through October 31, 2004. The natural gas will be imported from Husky Oil at Noyes, Minnesota, and will be used to generate electricity and process steam at a 1,370-megawatt, natural gas-fired, combined-cycle, cogeneration facility which MCV operates in Midland, Michigan.

This Order may be found on the FE web site at http://www.fe.doe.gov (select gas regulation), or on the electronic bulletin board at (202) 586–7853. It is also available for inspection and copying in the Office of Natural Gas & Petroleum Import & Export Activities Docket Room, 3E–033, Forrestal Building, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20585–0334, (202) 586–9478. The Docket Room is open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

Issued in Washington, DC, September 16, 2002.

Clifford Tomaszewski,

Manager, Natural Gas Regulation, Office of Natural Gas & Petroleum, Import & Export Activities, Office of Fossil Energy.

[FR Doc. 02–24075 Filed 9–20–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Bonneville Power Administration

GNA Cliffs Energy Project

AGENCY: Bonneville Power Administration (BPA), Department of Energy (DOE).

ACTION: Notice of availability of Record of Decision (ROD).

SUMMARY: This notice announces the availability of the ROD to offer contract terms for integrating power from the Cliffs Energy Project of GNA Energy, LLC, into the Federal Columbia River Transmission System. This decision is based on input from public processes and information in the BPA Business Plan Environmental Impact Statement (DOE/EIS-0183, June 1995) and the Business Plan ROD (August 15, 1995). The Cliffs Energy Project is a 300megawatt gas-fired, combined-cycle, combustion-turbine power generation project, which will help serve as a resource to meet demand in the long

ADDRESSES: Copies of the GNA Cliffs Energy ROD, Business Plan, and Business Plan EIS and ROD may be obtained by calling BPA's toll-free document request line: 1–800–622–4520.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Donald L. Rose, KEC-4, Bonneville

Power Administration, P.O. Box 3621, Portland, Oregon, 97208–3621, telephone number 503–230–3796; fax number 503–230–5699; e-mail dlrose@bpa.gov.

Issued in Portland, Oregon, on September 13, 2002.

Stephen J. Wright,

Administrator and Chief Executive Officer. [FR Doc. 02–24073 Filed 9–20–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Bonneville Power Administration

Availability of the Bonneville Purchasing Instructions (BPI) and Bonneville Financial Assistance Instructions (BFIA)

AGENCY: Bonneville Power Administration (BPA), DOE.

ACTION: Notice of document availability.

SUMMARY: Copies of the Bonneville Purchasing Instructions (BPI), which contain the policy and establish the procedures that BPA uses in the solicitation, award, and administration of its purchases of goods and services, including construction, are available in printed form for \$30, or without charge at the following Internet address: http://www.bpa.gov/Corporate/kgp/bpi/ bpi.htm. Copies of the Bonneville Financial Assistance Instructions (BFAI), which contain the policy and establish the procedures that BPA uses in the solicitation, award, and administration of financial assistance instruments (principally grants and cooperative agreements), are available in printed form for \$15 each, or available without charge at the following Internet address: http://www.bpa.gov/corporate/ kgp/bfai/bfai.htm.

ADDRESSES: Unbound copies of the BPI or BFAI may be obtained by sending a check for the proper amount to the Head of the Contracting Activity, Routing CK-1, Bonneville Power Administration, P.O. Box 3621, Portland, Oregon 97208–3621.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Manager, Corporate Communications,

Manager, Corporate Communic 1–800–622–4519.

supplementary information: BPA was established in 1937 as a Federal Power Marketing Agency in the Pacific Northwest. BPA operations are financed from power revenues rather than annual appropriations. BPA's purchasing operations are conducted under 16 U.S.C. 832 et seq. and related statutes. Pursuant to these special authorities, the BPI is promulgated as a statement of purchasing policy and as a body of

interpretative regulations governing the conduct of BPA purchasing activities. It is significantly different from the Federal Acquisition Regulation, and reflects BPA's private sector approach to purchasing the goods and services that it requires. BPA's financial assistance operations are conducted under 16 U.S.C. 832 et seq., and 16 U.S.C. 839 et seq. The BFAI express BPA's financial assistance policy. The BFAI also comprise BPA's rules governing implementation of the principles provided in the following OMB circulars:

A-21 Cost Principles for Educational Institutions.

A–87 Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments.

A–102 Grants and Cooperative Agreements with State and Local Governments

A-110 Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Other Agreements with Institutions of Higher Education, Hospitals and Other Non-Profit Organizations

A–122 Cost Principles for Non-Profit Organizations.

A–133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations.

BPA's solicitations and contracts include notice of applicability and availability of the BPI and the BFAI, as appropriate, for the information of offerors on particular purchases or financial assistance transactions.

Issued in Portland, Oregon, on September 11, 2002.

Kenneth R. Berglund,

Manager, Contracts and Property Management.

[FR Doc. 02–24074 Filed 9–20–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. RP02-541-000]

Nicole Gas Production, Ltd. v. Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation; Notice of Complaint

 $September\ 17,\ 2002.$

Take notice that on September 11, 2002, Nicole Production, Ltd. (Nicole), a minority-owned gas producer, filed a complaint against Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation (Columbia Gas) pursuant to 18 CFR 385.206. Nicole alleges that Columbia Gas has improperly voided its gathering agreement with Nicole. Nicole alleges that Columbia Gas has improperly