Total estimated costs: \$25,220 (per year), includes \$0 annualized capital investment or maintenance and operational costs.

# III. Are there changes in the estimates from the last approval?

There is an increase of 120 hours in the total estimated respondent burden compared with that identified in the ICR currently approved by OMB. This increase reflects the increase in the number of contractors requesting CBI access from 214 to 288. This change is an adjustment.

### IV. What is the next step in the process for this ICR?

EPA will consider the comments received and amend the ICR as appropriate. The final ICR package will then be submitted to OMB for review and approval pursuant to 5 CFR 1320.12. EPA will issue another **Federal Register** document pursuant to 5 CFR 1320.5(a)(1)(iv) to announce the submission of the ICR to OMB and the opportunity to submit additional comments to OMB. If you have any questions about this ICR or the approval process, please contact the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.** 

Authority: 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.

Dated: June 19, 2025.

#### Nancy B. Beck,

Principal Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2025-11672 Filed 6-24-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

## FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

#### Guidance on Referrals for Potential Criminal Enforcement

**AGENCY:** Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

**ACTION:** Notice of general policy.

**SUMMARY:** This document describes the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's (FDIC) plans to address criminally liable regulatory offenses under the recent executive order on fighting overcriminalization in Federal regulations.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Andrew Kim, Senior Attorney, 1776 F St. NW, F–2016, Washington, DC 20429.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 9, 2025, the President issued Executive Order (E.O.) 14294, Fighting Overcriminalization in Federal Regulations (90 FR 20363; May 14,

2025). Section 7 of E.O. 14294 provides that within 45 days of the order, and in consultation with the Attorney General, each agency should publish guidance in the **Federal Register** describing its plan to address criminally liable regulatory offenses.

Consistent with that requirement, the FDIC advises the public that by May 9, 2026, the agency, in consultation with the Attorney General, will provide to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a report containing (1) a list of all criminal regulatory offenses <sup>1</sup> enforceable by the FDIC or the Department of Justice (DOJ); and (2) for each such criminal regulatory offense, the range of potential criminal penalties for a violation and the applicable mens rea standard <sup>2</sup> for the criminal regulatory offense.

As a practical matter, the FDIC does not generally make referrals of criminal regulatory offenses to the DOJ. To the extent that information is uncovered during the agency's supervisory activities that could suggest potential violations of criminal laws, the FDIC's practice is to refer such information to the Office of the Inspector General for the FDIC (FDIC-OIG). The FDIC-OIG then evaluates the information and determines whether a criminal referral to DOI may be warranted. Where warranted, the FDIC-OIG's office makes referrals to DOJ based upon violations of Federal criminal statutes; the FDIC is not aware of the FDIC-OIG having made any referral to DOJ based upon a criminal regulatory offense in the past 10 years. Nonetheless, the FDIC commits to establishing procedures consistent with the E.O. for any future referral to DOJ involving a potential criminal regulatory offense.

This document announces a general policy, subject to appropriate exceptions and to the extent consistent with law, that when the FDIC is deciding whether to refer alleged violations of criminal regulatory offenses to DOJ, officers and employees of the FDIC should consider the following factors:

- the harm or risk of harm, pecuniary or otherwise, caused by the alleged offense;
- the potential gain to the putative defendant that could result from the offense;
- whether the putative defendant held specialized knowledge or expertise, or was licensed in an industry

related to the rule or regulation at issue; and

• evidence, if any is available, of the putative defendant's general awareness of the unlawfulness of his conduct as well as his knowledge or lack thereof of the regulation at issue.

This general policy is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Dated at Washington, DC, on June 23, 2025. **Matthew P. Reed,** 

Acting General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2025–11691 Filed 6–24–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6714-01-P

#### **FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM**

# Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 et seq.) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/ request.htm. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)).

Comments received are subject to public disclosure. In general, comments received will be made available without change and will not be modified to remove personal or business information including confidential, contact, or other identifying information. Comments should not include any information such as

<sup>1 &</sup>quot;Criminal regulatory offense" means a Federal regulation that is enforceable by a criminal penalty. E.O. 14294, sec. 3(b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Mens rea" means the state of mind that by law must be proven to convict a particular defendant of a particular crime. E.O. 14294, sec. 3(c).