

Images of Glamour and Style (Photographs by Horst and Hoyningen-Huene)," imported from abroad for the temporary exhibition without profit within the United States, are of cultural significance. The objects are imported pursuant to loan agreements with the foreign lender. I also determine that the exhibition or display of the exhibit objects at the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston, MA from on or about October 21, 2001 to on or about January 6, 2002 and at possible additional venues yet to be determined, is in the national interest. Public Notice of these Determinations is ordered to be published in the **Federal Register**.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information, including a list of the exhibit objects, contact Paul W. Manning, Attorney-Adviser, Office of the Legal Adviser, U.S. Department of State (telephone: 202/619-5997). The address is U.S. Department of State, SA-44, 301 4th Street, S.W., Room 700, Washington, D.C. 20547-0001.

Dated: August 27, 2001.

Helena Kane Finn,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Educational and Cultural Affairs, Department of State.

[FR Doc. 01-22061 Filed 8-30-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-08-P

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

Determinations Under the African Growth and Opportunity Act

AGENCY: Office of the United States Trade Representative.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The United States Trade Representative has determined that Botswana has adopted an effective visa system and related procedures to prevent unlawful transshipment and the use of counterfeit documents in connection with shipments of textile and apparel articles and has implemented and follows, or is making substantial progress toward implementing and following, the customs procedures required by the African Growth and Opportunity Act. Therefore, imports of eligible products from Botswana qualify for the textile and apparel benefits provided under the AGOA.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 27, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James Roth, Deputy Director for African Affairs, Office of the United States Trade Representative, (202) 395-9514.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The African Growth and Opportunity Act

(Title I of the Trade and Development Act of 2000, Pub. L. No. 106-200) (AGOA) provides preferential tariff treatment for imports of certain textile and apparel products of beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries. The textile and apparel trade benefits under the AGOA are available to imports of eligible products from countries that the President designates as "beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries," provided that these countries (1) have adopted an effective visa system and related procedures to prevent unlawful transshipment and the use of counterfeit documents, and (2) have implemented and follow, or are making substantial progress toward implementing and following, certain customs procedures that assist the Customs Service in verifying the origin of the products.

In Proclamation 7350 (Oct. 2, 2000), the President designated Botswana as a "beneficiary sub-Saharan African country." Proclamation 7350 delegated to the United States Trade Representative (USTR) the authority to determine whether designated countries have met the two requirements described above. The President directed the USTR to announce any such determinations in the **Federal Register** and to implement them through modifications of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS). Based on actions that Botswana has taken, I have determined that Botswana has satisfied these two requirements.

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority vested in the USTR by Proclamation 7350, U.S. note 7(a) to subchapter II of chapter 98 of the HTS and U.S. note 1 to subchapter XIX of chapter 98 of the HTS are each modified by inserting "Botswana" in alphabetical sequence in the list of countries. The foregoing modifications to the HTS are effective with respect to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after the effective date of this notice. Importers claiming preferential tariff treatment under the AGOA for entries of textile and apparel articles should ensure that those entries meet the applicable visa requirements. *See Visa Requirements Under the African Growth and Opportunity Act*, 66 FR 7837 (2001).

Peter F. Algeier,

Acting United States Trade Representative.

[FR Doc. 01-22062 Filed 8-30-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3190-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Approval of Noise Compatibility Program, Williams Gateway Airport, Mesa, AZ

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, Transportation.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) announces its findings on the Noise Compatibility Program submitted by the Williams Gateway Airport Authority, Mesa, Arizona, under the provisions of Title I of the Aviation Safety and Noise Abatement Act of 1979 (Public Law 96-193) and Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 150 (FAR part 150). These findings are made in recognition of the description of Federal and nonfederal responsibilities in Senate Report No. 96-52 (1980). On May 2, 2000, the FAA determined that the noise exposure maps submitted by the Williams Gateway Airport Authority under FAR part 150 were in compliance with applicable requirements. On August 17, 2001, the Acting Associate Administrator for Airports approved the Williams Gateway Airport Noise Compatibility Program. Twenty of the twenty-three program measures have been approved. Seven measures were approved as voluntary measures, thirteen measures were approved outright, two measures were disapproved pending the submission of additional information and one measure was disapproved for the purposes of part 150.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the FAA's approval of the Williams Gateway Airport Noise Compatibility Program is August 17, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brian Armstrong, Airport Planner, Airports Division, AWP-611.1, Federal Aviation Administration, Western-Pacific Region. Mailing address: P.O. Box 92007, Los Angeles, California 90009-2007. Telephone: (310) 725-3614. Street address: 15000 Aviation Boulevard, Hawthorne, California 90261. Documents reflecting this FAA action may be reviewed at this location.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice announces that the FAA has given its overall approval to the Noise Compatibility Program for the Williams Gateway Airport, effective August 17, 2001. Under Section 104(a) of the Aviation Safety and Noise Abatement Act of 1979 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act"), an airport operator who has previously submitted a Noise Exposure

Map, may submit to the FAA, a Noise Compatibility Program which sets forth the measures taken or proposed by the airport operator for the reduction of existing noncompatible land uses and prevention of additional noncompatible land uses within the area covered by the Noise Exposure Maps. The Act requires such programs to be developed in consultation with interested and affected parties including local communities, government agencies, airport users, and FAA personnel.

Each airport Noise Compatibility Program developed in accordance with FAR part 150 is a local program, not a federal program. The FAA does not substitute its judgment for that of the airport proprietor with respect to which measures should be recommended for action. The FAA's approval or disapproval of FAR part 150 program recommendations is measured according to the standards expressed in FAR part 150 and is limited to the following determinations:

a. The Noise Compatibility Program was developed in accordance with the provisions and procedures of FAR part 150;

b. Program measures are reasonably consistent with achieving the goals of reducing existing noncompatible land uses around the airport and preventing the introduction of additional noncompatible land uses;

c. Program measures would not create an undue burden on interstate or foreign commerce, unjustly discriminate against types or classes of aeronautical uses, violate the terms of airport grant agreements, or intrude into areas preempted by the Federal Government; and

d. Program measures relating to the use of flight procedures can be implemented within the period covered by the program without derogating safety, adversely affecting the efficient use and management of the navigable airspace and air traffic control systems, or adversely affecting other powers and responsibilities of the Administrator prescribed by law.

Specific limitations with respect to FAA's approval of an airport Noise Compatibility Program are delineated in FAR part 150, section 150.5. Approval is not a determination concerning the acceptability of land uses under Federal, State, or local law. Approval does not by itself constitute a FAA implementing action. A request for Federal action or approval to implement specific noise compatibility measures may be required, and a FAA decision on the request may require an environmental assessment of the proposed action. Approval does not constitute a

commitment by the FAA to financially assist in the implementation of the program nor a determination that all measures covered by the program are eligible for grant-in-aid funding from the FAA. Where Federal funding is sought, requests for project grants must be submitted to the FAA Airports Division office in Hawthorne, California.

The Williams Gateway Airport authority submitted the Noise Exposure Maps, descriptions, and other documentation produced during the noise compatibility planning study conducted from February 1999 through December 2000 to the FAA on December 16, 1999. The Williams Gateway Airport Noise Exposure Maps were determined by FAA to be in compliance with applicable requirements on May 2, 2000. Notice of this determination was published in the Federal Register on May 15, 2000.

The Williams Gateway Airport study contains a proposed Noise Compatibility Program comprised of actions designed for implementation by airport management and adjacent jurisdictions. It was requested that the FAA evaluate and approve this material as a Noise Compatibility Program as described in Section 104(b) of the Act. The FAA began its review of the program on February 20, 2001 and was required by a provision of the Act to approve or disapprove the program within 180 days (other than the use of new flight procedures for noise control). Failure to approve or disapprove such program within the 180-day period shall be deemed to be an approval of such program.

The submitted program contained twenty-three proposed actions for noise mitigation on and off the airport. The FAA completed its review and determined that the procedural and substantive requirements of the Act and FAR Part 150 have been satisfied. The Acting Associate Administrator for Airports approved the overall program effective August 17, 2001.

Twenty of the twenty-three program measures have been approved. The following seven measures were approved as voluntary measures: Continue Calm Wind Runway 30 L/C/R Use Program; Continue using Runway 12R-30L for Light Piston Aircraft and Runways 12C/L-30C/R for Large Turbojet Aircraft Operations; Continue to Encourage use of NBAA [National Business Aviation Association] Noise Abatement Procedures; Continue to Promote use of AOPA [Aircraft Owner and Pilots Association] Noise Awareness Steps by light single and twin-engine aircraft; Continue to Promote the Departure Procedure for the

AANG [Arizona Air National Guard] 161st Air Refueling Wing KC-135 Aircraft and Aircraft less than 12,500 pounds; Develop Helicopter Reporting Points and Arrival and Departure Routes; and, Request Aircraft Using Runway 12R-30L Traffic Pattern To Remain East of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The following thirteen measures were approved outright: Support 161st Air Refueling Wing of the Arizona Air National Guard's efforts to re-engine KC-135 Aircraft; Update General Plans to Reflect the "Land Use Planning Scenario" noise contours and Airport Planning Area as a basis for noise compatibility Planning; Retain compatible land use designations for undeveloped land within the Airport Planning Area; Develop a new mixed-use category that does not allow residential within the planned mixed-use areas inside the planning scenario's 60-DNL boundary and immediately north of the airport; Establish noise compatibility guidelines for the review of development projects within the "planning scenario" 60 DNL noise contour; Encourage rezoning areas within the "Planning Scenario" noise contours and Airport Planning Area (APA) to Match the Compatible land use designations in the general plans; Amend Airport Over flight Zoning Ordinance, reflect planning scenario noise contours and Airport Planning Area (APA), require fair disclosure covenants and amend sound insulation standards; Amend subdivision regulations to require recording of fair disclosure covenants and granting of avigation easements in Airport Planning Area; Amend building codes to add sound insulation standards supporting the Airport Planning Area (APA) over flight zoning requirements; Maintain and update the system for receiving, analyzing, and responding to noise complaints and community outreach; Acquire noise monitors; Review Noise Compatibility Plan implementation; and, Update Noise Exposure Maps and Noise Compatibility Program. The following Two measures were disapproved pending the submission of additional information: Install PAPI-4 Lighting on Runway 12R-30L; and, Encourage Use of AC 91.53A Noise Abatement Departure Procedures by Air Carrier Jets. The following measure was disapproved for the purposes of Part 150: Relocate Instrument Landing System to Runway 30R.

These determinations are set forth in detail in a Record of Approval endorsed by the Acting Associate Administrator for Airports on August 17, 2001. The

Record of Approval, as well as other evaluation materials and the documents comprising the submittal are available for review at the FAA office listed above and at the administrative offices of the Williams Gateway Airport Authority, Mesa, Arizona.

Issued in Hawthorne, California, on August 23, 2001.

Herman C. Bliss,

*Manager, Airports Division, AWP-600,
Western-Pacific Region.*

[FR Doc. 01-22046 Filed 8-30-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Notice of availability of Final Environmental Impact Statement for the Chicago Terminal Airspace Project

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of Availability of Final Environmental Impact Statement.

SUMMARY: The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Great Lakes Region, is issuing this notice to advise the public of the availability of the Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) for the Chicago Terminal Airspace Project (CTAP).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Annette Davis, Federal Aviation Administration, Great Lakes Region, Air Traffic Division, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, Illinois, 60018, (847)-294-8091.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The proposed CTAP changes could affect flights to and from airports within the Chicago region. The project is not associated with any airport development projects and does not require construction of any physical facilities. The changes proposed by CTAP are designed to improve traffic flows and reduce airborne and ground delays. They would enhance safety and efficiency by maximizing controller flexibility and simplifying operations for pilots. CTAP has the potential to enhance air quality by reducing en route mileage. As disclosed in the FEIS, CTAP would not result in significant adverse impacts to any resource category.

Council on Environmental Quality Regulations for Implementing the Procedural Provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act set forth that no decision on a proposed action shall be made by a Federal agency until 30 days after the Environmental Protection Agency publishes, in the **Federal**

Register, a notice that the FEIS has been filed with them.

The FAA will assess and consider any written correspondence it receives on the CTAP FEIS until close of business, Tuesday, October 9, 2001. Late received correspondence will be considered to the extent feasible. This document will be available during normal business hours at the following locations.:

State of Illinois

Bensenville Public Library 200 S.
Church Rd. Bensenville, IL 60106

Des Plaines Public Library 841
Graceland Ave. Des Plaines, IL 60016

Eisenhower Public Library 4652 N.
Olcott Ave. Harwood Heights, IL
60656

Elk Grove Village Public Library, 1001
Wellington Ave., Elk Grove Village, IL
60007

Elmhurst Public Library, 211 Prospect
Ave., Elmhurst, IL 60126

Franklin Park Public Library, 10311
Grand Ave., Franklin Park, IL 60131

Garfield Ridge Branch Library, 6348
South Archer Ave., Chicago, IL 60638

Harold Washington Library, 400 South
State St., 5th Floor, Chicago, IL 60605

Mount Prospect Public Library, 10 S.
Emerson St., Mount Prospect, IL
60056

Northlake Public Library, 231 N. Wolf
Rd., Northlake, IL 60164

Oriole Park Branch Library, 5201 N.
Oketo Ave., Chicago, IL 60656

Park Ridge Public Library, 20 S.
Prospect Ave., Park Ridge, IL 60068

Schiller Park Public Library, 4200 Old
River Rd., Schiller Park, IL 60176

State of Indiana

Lake County Public Library, 1919 W.
81st Ave., Merrillville, IN 46410-5382

State of Wisconsin

Milwaukee Central Public Library, 814
W. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, WI
53233

Oak Creek Public Library, 8620 S.
Howell Ave., Oak Creek, WI 53154

Information is also available on the
Internet at the web site address [http://
www.faa.gov/ctap.html](http://www.faa.gov/ctap.html).

Issued in Des Plaines, Illinois, on August
23, 2001.

Denis C. Burke,

*Manager, Airspace Branch, Air Traffic
Division, Great Lakes Region.*

[FR Doc. 01-22051 Filed 8-30-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Environmental Impact Statement: Juneau International Airport, Juneau AK

AGENCY: Federal Aviation
Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Supplemental Notice of Intent.

SUMMARY: The Federal Aviation
Administration announces
incorporation of a new major proposed
action into the Environmental Impact
Statement (EIS) assessing
implementation of projects proposed at
the Juneau International Airport.

RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: Patricia A.
Sullivan, Environmental Specialist,
Federal Aviation Administration,
Alaskan Region, Airports Division, 222
W. 7th Avenue, #14, Anchorage, AK
99513.

WRITTEN COMMENTS: Ken Wallace,
Project Manager, SWCA, Inc., 230 South
500 East, Suite 380, Salt Lake City, UT
84102. E-mail: kwallace@swca.com.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Cathryn Collis, Compliance and Process
Coordinator, SWCA, 230 South 500
East, Suite 380, Salt Lake City, UT
84102. Phone (801) 322-4307. E-mail:
ccollis@swca.com

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The
Federal Aviation Administration
published a Notice of Intent on June 1,
2001 to prepare and consider an EIS for
implementation of proposed projects at
the Juneau International Airport. Major
projects proposed to be assessed in the
EIS include: creation of additional
Runway Safety Area (RSA) centered
about the runway that is 500 feet wide
by the length of the runway plus 1,000
feet beyond each runway end;
installation of a Medium Approach
Lighting System with Rails (MALSR) to
improve the approach to Runway 26;
construction of a Snow Removal
Equipment Building to provide needed
storage space for the snow removal fleet;
and construction of additional Aviation
Development Areas to provide adequate
facilities to accommodate the growing
demand and tourism needs of
helicopters and fixed wing aircraft. A
supplemental NOI was subsequently
published on August 20, 2001,
extending the public scoping comment
period through September 30, 2001, and
announced that the EIS would also
evaluate a proposed new fuel tank farm
access road.

Juneau International Airport has
identified a number of habitat
modification proposals and wildlife