because they have copyright restriction. Some may be available at the website address, if listed. References without asterisks are available for viewing only at the Dockets Management Staff. FDA has verified the website addresses, as of the date this document publishes in the **Federal Register**, but websites are subject to change over time.

- * 1. FDA Memorandum from S. Shibko to Division of Regulations and Petitions Control, May 25, 1970.
- * 2. FDA Memorandum from L. Friedman to L. Buckley, Division of Regulations and Petitions Control, October 21, 1970.
- * 3. FDA Memorandum from Y. Zang to T. Croce, Division of Petition Review, September 2, 2014.4. Woodling K.A., P. Chitranshi, C.C. Jacob, et al., "Toxicological Evaluation of Brominated Vegetable Oil in Sprague Dawley Rats." Food and Chemical Toxicology, 165:113137, 2022.
- * 5. FDA Memorandum from D. Doell to J. Downey, Regulatory Review Branch—Team 1, March 1, 2023.
- * 6. FDA Memorandum from J. Gingrich to J. Downey, Regulatory Review Branch—Team 1, March 1, 2023.
- * 7. FDA Preliminary Economic Analysis of Rule to Revoke Uses of Brominated Vegetable Oil in Foods (https://www.fda.gov/about-fda/ reports/economic-impact-analysesfda-regulations).

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 180

Food additives.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under the authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, it is proposed that 21 CFR part 180 be amended as follows:

PART 180—FOOD ADDITIVES PERMITTED IN FOOD OR IN CONTACT WITH FOOD ON AN INTERIM BASIS PENDING ADDITIONAL STUDY

■ 1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 321, 342, 343, 348, 371; 42 U.S.C. 241.

§180.30 [Removed]

■ 2. Remove § 180.30.

Dated: October 25, 2023.

Robert M. Califf,

Commissioner of Food and Drugs. [FR Doc. 2023–24084 Filed 11–2–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4164-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement

30 CFR Part 950

[SATS WY-051-FOR; Docket ID: OSM-2023-0004; S1D1S SS08011000 SX064A000 223S180110; S2D2S SS08011000 SX064A000 22XS501520]

Wyoming Regulatory Program

AGENCY: Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, Interior. **ACTION:** Proposed rule; public comment period and opportunity for public hearing on proposed amendment.

SUMMARY: We, the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSMRE), are announcing receipt of a proposed regulatory and statutory amendment to the Wyoming coal program (Wyoming program) under the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (SMCRA or the Act). On September 25, 2018 the Wyoming Environmental Quality Council approved a number of revisions to rules governing permitting, operation, and abandonment of Class III underground injection and recovery wells associated with in situ mining of coal. Specifically, the proposed revisions update regulations to be consistent with Environmental Protection Agency Underground Injection Control regulations for class III wells, reorganize the chapter to better correlate with other key Land Quality Division (LQD) regulations and to reference existing LQD regulations and definitions, update regulations to be consistent with other Wyoming regulations pertaining to well construction, well abandonment, and aquifer exemptions, and update regulations to include current best management practices specific to in situ coal mining.

This document gives the times and locations that the Wyoming program and this proposed amendment to that program are available for your inspection, the comment period during which you may submit written comments on the amendment, and the procedures that we will follow for the public hearing, if one is requested.

DATES: We will accept written comments on this amendment until 4 p.m., M.D.T., December 4, 2023. If requested, we may hold a public hearing or meeting on the amendment on November 28, 2023. We will accept requests to speak at a hearing until 4 p.m., M.D.T., on November 20, 2023.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by SATS No. WY-051-FOR, by any of the following methods:

• Mail/Hand Delivery: OSMRE, Attn: Jeffrey Fleischman, P.O. Box 11018, 100 East B Street, Room 4100, Casper, Wyoming 82602.

• Fax: (307) 261–6552.

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and docket number for this rulemaking. For detailed instructions on submitting comments and additional information on the rulemaking process, see the "Public Comment Procedures" heading of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section of this document.

Docket: For access to the docket to review copies of the Wyoming program, this amendment, a listing of any scheduled public hearings or meetings, and all written comments received in response to this document, you must go to the address listed below during normal business hours, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. You may receive one free copy of the amendment by contacting OSMRE's Casper Field Office or the full text of the program amendment is available for you to read at www.regulations.gov.

Attn: Jeffrey Fleischman, Field Office Director, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, 100 East B Street, Casper, Wyoming 82602, Telephone: (307) 261–6550, Email: jfleischman@osmre.gov

In addition, you may review a copy of the amendment during regular business hours at the following location:

Attn: Kyle Wendtland, Administrator, Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Land Quality Division, 200 West 17th Street, Suite 10, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002, Telephone: (307) 777–7046, Email: kyle.wendtland@wyo.gov

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jeffrey Fleischman, Field Office Director, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, 100 East B Street, Casper, Wyoming 82602, Telephone: (307) 261–6550, Email: jfleischman@osmre.gov

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Table of Contents

I. Background on the Wyoming Program II. Description of the Proposed Amendment III. Public Comment Procedures IV. Procedural Determinations

I. Background on the Wyoming Program

Subject to OSMRE's oversight, section 503(a) of the Act permits a State to

assume primacy for the regulation of surface coal mining and reclamation operations on non-Federal and non-Indian lands within its borders by demonstrating that its approved State program includes, among other things, State laws and regulations that govern surface coal mining and reclamation operations in accordance with the Act and consistent with the Federal regulations. See 30 U.S.C. 1253(a)(1) and (7).

On the basis of these criteria, the Secretary of the Interior conditionally approved the Wyoming program on November 26, 1980. You can find background information on the Wyoming program, including the Secretary's findings, the disposition of comments, and conditions of approval of the Wyoming program in the November 26, 1980 Federal Register 45 FR 78637. You can also find later actions concerning the Wyoming program and program amendments at 30 CFR 950.10.

II. Description of the Proposed Amendment

By letter dated February 14, 2023 (Document ID No. OSM–2023–0004), Wyoming sent us an amendment to its program under SMCRA (30 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.). We found Wyoming's proposed amendment administratively complete on March 7, 2023.

Between 1994 and 2002 Wyoming enacted several revisions to the Coal Chapter 18 Rules. On September 25, 2018 the Wyoming Environmental Quality Council approved a number of revisions to the rules governing Class III well associated with in situ mining. The proposed amendment is a state initiative intended to update Chapter 18, which was last revised in 2002. Specifically the proposed revisions: (1) update regulations to be consistent with Environmental Protection Agency Underground Injection Control regulations for class III wells, (2) reorganize the chapter to better correlate with other key LQD regulations and to reference existing LQD regulations and definitions, (3) update regulations to be consistent with other Wyoming regulations pertaining to well construction, well abandonment, and aguifer exemptions, and (4) update regulations to include current best management practices specific to in situ coal mining.

The full text of the program and/or plan amendment is available for you to read at the locations listed above under ADDRESSES or at www.regulations.gov.

III. Public Comment Procedures

Under the provisions of 30 CFR 732.17(h), we are seeking your comments on whether the amendment satisfies the applicable program approval criteria of 30 CFR 732.15. If we approve the amendment, it will become part of the State program.

Electronic or Written Comments

If you submit written or electronic comments on the proposed rule during the 30-day comment period, they should be specific, confined to issues pertinent to the proposed regulations, and explain the reason for any recommended change(s). We appreciate any and all comments, but those most useful and likely to influence decisions on the final regulations will be those that either involve personal experience or include citations to and analyses of SMCRA, its legislative history, its implementing regulations, case law, other pertinent State or Federal laws or regulations, technical literature, or other relevant publications.

We cannot ensure that comments received after the close of the comment period (see **DATES**) or sent to an address other than those listed (see **ADDRESSES**) will be included in the docket for this rulemaking and considered.

Public Availability of Comments

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment including your personal identifying information, may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Public Hearing

If you wish to speak at the public hearing, contact the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT by 4 p.m., M.D.T. on November 20, 2023. If you are disabled and need reasonable accommodations to attend a public hearing, contact the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT. We will arrange the location and time of the hearing with those persons requesting the hearing. If no one requests an opportunity to speak, we will not hold a hearing.

To assist the transcriber and ensure an accurate record, we request, if possible, that each person who speaks at the public hearing provide us with a written copy of his or her comments. The public hearing will continue on the specified date until everyone scheduled to speak

has been given an opportunity to be heard. If you are in the audience and have not been scheduled to speak and wish to do so, you will be allowed to speak after those who have been scheduled. We will end the hearing after everyone scheduled to speak and others present in the audience who wish to speak, have been heard.

Public Meeting

If only one person requests an opportunity to speak, we may hold a public meeting rather than a public hearing. If you wish to meet with us to discuss the amendment, please request a meeting by contacting the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT. All such meetings are open to the public and, if possible, we will post notices of meetings at the locations listed under ADDRESSES. We will make a written summary of each meeting a part of the administrative record.

IV. Procedural Determinations

Executive Order 12866—Regulatory Planning and Review, Executive Order 13563—Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review, and Executive Order 14094—Modernizing Regulatory Review

Executive Order 12866, as amended by Executive Order 14094, provides that the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) will review all significant rules. Pursuant to OMB guidance, dated October 12, 1993, the approval of State program and/or AML plan amendments is exempted from OMB review under Executive Order 12866, as amended by Executive Order 14094. Executive Order 13563, which reaffirms and supplements Executive Order 12866, retains this exemption.

Other Laws and Executive Orders Affecting Rulemaking

When a State submits a program amendment to OSMRE for review, our regulations at 30 CFR 732.17(h) require us to publish a notice in the **Federal Register** indicating receipt of the proposed amendment, its text or a summary of its terms, and an opportunity for public comment.

We conclude our review of the proposed amendment after the close of the public comment period and determine whether the amendment should be approved, approved in part, or not approved. At that time, we will also make the determinations and certifications required by the various laws and Executive Orders governing the rulemaking process and include them in the final rule.

List of Subjects in 30 CFR Part 950

Intergovernmental relations, Required program amendments, State regulatory program approval, State-Federal cooperative agreement, Surface mining, Underground mining.

David A. Berry,

Regional Director, Unified Regions 5, 7–11.
[FR Doc. 2023–24272 Filed 11–2–23; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–05–P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

36 CFR Part 251

RIN 0596-AD55

Land Uses; Special Uses; Carbon Capture and Storage Exemption

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA. **ACTION:** Proposed rule; request for public comment.

SUMMARY: The United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service (Forest Service or Agency), is proposing to amend its special use regulations, which prohibit authorizing exclusive and perpetual use and occupancy of National Forest System lands, to provide an exemption for carbon capture and storage. The Forest Service is also proposing to add a definition for "Carbon capture and storage."

DATES: Comments on this proposed rule must be received in writing by January 2, 2024.

ADDRESSES: Comments, identified by RIN 0596–AD55, should be sent via one of the following methods:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for sending comments;
- Mail: Director, Lands, Minerals, and Geology Management Staff, 201 14th Street SW, Washington, DC 20250–1124; or
- Hand Delivery/Courier: Director, Lands, Minerals, and Geology Management Staff, 1st Floor Southeast, 201 14th Street SW, Washington, DC 20250–1124.

Comments should be confined to issues pertinent to the proposed rule, should explain the reasons for any recommended changes, and should reference the specific section and wording being addressed, where possible. All timely comments, including names and addresses when provided, will be placed in the record and will be available for public inspection and copying. The public may inspect comments received on this

proposed rule at the Office of the Director, Lands, Minerals, and Geology Management Staff, 1st Floor Southeast, Sidney R. Yates Federal Building, 201 14th Street SW, Washington, DC, on business days between 8:30 a.m. and 4 p.m. Visitors are encouraged to call ahead at 202–205–1680 to facilitate entry into the building. Comments may also be viewed on the Federal eRulemaking Portal at https://www.regulations.gov. In the search box, enter "RIN 0596–AD55," and click the "Search" button.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mark Chandler, Realty Specialist, Washington Office Lands, Minerals, and Geology Management Staff, 202-205-1117 or mark.chandler@usda.gov. Individuals who use telecommunication devices for the hearing impaired may call the Federal Relay Service at 800-877-8339 between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m., Eastern Time, Monday through Friday. **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Forest Service administers approximately 74,000 special use authorizations for use and occupancy of National Forest System (NFS) lands for a wide variety of purposes, including powerline facilities, communications facilities, outfitting and guiding, campground concessions, and resorts. The activities and facilities authorized by special use authorizations contribute significantly to the national economy and the social and economic foundation of rural communities.

To obtain a special use authorization for a new use or activity, a proponent must submit a special use proposal which meets two sets of screening criteria in the Agency's existing special uses regulations at 36 CFR 251.54(e)(1) and (5). If the proposal meets all the screening criteria, the proponent may submit a special use application for evaluation by the Forest Service. Per the existing initial screening criterion at 36 CFR 251.54(e)(1)(iv), the Forest Service may not authorize exclusive and perpetual use and occupancy of NFS lands.

Carbon capture and storage entail injecting and storing carbon dioxide in pore spaces below the surface of the earth. Pore spaces are subsurface geological formations that can be used to store fluids from mining, manufacturing, and other industrial processes. Typically, the United States owns the pore spaces below the surface of NFS lands. Storing carbon dioxide in pore spaces is intended to mitigate greenhouse gas emissions and is performed via Class VI underground injection control wells. Carbon dioxide injected in pore spaces may remain for

over 1,000 years after injection and would be tantamount to an exclusive and perpetual use and occupancy if authorized on NFS lands. Therefore, the Forest Service is proposing to amend the initial screening criterion at 36 CFR 251.54(e)(1)(iv) that prohibits authorizing exclusive and perpetual use and occupancy of NFS lands to provide an exemption for carbon capture and storage. The Forest Service is also proposing a definition for "carbon capture and storage" in 36 CFR 251.51.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has excluded carbon capture and storage from classification as a hazardous waste (40 CFR 261.4(h)) if carbon dioxide is captured, transported, and stored in compliance with the requirements for Class VI Underground Injection Control wells and the requirements in 40 CFR parts 144 and 146 of the Underground Injection Control Program of the Safe Drinking Water Act, including the requirements for EPA authorization by rule or by permit. A Class VI Underground Injection Control well is used to inject carbon dioxide into deep rock formations. Before issuing a permit for a Class VI Underground Injection Control well, the EPA conducts a detailed technical review to ensure that the area around the proposed location for the well does not have abandoned wells that could leak carbon dioxide and to determine whether the well would be constructed in a manner that would protect it from seismic activity and from leaking carbon dioxide into the groundwater (40 CFR parts 144 and 146, Underground Injection Control (UIC) Program Class VI Implementation Manual for UIC Program Directors).

The proposed rule would define "carbon capture and storage" as "the capture, transportation, injection, and storage of carbon dioxide in subsurface pore spaces in such a manner as to qualify the carbon dioxide stream for the exclusion from classification as a 'hazardous waste' pursuant to United States Environmental Protection Agency regulations at 40 CFR 261.4(h)." Therefore, carbon capture and storage authorized under the proposed rule would not constitute a hazardous waste and would not be inconsistent with the initial screening criterion at 36 CFR 251.54(e)(1)(ix) that prohibits authorizing storage of hazardous substances on NFS lands.

To protect public health and underground sources of drinking water for these wells, including for those that may be sited on NFS lands, the EPA regulates all aspects of the wells, including siting, construction, injection operations, testing and monitoring,