

and the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco, & Tawakonie), Oklahoma.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after August 18, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the KSHS must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The KSHS is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: July 1, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2025–13383 Filed 7–16–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–767 and 731–TA–1750 (Preliminary)]

L-lysine From China

Determinations

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission (“Commission”) determines, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is

materially injured by reason of imports of l-lysine (“lysine”) from China, provided for in subheading 2922.41.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (“LTFV”) and subsidized by the government of China.²

Commencement of Final Phase Investigations

Pursuant to section 207.18 of the Commission’s rules, the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its investigations. The Commission will issue a final phase notice of scheduling, which will be published in the **Federal Register** as provided in § 207.21 of the Commission’s rules, upon notice from the U.S. Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) of affirmative preliminary determinations in the investigations under §§ 703(b) or 733(b) of the Act, or, if the preliminary determinations are negative, upon notice of affirmative final determinations in those investigations under §§ 705(a) or 735(a) of the Act. Parties that filed entries of appearance in the preliminary phase of the investigations need not enter a separate appearance for the final phase of the investigations. Any other party may file an entry of appearance for the final phase of the investigations after publication of the final phase notice of scheduling. Industrial users, and, if the merchandise under investigation is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations, have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping and countervailing duty investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigations. As provided in section 207.20 of the Commission’s rules, the Director of the Office of Investigations will circulate draft questionnaires for the final phase of the investigations to parties to the investigations, placing copies on the Commission’s Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, <https://edis.usitc.gov>), for comment.

Background

On May 28, 2025, Archer Daniels Midland Company, Chicago, Illinois, CJ Bio America, Inc. an Iowa corporation, and Evonik Corporation, Piscataway, New Jersey filed petitions with the Commission and Commerce, alleging that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with

material injury by reason of subsidized and LTFV imports of l-lysine from China. Accordingly, effective May 28, 2025, the Commission instituted countervailing duty investigation No. 701–TA–767 and antidumping duty investigation No. 731–TA–1750 (Preliminary).

Notice of the institution of the Commission’s investigations and of a public conference to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the **Federal Register** of June 3, 2025 (90 FR 23565). The Commission conducted its conference on June 18, 2025. All persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to participate.

The Commission made these determinations pursuant to §§ 703(a) and 733(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671b(a) and 1673b(a)). It completed and filed its determinations in these investigations on July 11, 2025. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 5650 (July 2025), entitled *L-lysine from China: Investigation Nos. 701–TA–767 and 731–TA–1750 (Preliminary)*.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: July 14, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025–13359 Filed 7–16–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337–TA–1439]

Certain Polyvinylidene Fluoride Resins; Notice of Commission Determination Not To Review an Initial Determination Granting a Motion To Amend the Complaint and Notice of Investigation

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined not to review an initial determination (“ID”) (Order No. 9) granting a motion to amend the complaint and notice of investigation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Needham, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 708–5468. Copies of non-confidential

¹ The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² 90 FR 26799 and 90 FR 26782 (June 24, 2025).

documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on (202) 205-1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission instituted this investigation on February 21, 2025, based on a complaint filed by Synesqo SA of Brussels, Belgium; Solvay Specialty Polymers, USA LLC of Alpharetta, Georgia; and Solvay Specialty Polymers Italy S.P.A. of Bollate, Italy (together, "Complainants"). 90 FR 10082-83 (Feb. 21, 2025). The complaint, as supplemented, alleges violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337, in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, or the sale within the United States after importation of certain polyvinylidene fluoride resins by reason of infringement of claims 1-7, 10, and 12 of U.S. Patent No. 8,337,725 ("the '725 patent"). *Id.* The complaint further alleges that a domestic industry exists or is in the process of being established. *Id.* The Commission's notice of investigation named as respondents Inner Mongolia 3F Wanhao Fluorochemical Industry Co. Ltd. of Fengzhen, China ("3F"); Zhejiang Juhua Co., Ltd. of Quzhou City, China; Zhejiang Fluorine Chemical New Material Co., Ltd. of Shaoxing, China ("Zhejiang Fluorine"); Hubei Fluorine New Materials Co., Ltd. of Dongtan Village, China ("Hubei Fluorine"); and Sinochem Lantian Co., Ltd. of Hangzhou, China. *Id.* The Office of Unfair Import Investigations is not participating in the investigation. *Id.*

On April 21, 2025, the Commission terminated the investigation with respect to 3F based on settlement. Order No. 8 (Mar. 28, 2025), *unreviewed by Comm'n* Notice (Apr. 21, 2025).

On June 6, 2025, Complainants moved to amend the complaint and notice of investigation to add allegations that Zhejiang Fluorine and Hubei Fluorine infringe claims 8 and 9 of the '725 patent, and attached a proposed First Amended Complaint. Complainants asserted that the allegations are based on discovery produced in this investigation, and that the amendment does not unduly prejudice Zhejiang Fluorine and Hubei Fluorine. On June

16, 2025, Zhejiang Fluorine and Hubei Fluorine opposed the motion, arguing that Complainants delayed four weeks in filing their motion and that the amendment causes prejudice considering the June 30, 2025 invalidity contentions deadline and the July 21, 2025 discovery deadline.

On June 23, 2025, the ALJ issued the subject ID granting the motion pursuant to 19 CFR 210.14(b). The ALJ found that Complainants had only learned of the relevant subject matter two weeks prior to filing their motion, and that any prejudice would be mitigated by Complainants' representation that they would not object to an invalidity contentions supplementation on claims 8 and 9 within a reasonable timeframe. No party petitioned for review of the subject ID.

The Commission has determined not to review the subject ID. The Commission hereby considers Complainants' First Amended Complaint to be the operative complaint in this investigation and amends the notice of investigation to include allegations asserting infringement of claims 8 and 9 of the '725 patent as consistent with the First Amended Complaint.

The Commission vote for this determination took place on July 14, 2025.

The authority for the Commission's determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in Part 210 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR part 210).

By order of the Commission.

Issued: July 15, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025-13429 Filed 7-16-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-1378]

Certain Organic Light-Emitting Diode Display Modules and Components Thereof; Notice of Request for Submissions on the Public Interest

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that on July 11, 2025, the presiding administrative law judge ("ALJ") issued an Initial Determination on Violation of Section 337. The ALJ also issued a

Recommended Determination on remedy and bonding should a violation be found in the above-captioned investigation. The Commission is soliciting submissions on public interest issues raised by the recommended relief should the Commission find a violation. This notice is soliciting comments from the public and interested government agencies only.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Namo Kim, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205-3459. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on (202) 205-1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 provides that, if the Commission finds a violation, it shall exclude the articles concerned from the United States unless, after considering the effect of such exclusion upon the public health and welfare, competitive conditions in the United States economy, the production of like or directly competitive articles in the United States, and United States consumers, it finds that such articles should not be excluded from entry. (19 U.S.C. 1337(d)(1)). A similar provision applies to cease and desist orders. (19 U.S.C. 1337(f)(1)).

The Commission is soliciting submissions on public interest issues raised by the recommended relief should the Commission find a violation, specifically: a limited exclusion order directed to certain organic light-emitting diode display modules and components thereof imported, sold for importation, and/or sold after importation by respondents BOE Technology Group Co., Ltd., Mianyang BOE Optoelectronics Technology Co., Ltd., Ordos Yuansheng Optoelectronics Co., Ltd., Chengdu BOE Optoelectronics Technology Co., Ltd., Chongqing BOE Optoelectronics Technology Co., Ltd., Wuhan BOE Optoelectronics Technology Co., Ltd., Yunan Invensight Optoelectronics Technology Co., Ltd., and BOE Technology America, Inc. (collectively, "Respondents"); and cease