

[FR Doc. 2019-04800 Filed 3-14-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-C

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION**[Disaster Declaration #15890 and #15891;
Alabama Disaster Number AL-00094]****Presidential Declaration of a Major
Disaster for the State of Alabama****AGENCY:** U.S. Small Business
Administration.**ACTION:** Notice.**SUMMARY:** This is a Notice of the
Presidential declaration of a major
disaster for the State of Alabama
(FEMA-4419-DR), dated 03/05/2019.
Incident: Severe Storms, Straight-line
Winds, and Tornadoes.*Incident Period:* 03/03/2019.**DATES:** Issued on 03/05/2019.*Physical Loan Application Deadline
Date:* 05/06/2019.*Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan
Application Deadline Date:* 12/05/2019.**ADDRESS:** Submit completed loan
applications to: U.S. Small Business
Administration, Processing and
Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport
Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** A.
Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance,
U.S. Small Business Administration,
409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050,
Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205-6734.**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Notice is
hereby given that as a result of the
President's major disaster declaration on
03/05/2019, applications for disaster
loans may be filed at the address listed
above or other locally announced
locations. The following areas have been
determined to be adversely affected by
the disaster:*Primary Counties (Physical Damage and
Economic Injury Loans):* Lee*Contiguous Counties (Economic Injury
Loans Only):**Alabama:* Chambers, Macon, Russell,
Tallapoosa.*Georgia:* Harris, Muscogee.

The Interest Rates are:

	Percent
<i>For Physical Damage:</i>	
Homeowners with Credit Avail- able Elsewhere	4.125
Homeowners without Credit Available Elsewhere	2.063
Businesses with Credit Avail- able Elsewhere	8.000
Businesses without Credit Available Elsewhere	4.000
Non-Profit Organizations with Credit Available Elsewhere ...	2.750

	Percent
Non-Profit Organizations with- out Credit Available Else- where	2.750
<i>For Economic Injury:</i>	
Businesses & Small Agricultural Cooperatives without Credit Available Elsewhere	4.000
Non-Profit Organizations with- out Credit Available Else- where	2.750

The number assigned to this disaster
for physical damage is 15890C and for
economic injury is 158910.(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance
Number 59008)**Rafaela Monchek,***Acting Associate Administrator for Disaster
Assistance.*

[FR Doc. 2019-04939 Filed 3-14-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8025-01-P

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION**[Docket No. SSA-2019-0001]****Social Security Ruling 19-1p; Titles II
and XVI: Effect of the Decision in Lucia
v. Securities and Exchange
Commission (SEC) On Cases Pending
at the Appeals Council****AGENCY:** Social Security Administration.**ACTION:** Notice of Social Security Ruling
(SSR).**SUMMARY:** We are giving notice of SSR
19-1p. This ruling explains how we will
adjudicate cases pending at the Appeals
Council in which the claimant has
raised a timely challenge to the
appointment of an administrative law
judge (ALJ) under the Appointments
Clause of the United States Constitution
in light of the Supreme Court's recent
2018 decision in *Lucia v. SEC*.**DATES:** We will apply this notice on
March 15, 2019.**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**Nancy Chung, Office of Appellate
Operations, 5107 Leesburg Pike, Falls
Church, Virginia, (703) 605-7100. For
information on eligibility or filing for
benefits, call our national toll-free
number 1-800-772-1213, or TTY
1-800-325-0778, or visit our internet
site, Social Security online, at <http://www.socialsecurity.gov>.**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Although
5 U.S.C. 552(a)(1) and (a)(2) do not
require us to publish this SSR, we are
doing so under 20 CFR 402.35(b)(1).Through SSRs, we make available to
the public precedential decisions
relating to the Federal old-age,
survivors, disability, supplementalsecurity income, and special veterans
benefits programs. We may base SSRs
on determinations or decisions made at
all levels of administrative adjudication,
Federal court decisions, Commissioner's
decisions, opinions of the Office of the
General Counsel, or other
interpretations of the law and
regulations.Although SSRs do not have the same
force and effect as statutes or
regulations, they are binding on all
components of the Social Security
Administration. 20 CFR 402.35(b)(1).This SSR will remain in effect until
we publish a notice in the **Federal
Register** that rescinds it, or we publish
a new SSR that replaces or modifies it.(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance,
Program Nos. 96.001, Social Security—
Disability Insurance; 96.002, Social
Security—Retirement Insurance; 96.004—
Social Security—Survivors Insurance; 96.006
Supplemental Security Income.)**Nancy Berryhill,***Acting Commissioner of Social Security.***Policy Interpretation Ruling***Social Security Ruling (SSR) 19-1p*Titles II and XVI: Effect of the Decision
in *Lucia V. Securities and Exchange
Commission (SEC)* on Cases Pending at
the Appeals Council*Purpose:* This ruling explains how we
will adjudicate cases pending at the
Appeals Council in which the claimant
has raised a timely challenge to the
appointment of an administrative law
judge (ALJ) under the Appointments
Clause of the United States Constitution
in light of the Supreme Court's decision
in *Lucia v. SEC*, 138 S. Ct. 2044 (2018).*Citations:* 20 CFR 404.970, 404.976(b),
416.1470, and 416.1476(b).*Background:* In *Lucia*, the Supreme
Court considered a challenge to the
manner in which the SEC appointed its
ALJs. The Supreme Court held that the
SEC's ALJs are "Officers of the United
States" within the meaning of the
Appointments Clause of the United
States Constitution, Art. II, § 2, cl. 2.¹ As
a result, the SEC's ALJs should have
been (but were not) appointed to their
positions by either the President, a court
of law, or the Department head. The
Supreme Court reversed the lower
court's decision finding that the SEC's
ALJs were not inferior officers. Having
determined that *Lucia* had raised a
timely challenge to the ALJ's¹ The Supreme Court explained in *Lucia* that
"[t]he Appointments Clause prescribes the
exclusive means of appointing 'Officers.' Only the
President, a court of law, or a head of department
can do so. See Art. II, § 2, cl. 2." *Lucia v. SEC*, 138
S. Ct. 2044, 2051 (2018).