

(5) Are there any additional groups to whom the prohibition should or should not apply?

(6) If you have ever served as a representative payee, would a "bar" policy have discouraged you from applying to be a payee? If you have never served as a representative payee, do you believe that a "bar" policy will discourage individuals from applying to be a payee? If so, please explain how you believe you would have been discouraged, or other individuals will be discouraged, from applying to be a representative payee.

Please see the information under **ADDRESSES** earlier in this document for methods to give us your comments. We will not respond to your comments, but we will consider them as we review our policies and instructions to determine if we should revise or update them.

Dated: February 1, 2013.

Michael J. Astrue,

Commissioner of Social Security.

[FR Doc. 2013-02919 Filed 2-8-13; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 8183]

Bureau of International Security and Nonproliferation Imposition of Missile Sanctions on Two Chinese Foreign Persons

AGENCY: Bureau of International Security and Nonproliferation, Department of State.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: A determination has been made that two foreign persons in China have engaged in activities that require the imposition of missile sanctions pursuant to the Arms Export Control Act, as amended, and the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (as carried out under Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001).

DATES: Effective Date: February 11, 2013.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Pam Durham, Office of Missile, Biological, and Chemical Nonproliferation, Bureau of International Security and Nonproliferation, Department of State (202-647-4930). On U.S. Government procurement ban issues, Eric Moore, Office of the Procurement Executive, Department of State (703-875-4079).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to Section 73(a)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2797b(a)(1)); Section 11B(b)(1) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C.

App. 2410b(b)(1)), as carried out under Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (hereinafter cited as the "Export Administration Act of 1979"); and Executive Order 12851 of June 11, 1993; the U.S. Government determined on December 21, 2012 that the following foreign persons have engaged in missile technology proliferation activities that require the imposition of missile sanctions described in Section 73 of the AECA (22 U.S.C. 2797b) and Section 11B of the EAA (50 U.S.C. Appx 24710b):

Dalian Sunny Industries, (China), and its sub-units and successors; Li Fangwei (China) [also known as: Karl Lee].

Accordingly, the following sanctions are being imposed on these foreign persons for two years:

(A) Denial of all new individual export licenses for the transfer of MTCR Annex items to the sanctioned entities;

(B) Denial of all U.S. Government contracts relating to MTCR Annex items with the sanctioned entities.

These measures shall be implemented by the responsible departments and agencies of the United States Government as provided in Executive Order 12851 of June 11, 1993.

Dated: February 5, 2013.

Simon Limage,

Acting Assistant Secretary of State for International Security and Nonproliferation.

[FR Doc. 2013-03035 Filed 2-8-13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-25-P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 8184]

Bureau of International Security and Nonproliferation Imposition of Nonproliferation Measures Against Foreign Persons, Including a Ban on U.S. Government Procurement

AGENCY: Bureau of International Security and Nonproliferation, Department of State.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: A determination has been made that a number of foreign persons have engaged in activities that warrant the imposition of measures pursuant to Section 3 of the Iran, North Korea, and Syria Nonproliferation Act. The Act provides for penalties on entities and individuals for the transfer to or acquisition from Iran since January 1, 1999; the transfer to or acquisition from Syria since January 1, 2005; or the transfer to or acquisition from North Korea since January 1, 2006, of goods, services, or technology controlled under multilateral control lists (Missile

Technology Control Regime, Australia Group, Chemical Weapons Convention, Nuclear Suppliers Group, Wassenaar Arrangement) or otherwise having the potential to make a material contribution to the development of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or cruise or ballistic missile systems. The latter category includes (a) items of the same kind as those on multilateral lists but falling below the control list parameters when it is determined that such items have the potential of making a material contribution to WMD or cruise or ballistic missile systems, (b) items on U.S. national control lists for WMD/missile reasons that are not on multilateral lists, and (c) other items with the potential of making such a material contribution when added through case-by-case decisions.

DATES: *Effective Date:* February 5, 2013.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: On general issues: Pam Durham, Office of Missile, Biological, and Chemical Nonproliferation, Bureau of International Security and Nonproliferation, Department of State, Telephone (202) 647-4930. For U.S. Government procurement ban issues: Eric Moore, Office of the Procurement Executive, Department of State, Telephone: (703) 875-4079.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On December 20, 2012, the U.S. Government determined that the measures authorized in Section 3 of the Iran, North Korea, and Syria Nonproliferation Act (Pub. L. 109-353) shall apply to the following foreign persons identified in the report submitted pursuant to Section 2(a) of the Act:

TM Services Limited (TMS) (Belarus) and any successor, sub-unit, or subsidiary thereof;

Scientific and Industrial Republic Unitary Enterprise (Belarus) [also known as DB Radar] and any successor, sub-unit, or subsidiary thereof;

BST Technology and Trade Company (China) and any successor, sub-unit, or subsidiary thereof;

China Precision Machinery Import and Export Corporation (CPMIEC) (China) and any successor, sub-unit, or subsidiary thereof;

Dalian Sunny Industries (China) [also known as: LIMMT] and any successor, sub-unit, or subsidiary thereof;

Karl Lee (China) [also known as: Li Fangwei];

Poly Technologies Incorporated (China) and any successor, sub-unit, or subsidiary thereof;

Iran Electronics Industries (IEI) (Iran) and any successor, sub-unit, or subsidiary thereof;

Marine Industries Organization (MIO) (Iran) and any successor, sub-unit, or subsidiary thereof;

Milad Jafari (Iran);
Al-Zargaa Engineering Complex (ZEC)
(Sudan) and any successor, sub-unit, or
subsidiary thereof;

SMT Engineering (Sudan) and any
successor, sub-unit, or subsidiary thereof;
Army Supply Bureau (ASB) (Syria) and
any successor, sub-unit, or subsidiary
thereof; and

Venezuelan Military Industry Company
(CAVIM) (Venezuela) and any successor, sub-
unit, or subsidiary thereof.

Accordingly, pursuant to Section 3 of
the Act, the following measures are
imposed on these persons:

1. No department or agency of the
United States Government may procure
or enter into any contract for the
procurement of any goods, technology,
or services from these foreign persons,
except to the extent that the Secretary of
State otherwise may determine;

2. No department or agency of the
United States Government may provide
any assistance to these foreign persons,
and these persons shall not be eligible
to participate in any assistance program
of the United States Government, except
to the extent that the Secretary of State
otherwise may determine;

3. No United States Government sales
to these foreign persons of any item on
the United States Munitions List are
permitted, and all sales to these persons
of any defense articles, defense services,
or design and construction services
under the Arms Export Control Act are
terminated; and

4. No new individual licenses shall be
granted for the transfer to these foreign
persons of items the export of which is
controlled under the Export
Administration Act of 1979 or the
Export Administration Regulations, and
any existing such licenses are
suspended.

These measures shall be implemented
by the responsible departments and
agencies of the United States
Government and will remain in place
for two years from the effective date,
except to the extent that the Secretary of
State may subsequently determine
otherwise.

Dated: February 5, 2013.

Simon Limage,

*Acting Assistant Secretary of State for
International, Security and Nonproliferation.*

[FR Doc. 2013-03030 Filed 2-8-13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-25-P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 8182]

Bureau of International Security and Nonproliferation Imposition of Nonproliferation Measures on Chinese and Iranian Foreign Persons

AGENCY: Bureau of International
Security and Nonproliferation,
Department of State.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Government has
determined that a number of Chinese
and Iranian foreign persons have
engaged in proliferation activities that
warrant the imposition of measures
pursuant to Executive Order 12938 of
November 14, 1994, as amended by
Executive Order 13094 of July 28, 1998
and Executive Order 13382 of June 28,
2005.

DATES: *Effective Date:* February 11,
2013.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: On
general issues: Pam Durham, Office of
Missile, Biological, and Chemical
Nonproliferation, Bureau of
International Security and
Nonproliferation, Department of State
(202-647-4930). On import ban issues,
Rochelle Stern, Director Policy Planning
and Program Management, Office of
Foreign Assets Control, Department of
the Treasury (202-622-2500). On U.S.
Government procurement ban issues:
Eric Moore, Office of the Procurement
Executive, Department of State (703-
875-4079).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant
to the authorities vested in the President
by the Constitution and the laws of the
United States of America, including the
International Emergency Economic
Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.)
(IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act
(50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), the Arms
Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et
seq.), and Section 301 of title 3, United
States Code, and Executive Order 12938
of November 14, 1994, as amended, the
U.S. Government determined on
December 21, 2012 that the following
Chinese and Iranian foreign persons
have engaged in proliferation activities
that warrant the imposition of measures
pursuant to sections 4(b), 4(c), and 4(d)
of Executive Order 12938:

Dalian Sunny Industries (China);
Li Fangwei (China) [also known as:
Karl Lee];
Ministry of Defense and Armed
Forces Logistics (MODAFL) (Iran);
Shahid Bakeri Industrial Group
(SBIG) (Iran); and
Shahid Sattari Ground Equipment
Industries (Iran).

Accordingly, pursuant to the
provisions of Executive Order 12938, as
amended, the following measures are
imposed on these entities, their
subunits, and successors for two years:

1. No departments or agencies of the
United States Government shall procure
or enter into any contract for the
procurement of any goods, technology,
or services from these persons including
the termination of existing contracts;

2. No departments or agencies of the
United States government shall provide
any assistance to these persons, and
shall not obligate further funds for such
purposes;

3. The Secretary of the Treasury shall
prohibit the importation into the United
States of any goods, technology, or
services produced or provided by these
persons, other than information or
informational materials within the
meaning of section 203(b)(3) of the
International Emergency Economic
Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)).

These measures shall be implemented
by the responsible departments and
agencies as provided in Executive Order
12938, as amended.

In addition, pursuant to section
126.7(a)(1) of the International Traffic in
Arms Regulations, it is deemed that
suspending the above-named persons
from participating in any activities
subject to Section 38 of the Arms Export
Control Act would be in furtherance of
the national security and foreign policy
of the United States. Therefore, for two
years, the Department of State is hereby
suspending all licenses and other
approvals for: (a) Exports and other
transfers of defense articles and defense
services from the United States to the
above-named persons; (b) transfers of
U.S.-origin defense articles and defense
services from foreign destinations to the
above-named persons; and (c) temporary
import of defense articles to or from the
above-named persons.

Moreover, it is the policy of the
United States to deny licenses and other
approvals for exports and temporary
imports of defense articles and defense
services destined for the above-named
persons.

Dated: February 5, 2013.

Simon Limage,

*Acting Assistant Secretary of State for
International Security and Nonproliferation.*

[FR Doc. 2013-03026 Filed 2-8-13; 8:45 am]

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