

other reply from KVM or anyone purporting to represent it in this matter. Therefore, the Deputy Administrator, finding that (1) 30 days have passed since the receipt of the Order to Show Cause, and (2) no request for a hearing having been received, concludes that KVM is deemed to have waived its hearing right. After considering material from the investigative file in this matter, the Deputy Administrator now enters his final order without a hearing pursuant to 21 CFR 1301.43(d) and (e) and 1301.46.

The Deputy Administrator finds that on January 23, 2001, KVM submitted an application for DEA registration as a distributor of the list I chemical ephedrine (DEA chemical code number 8113). The application was submitted by Kwana McBurrows (Ms. McBurrows), owner of KVM.

Ephedrine is a legitimately imported and distributed product used in the production of bronchial dilators and asthma relief medication. Ephedrine is also a precursor chemical used in the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine. DEA has developed information which demonstrates a recent increase in the use of ephedrine in the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine: in 1998, DEA was directly involved in the seizure of 1,626 clandestine methamphetamine laboratories. Of these laboratories, there were 135 instances where ephedrine was positively identified as a precursor chemical for methamphetamine (8.3 percent of total clandestine laboratory seizures). In 1999, DEA was directly involved in the seizure of 2,025 clandestine methamphetamine laboratories. Of these laboratory seizures, there were 269 instances where ephedrine was positively identified as a precursor chemical for methamphetamine (13.3 percent of total clandestine laboratory seizures). In 2000, the number of total DEA clandestine seizures dropped to 1,815, however, those involving ephedrine products (249) remained consistent.

During a March 16, 2001, pre-registration investigation, DEA learned that KVM is a distributor of products containing Ginseng. DEA also learned that prior to submitting an application for DEA registration, Ms. McBurrows worked as a beauty consultant, and sold "Mary Kay" health and beauty products. DEA's investigation further revealed that Ms. McBurrows had no prior experience in handling list I chemicals.

DEA's investigation also revealed that KVM does not presently have any customers, but proposes to sell its products exclusively to gas stations. DEA has developed information that

certain list I chemicals such as pseudoephedrine and ephedrine are often purchased in large quantities by non-traditional retail outlets such as gas station retailers who are not typically engaged in the sale of these products. These establishments in turn have sold these listed chemicals to individuals engaged in the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine.

DEA also requested information regarding proposed suppliers of list I chemicals to KVM. Ms. McBurrows informed DEA that the Hammer Corporation (Hammer) of Atlanta, Georgia is one of its potential suppliers. Hammer has been the recipient of 16 Warning Letters from DEA between October 1997 and January 2001. These letters notified Hammer that list I chemicals distributed by the firm have been associated with the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine.

Accordingly, the Deputy Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration, pursuant to the authority vested in him by 21 U.S.C. 823 and 824 and 28 CFR 0.100(b) and 0.104, hereby orders that KVM's application for DEA registration be denied, on the ground that registration of KVM would not be in the public interest. 21 U.S.C. 824(a)(4). This order is effective December 27, 2002.

Dated: November 4, 2002.

John B. Brown, III,

Deputy Administrator.

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Immigration and Naturalization Service

Agency Information Collection Activities: Comment Request

ACTION: Request OMB emergency approval; application for certificate of citizenship in behalf of an adopted child.

The Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service (NS) has submitted an emergency information collection request (ICR) utilizing emergency review procedures, to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance in accordance with section 1320.13(a)(1)(ii) and (a)(2)(iii) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The INS has determined that it cannot reasonably comply with the normal clearance procedures under this part because normal clearance procedures are reasonably likely to prevent or disrupt the collection of information.

Therefore, OMB approval has been requested by November 30, 2002. If granted, the emergency approval is only valid for 180 days. ALL comments and/or questions pertaining to this pending request for emergency approval MUST be directed to OMB, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention: Karen Lee, Department of Justice Desk Officer, Washington, DC 20503. Comments regarding the emergency submission of this information collection may also be submitted via facsimile to Ms. Lee at 202-395-6974.

During the first 60 days of this same period, a regular review of this information collection is also being undertaken. During the regular review period, the INS requests written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning this information collection. Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until January 27, 2003. During 60-day regular review, ALL comments and suggestions, or questions regarding additional information, to include obtaining a copy of the information collection instrument with instructions, should be directed to Mr. Richard A. Sloan, 202-514-3291, Director, Regulations and Forms Services Division, Immigration and Naturalization Service, U.S. Department of Justice, Room 4304, 425 I Street, NW., Washington, DC 20536. Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information collection:

(1) *Type of Information Collection:* Extension of a currently approved collection.

(2) *Title of the Form/Collection:* Application for Certificate of Citizenship in Behalf of an Adopted Child.

(3) *Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Justice sponsoring the collection:* Form N-643. Adjudications Division, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

(4) *Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:* Primary: Individuals or households. This information collection allows United States citizen parents to apply for a certificate of citizenship on behalf of their adopted alien children.

(5) *An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond:* 11,159 responses at 1 hour per response.

(6) *An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection:* 11,159 annual burden hours.

If additional information is required contact: Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, 601 D Street, NW., Patrick Henry Building, Suite 1600, Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: November 21, 2002

Richard A. Sloan,

Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility; To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA-W) issued during the period of November, 2002.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance to be issued, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Act must be met.

(1) that a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, have become totally or partially separated,

(2) that sales or production, or both, of the firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely, and

(3) that increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have contributed importantly to the separations, or threat thereof, and to the absolute decline in sales or production.

Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criterion (3) has not been met. A survey of customers indicated that increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA-W-41,420; Cawood Manufacturing Co., Inc.

TA-W-42,165; Wirtz Manufacturing Co., Port Huron, MI

TA-W-41,495; Arkwright, Inc., OCE USA Holding Co., Fiskville, RI

TA-W-41,655; BTA-Perfex, Butler, WI

TA-W-41,982; Kato Engineering, Inc., North Mankato, MN

TA-W-42,013; Baker Enterprises, Inc., Alpena, MI

TA-W-42,102; Northern Engraving Corp., Lansing Div., Lansing, IA

TA-W-42,189; Baker Electrical Products, Memphis, MI

TA-W-42,205; Sutherland Sheet Metal and Welding Co., Woonsocket, RI

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA-W-42,292; MacNeill Worldwide, a Subsidiary of MacNeill Engineering Co., Laconia, NH

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA-W-42,238; Eichleay Engineers and Constructors, Inc., Pittsburgh, PA

TA-W-42,175; Hilti, Inc., New Castle, PA

TA-W-42,183; IKA Logistics, Inc., Packaging Div., a Subsidiary of Inabata America Corp., El Paso, TX

The investigation revealed that criteria (1) has not been met. A significant number or proportion of the workers did not become totally or partially separated from employment as required for certification.

TA-W-42,273; General Mills, Bakeries and Food Service, Hillside, MI

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued; the date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

TA-W-42,070; Athens Products, Athens, TN: August 9, 2001.

TA-W-42,248; Kasper Machine Co., Inc., Madison Heights, MI: September 18, 2001.

TA-W-42,302; Trends Clothing Corp., a/k/a/ Trends International, Miami, FL: October 9, 2001.

TA-W-42,305; Unison Industries, a Subsidiary of G.E. Fort Worth, TX: October 8, 2001

TA-W-42,329; International Hosiery Network, LLC, Hickory, NC: October 21, 2001.

TA-W-50,020; DMI-Arkansas, Inc., d/b/a/ Arkansas General Industries, Bald Knob, AR: November 5, 2001.

TA-W-42,280; Covington Industries, Inc., High Point, NC: October 9, 2001.

TA-W-42,061; Metropolitan Steel Industries, Inc., d/b/a Steelco, Sinking Springs, PA: August 20, 2001.

TA-W-50,024; Hudson Respiratory Care, Inc., Argyle, NY: November 4, 2001.

TA-W-42,257; Arnold Engineering Co., Marengo, IL: October 1, 2001.

TA-W-42,240; RBX Industries, Inc., Colt, AR: October 1, 2001.

TA-W-42,168; Gulfstream Aerospace Technologies, Bethany, OK: September 6, 2001.

TA-W-42,153; Wells Lamont Corp., Packing and Sewing Department, Waynesboro, MS: September 4, 2001.

TA-W-42,150 & A; Wyman-Gordon Forgings, a Div. of Precision Castparts Corp., North Graft, MA, Worcester, MA: September 4, 2001.

TA-W-42,139; Fabry Industries, Green Bay, WI: August 27, 2001.

TA-W-42,045; Regal Manufacturing, Inc., New York, NY: August 21, 2001.

TA-W-42,022; Molded Container Corp., Portland, OR: August 8, 2001.

TA-W-41,144; Dawson Furniture Co., Webb City, MO: February 20, 2001.

TA-W-40,505; Tee Tease, LLC., Commerce, CA: October 31, 2000.

TA-W-42,744; Angelica Image Apparel, St. Louis, MO: June 12, 2001.

TA-W-41,623; Decrane Aircraft Seating Co., Inc., E.R.D.A. Medical Div., Marinette, WI: May 24, 2001.

Also, pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (P.L. 103-182)