

the company-specific cash deposit rate published for the most recently completed segment in which the company was reviewed; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the original less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation, but the producer is, then the cash deposit rate will be the cash deposit rate established for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding for the producer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers or exporters will continue to be 4.91 percent, the all-others rate established in the LTFV investigation.¹¹ These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

¹¹ See *Heavy Walled Rectangular Welded Carbon Steel Pipes and Tubes from the Republic of Korea, Mexico, and the Republic of Turkey: Antidumping Duty Orders*, 81 FR 62865, 62867 (September 13, 2016).

Dated: April 8, 2022.

Lisa W. Wang,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Margin Calculations
- IV. Discussion of the Issues
 - Comment 1: Whether Non-Prime Merchandise is Within the Scope of the Order
 - Comment 2: Treatment of Maquilacero's Further-Processed Downstream Sales
 - Comment 3: Treatment of Abinsa S.A. de C.V.'s (Abinsa's) General and Administrative (G&A) Expenses
 - Comment 4: Allocation of Maquilacero's Selling, General, and Administrative (SG&A) Expenses
 - Comment 5: Treatment of Maquilacero's Non-Prime Products
 - Comment 6: Adjustment to Maquilacero's Costs for Purchases From Affiliated Supplier
 - Comment 7: Adjustment to Maquilacero's Costs for Variances and Discounts
 - Comment 8: Adjustment to Maquilacero's Scrap Offset
 - Comment 9: Level of Trade (LOT) for Prolamsa's Home Market Sales
 - Comment 10: Inclusion of Non-Prime Costs of U.S. Products
 - Comment 11: Treatment of Prolamsa's Home Market Downstream Sales
 - Comment 12: Adjustment to Prolamsa's Costs for Purchases From Affiliated Supplier
- V. Recommendation

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-533-903]

Raw Honey From India: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Final Negative Determination of Critical Circumstances

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that imports of raw honey from India are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV) for the period of investigation April 1, 2020, through March 31, 2021.

DATES: Applicable April 14, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Brittany Bauer or Benito Ballesteros, AD/CVD Operations, Office V,

Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-3860 or (202) 482-7425, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On November 23, 2021, Commerce published its preliminary determination in the LTFV investigation of raw honey from India, in which we also postponed the final determination until April 7, 2022.¹ For a complete description of the events that followed the *Preliminary Determination*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.²

Scope of the Investigation

The product covered by this investigation is raw honey from India. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, see Appendix I.

Scope Comments

No interested party commented on the scope of the investigation as it appeared in the *Preliminary Determination*. Therefore, no changes were made to the scope of the investigation.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs that were submitted by parties in this investigation are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. For a list of the issues raised by interested parties and addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, see Appendix II to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is made available to the public via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <http://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

¹ See *Raw Honey from India: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Preliminary Negative Determination of Critical Circumstances, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures*, 86 FR 66528 (November 23, 2021) (*Preliminary Determination*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

² See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Affirmative Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Raw Honey from India," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

Verification

Commerce was unable to conduct on-site verification of the information relied upon in making its final determination in this investigation. However, we took additional steps in lieu of an on-site verification to verify the information relied upon in making this final determination, in accordance with section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).³

Final Negative Determination of Critical Circumstances

Commerce preliminarily determined that critical circumstances do not exist for the two mandatory respondents in this investigation, Allied and Ambrosia, or with respect to all other producers/exporters. No parties submitted comments regarding our negative preliminary critical circumstances determination, and the factual basis for the preliminary negative finding remains unchanged for this final

determination. Therefore, in accordance with section 735(a)(3) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.206, Commerce finds that critical circumstances do not exist for Allied, Ambrosia, and all other producers/exporters. For a full description of the methodology and results of Commerce's critical circumstances analysis, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Changes Since the Preliminary Determination

Based on the comments received from interested parties and record information, we made certain changes to the weighted-average dumping margin calculations for Allied and Ambrosia. For a discussion of these changes, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

All-Others Rate

Section 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act provides that the estimated weighted-average dumping margin for all other producers and exporters not

individually investigated shall be equal to the weighted average of the estimated weighted-average dumping margins established for exporters and producers individually investigated, excluding rates that are zero, *de minimis*, or determined entirely under section 776 of the Act.

In this investigation, Commerce calculated estimated weighted-average dumping margins for Allied and Ambrosia that are not zero, *de minimis*, or based entirely on facts otherwise available. Commerce calculated the all-others rate using a weighted average of the estimated weighted-average dumping margins calculated for the examined respondents weighted by each respondent's publicly-ranged total U.S. sale values for the merchandise under consideration.⁴

Final Determination

The final estimated weighted-average dumping margins are as follows:

Exporter/producer	Estimated weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
Allied Natural Product	6.24
Ambrosia Natural Products (India) Private Limited/Ambrosia Enterprise/Sunlite India Agro Producer Co. Ltd	5.52
All Others	5.87

Disclosure

We intend to disclose the calculations performed in this final determination within five days of the date of publication of this notice to parties in this proceeding in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 735(c)(1)(B) of the Act, Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to continue to suspend liquidation of all appropriate entries of raw honey from India, as described in Appendix I of this notice, which are

entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after November 23, 2021, the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of the affirmative *Preliminary Determination*.

Pursuant to section 735(c)(1)(B)(ii) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(d), we will instruct CBP to require a cash deposit equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margin as follows: (1) The cash deposit rate for the respondents listed above will be equal to the respondent-specific estimated weighted-average dumping margin determined in this final determination; (2) if the exporter is not a respondent identified above, but the producer is, then the cash deposit rate will be equal to the

respondent-specific estimated weighted-average dumping margin established for that producer of the subject merchandise; and (3) the cash deposit rate for all other producers and exporters will be equal to the all-others estimated weighted-average dumping margin. These suspension-of-liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice.

International Trade Commission Notification

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, we will notify the International Trade Commission (ITC) of this final affirmative determination of sales at LTFV. Because Commerce's final

³ For the final determination, we find that Ambrosia Natural Products (India) Private Limited is affiliated with two additional companies, Ambrosia Enterprise, and Sunlite India Agro Producer Co. Ltd., within the meaning of section 771(33) of the Act. We also find that these companies should be treated as a single entity, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.401(f). See Memorandum, "Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Raw Honey from India: Final Determination Affiliation and Single Entity Memorandum for Ambrosia Natural Products (India) Private Limited," dated April 7, 2022. We collectively refer to these companies as "Ambrosia." See also Commerce's Letters, "Antidumping Duty Investigation of Raw Honey from India: In-Lieu of Verification Questionnaire," both dated January 6, 2022; Allied Natural Product

(Allied)'s Letter, "Raw Honey from India: In-Lieu-of-Verification Questionnaire Response," dated January 18, 2022; and Ambrosia's Letter, "Raw Honey from India: Ambrosia Natural Products ('Ambrosia') Response to In Lieu of On-Site Verification of the Antidumping Duty Investigation of Raw Honey," dated January 18, 2022.

⁴ With more than one respondent under examination, Commerce normally calculates: (A) A weighted-average of the estimated weighted-average dumping margins calculated for the examined respondents; (B) a simple average of the estimated weighted-average dumping margins calculated for the examined respondents; and (C) a weighted-average of the estimated weighted-average dumping margins calculated for the examined respondents using each company's publicly-ranged U.S. sale

values for the merchandise under consideration. Commerce then compares (B) and (C) to (A) and selects either the (B) or (C) rate based on the rate closest to (A) as the most appropriate rate for all other producers and exporters. See, e.g., *Ball Bearings and Parts Thereof from France, Germany, Italy, Japan, and the United Kingdom: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews, Final Results of Changed-Circumstances Review, and Revocation of an Order in Part*, 75 FR 53661, 53663 (September 1, 2010). As complete publicly-ranged sales data are available, Commerce based the all-others rate on the publicly-ranged sales data of the mandatory respondents. For a complete analysis of the data, see Memorandum, "Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Raw Honey from India: Calculation of All-Others Rate," dated April 7, 2021.

determination is affirmative, in accordance with section 735(b)(2) of the Act, the ITC will make its final determination as to whether the domestic industry in the United States is materially injured, or threatened with material injury, by reason of imports or sales (or the likelihood of sales) for importation of raw honey from India no later than 45 days after this final determination. If the ITC determines that such injury does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated, and all cash deposits posted will be refunded and suspension of liquidation will be lifted. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, Commerce will issue an antidumping duty order directing CBP to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, antidumping duties on all imports of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice will serve as the only reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

This determination and this notice are issued and published pursuant to sections 735(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.210(c).

Dated: April 7, 2022.

Lisa W. Wang,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix I—Scope of the Investigation

The merchandise covered by this investigation is raw honey. Raw honey is honey as it exists in the beehive or as obtained by extraction, settling and skimming, or coarse straining. Raw honey has not been filtered to a level that results in the removal of most or all of the pollen, *e.g.*, a level that removes pollen to below 25 microns. The subject products include all grades, floral sources and colors of raw honey and also include organic raw honey.

Excluded from the scope is any honey that is packaged for retail sale (*e.g.*, in bottles or other retail containers of five (5) lbs. or less).

The merchandise subject to this investigation is currently classifiable under statistical subheading 0409.00.0005,

0409.00.0035, 0409.00.0045, 0409.00.0056, and 0409.00.0065 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of this investigation is dispositive.

Appendix II—List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Final Negative Determination of Critical Circumstances
- IV. Changes Since the *Preliminary Determination*
- V. Discussion of the Issues
 - General Issues*
 - Comment 1: Whether to Find a Particular Market Situation in the Indian Raw Honey Market
 - Comment 2: Whether to Use Acquisition Cost as a Proxy for the Beekeepers' Cost of Production (COP)
 - Comment 3: Whether to Apply Total Adverse Facts Available (AFA) to Allied and Ambrosia for Alleged Failure to Submit Complete and Audited Financial Statements
 - Comment 4: Application of AFA to Allied and Ambrosia due to Certain Aspects of the Cost Responses Submitted by Middlemen and Beekeeper-Suppliers
 - Allied-Specific Issues*
 - Comment 5: Whether to Continue to Rely on Quarterly Average Costs
 - Comment 6: Whether to Make Certain Adjustments to Credit Expenses
 - Comment 7: Whether to Make Certain Adjustments for Returned Sales
 - Ambrosia-Specific Issues*
 - Comment 8: Whether to Make Certain Adjustments for Returned Sales
 - Comment 9: Whether to Make Certain Adjustments to Credit Expenses
 - Comment 10: Whether to Make Certain Adjustments for Packing Expenses
- VI. Recommendation

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–139]

Certain Mobile Access Equipment and Subassemblies Thereof From the People's Republic of China: Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: Based on affirmative final determinations by the Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC), Commerce is issuing an antidumping duty (AD) order on certain mobile access equipment and subassemblies

thereof (mobile access equipment) from the People's Republic of China (China).

DATES: Applicable April 14, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Andre Gziryan, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2201.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On February 22, 2022, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** its affirmative final determination in the less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation of mobile access equipment from China.¹ On April 8, 2022, the ITC notified Commerce of its final determination, pursuant to section 735(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), that an industry in the United States is threatened with material injury within the meaning of section 735(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act by reason of LTFV imports of mobile access equipment from China.²

Scope of the Order

The products covered by this order are mobile access equipment from China. For a complete description of the scope of this order, *see* the appendix to this notice.

Antidumping Duty Order

On April 8, 2022, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, the ITC notified Commerce of its final determination in this investigation, in which it found that an industry in the United States is threatened with material injury by reason of imports of mobile access equipment from China.³ Therefore, in accordance with section 735(c)(2) of the Act, Commerce is issuing this AD order. Because the ITC determined that imports of mobile access equipment from China are threatening material injury to a U.S. industry, unliquidated entries of such merchandise from China entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, are subject to the assessment of antidumping duties.

Therefore, in accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act, Commerce will direct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess, upon further instructions by Commerce, antidumping

¹ See *Certain Mobile Access Equipment and Subassemblies Thereof from the People's Republic of China: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 87 FR 9576 (February 22, 2022) (*Final Determination*).

² See ITC's Letter, "Notification of ITC Final Determination," dated April 8, 2022.

³ *Id.*