

Affairs, that the outside activity is not expected to involve conduct prohibited by statute or Federal regulation, including 5 CFR part 2635.

(d) *Definitions.* For purposes of this section:

(1) “*Active participant*” has the meaning set forth in 5 CFR 2635.502(b)(1)(v).

(2) “*Nonpublic information*” has the meaning set forth in 5 CFR 2635.703(b).

(3) “*Professional services*” means the provision of personal services by an employee, including the rendering of advice or consultation, which involves application of the skills of a profession as defined in 5 CFR 2636.305(b)(1).

(4) “*Prohibited source*” has the meaning set forth in 5 CFR 2635.203(d).

(5) “*Relates to the employee’s official duties*” has the meaning set forth in 5 CFR 2635.807(a)(2)(i)(B) through (a)(2)(i)(E).

Dated: March 16, 2011.

Steven J. Trent,

Acting Inspector General, Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction.

Approved: March 20, 2011.

Don W. Fox,

Acting Director, Office of Government Ethics.

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA–2012–0292; Directorate Identifier 2011–NM–056–AD; Amendment 39–16991; AD 2012–06–10]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Airplanes

Correction

In rule document 2012–7008 appearing on pages 19071–19074 in the issue of March 30, 2012, make the following correction:

§ 39.13 [Corrected]

■ On page 19073, in § 39.13, beginning in the second column, in the 28th line from the bottom, remove the duplicate section “(g) Inspection and Corrective Action in Fuel Tank Areas” which ends in the third column, in the 24th line from the top.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Mine Safety and Health Administration

30 CFR Part 75

RIN 1219–AB75

Examinations of Work Areas in Underground Coal Mines for Violations of Mandatory Health or Safety Standards

AGENCY: Mine Safety and Health Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) is revising its requirements for preshift, supplemental, on-shift, and weekly examinations of underground coal mines to require operators to identify violations of health or safety standards related to ventilation, methane, roof control, combustible materials, rock dust, other safeguards, and guarding, as listed in the final rule. Violations of these standards create unsafe conditions for underground coal miners. The final rule also requires that the mine operator record and correct violations of the nine safety and health standards found during these examinations. It also requires that the operator review with mine examiners on a quarterly basis all citations and orders issued in areas where preshift, supplemental, on-shift, and weekly examinations are required. The final rule will increase the identification and correction of unsafe conditions in mines earlier, and improve protection for miners in underground coal mines.

DATES: *Effective date:* August 6, 2012.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George F. Triebsch, Director, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, MSHA, at triebsch.george@dol.gov (email), (202) 693–9440 (voice), or (202) 693–9441 (facsimile).

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I. Executive Summary

A. Purpose of the Regulatory Action

Effective preshift, supplemental, on-shift, and weekly examinations are the first line of defense to protect miners working in underground coal mines. After analyzing the Agency’s accident reports and enforcement data for underground coal mines covering a 5-year period, MSHA determined that the same types of violations of health or safety standards are found by MSHA inspectors in underground coal mines every year and that these violations present some of the most unsafe conditions for coal miners. These repeated violations expose miners to unnecessary safety and health risks that should be found and corrected by mine operators. The final rule will increase the identification and correction of unsafe conditions in mines earlier, removing many of the conditions that could lead to danger, and improve protection for miners in underground coal mines.

Section 303 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (Mine Act), which retained without change the