certification and current housing associates.

B. Burden Estimate

The Finance Board estimates the total annual average number of applicants at five, with one response per applicant. The estimate for the average hours per application is ten hours. The estimate for the annual hour burden for applicants is 50 hours (5 applicants × 1 response per applicant × 10 hours).

The Finance Board estimates the total annual average number of maintenance respondents, that is, certified housing associates, at 57, with 1 response per housing associate. The estimate for the average hours per maintenance response is 0.5 hours. The estimate for the annual hour burden for certified housing associates is 28.5 hours (57 certified housing associates × 1 response per associate × 0.5 hours).

The estimate for the total annual hour burden is 78.5 hours (57 housing associates \times 1 response per associate \times 0.5 hours + 5 applicants \times 1 response per applicant \times 10 hours).

C. Comment Request

The Finance Board requests written comments on the following: (1) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of Finance Board functions, including whether the information has practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the Finance Board estimates of the burdens of the collection of information; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on applicants and housing associates, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

By the Federal Housing Finance Board. Dated: June 24, 2002.

Arnold Intrater.

Acting General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 02–16320 Filed 6–27–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6725-01-P

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Governmentwide Per Diem Advisory Board

AGENCY: General Services Administration.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the Governmentwide Per Diem Advisory Board will hold an open meeting from 9:30 a.m. to 2:30 p.m. on Wednesday,

July 10, 2002. The meeting will be held at The American Institute of Architects Board Room, 1735 New York Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20006. This meeting is open to the public. Members of the public who wish to file a statement with the advisory committee may do so in writing c/o Rob Miller, General Services Administration, 1800 F St., NW, Room G-219, Washington, DC 20405, or via email at robl.miller@gsa.gov. Due to critical mission and schedule requirements, there is insufficient time to provide the full 15 calendar days' notice in the Federal Register prior to this meeting, pursuant to the final rule on Federal Advisory Committee Management codified at 41 CFR 102-3.150.

Purpose: To review the current process and methodology that is used by GSA's Office of Governmentwide Policy to determine the per diem rates for destinations within the continental United States (CONUS). The Board will develop recommendations for improvements to the process and/or methodology. In addition, the Board will provide advice regarding best practices for a Governmentwide lodging program.

For security and building access: (1)
Attendees should be prepared to present
a government issued photo
identification; (2) ADA accessible
facility; (3) Public seating may be
limited.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rob Miller at (202) 501–4621, Designated Federal Officer, or Joddy Garner at (202) 501–4857, Per Diem Program Manager, General Services Administration. Also, inquiries may be sent to robl.miller@gsa.gov.

Dated: June 25, 2002.

Becky Rhodes,

Deputy Associate Administrator, Office of Governmentwide Policy.

[FR Doc. 02–16408 Filed 6–27–02; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 6820–34–P**

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-02-65]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer on (404) 498–1210.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Send comments to Anne O'Connor, CDC Assistant Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road, MS-D24, Atlanta, GA 30333. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Proposed Project: Health and Safety Outcomes Related to Work Schedules in Nurses—NEW—The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The mission of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health is to promote safety and health at work for all people through research and prevention.

In the United States, approximately 1.1 million registered nurses work shift schedules to provide essential nursing services that are required around the clock. A recent U.S. government report indicates that the average nurse works more than 40 hours per week. Both shift work and overtime have been independently associated with increased health and safety risks. Little is known about the combined influence of shift work and overtime. In addition, most previous shift work studies of nurses have used young participants. However, the age of the average working U.S. registered nurse is now 43.3 years and has been increasing over the past 20 years. This aging workforce will be more vulnerable to the adverse health and safety risks associated with shift work and overtime. This study will examine the combined influence of shift work and overtime on health and safety in the current registered nurse workforce. The study will provide data for work schedule design recommendations. Potential secondary benefits to society will be improved patient outcomes.

Specific Aim 1. Examine if certain characteristics of shift work schedules,