, 2009 to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Direct all written comments to Joe Durbala, Internal Revenue Service, room 6129, 1111 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20224.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Requests for additional information or copies of the form and instructions should be directed to Allan Hopkins, at (202) 622–6665, or at Internal Revenue Service, room 6129, 1111 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20224, or through the internet, at *Allan.M.Hopkins@irs.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Notice of Election of and Agreement To Special Lien Under Internal Revenue Code section 6324A and Regulations.

OMB Number: 1545–2109. *Form Number:* Form 13925.

Abstract: Under IRC section 6166, an estate may elect to pay the estate tax in installments over 14 years if certain conditions are met. If the IRS determines that the government's interest in collecting estate tax is sufficiently at risk, it may require the estate provide a bond. Alternatively, the executor may elect to provide a lien in lieu of bond. Under section 6324A(c) and the regulations thereunder (OMB 1545-0757), to make this election the executor must submit a lien agreement to the IRS. Form 13925 is a form lien agreement that executors may use for this purpose.

Current Actions: There are no changes being made to the form at this time.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Affected Public: Individuals or households.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 500.

Estimated Time Per Respondent: 1 hr. Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 500.

The following paragraph applies to all of the collections of information covered by this notice:

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a collection of information must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any internal revenue law. Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6103.

Request for Comments: Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology;