

information that may aid in establishing patterns of suspicious activity.

4. 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)(G) through (I) and 5 U.S.C. 552a(f) require an agency to publish the agency procedures whereby individuals can be notified if the system of records pertains to them, how they can gain access to any record pertaining to them in the system of records and contest its content, and the categories of sources of records in the system. Exemption from these requirements is appropriate because, as noted above, this system is exempt from the access and amendment provisions of subsection (d).

Any records from another Treasury system of records or another Executive Branch agency's system of records for which an exemption is claimed under 5 U.S.C. 552a(j) or (k) that may also be included in this system of records retains the same exempt status as such records have in the system for which such exemption is claimed.

Regulatory Analysis

This rule is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866. Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), 5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*, it is hereby certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This rule, issued pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k), exempts certain information maintained by Treasury in the above-referenced systems of records from certain provisions of the Privacy Act. Small entities, as defined in the RFA, are not provided rights under the Privacy Act and are outside the scope of this regulation.

The related information collections have been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget on July 8, 2024 under control number: 1505–0282.

List of Subjects in 31 CFR Part 1

Courts, Freedom of Information, Government Employees, Privacy.

TABLE 8 TO PARAGRAPH (e)(1)(ii)

No.	Name of system
*	*
DO .413	Outbound Investment Security Program Notification System.

(g) * * *

(1) * * *

TABLE 11 TO PARAGRAPH (g)(1)(ii)

No.	Name of system
*	*
DO .413	Outbound Investment Security Program Notification System.

* * * * *

Dated: December 11, 2024.

Ryan Law,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Privacy, Transparency, and Records.

[FR Doc. 2024–29596 Filed 12–16–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810–AK–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[Docket Number USCG–2024–0559]

RIN 1625–AA00

Safety Zone; West Passage Narragansett Bay, Jamestown, RI

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.

ACTION: Temporary interim rule and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is amending the current temporary safety zone in the

vicinity of the West Passage Narragansett Bay, Jamestown, RI, in two ways. First, we are extending the effective period by 30 days to January 31, 2025. Second, by updating the name of the cable laying vessel. The temporary safety zone is needed to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment from potential hazards created by cable laying operations being conducted. When enforced, entry of vessels or persons into this zone is prohibited unless specifically authorized by the Captain of the Port, Sector Southeastern New England.

DATES:

Effective date: This temporary interim rule is effective from December 17, 2024

For the reasons stated in the preamble, part 1 of title 31 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 1—DISCLOSURE OF RECORDS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 1 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301, 552, 552a, 553; 31 U.S.C. 301, 321; 31 U.S.C. 3717.

■ 2. Amend § 1.36 by adding, in alphanumeric order, entries for “DO .413—Outbound Investment Security Program Notification System” in table 8 to paragraph (e)(1)(ii) and table 11 to paragraph (g)(1)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 1.36 Systems exempt in whole or in part from provisions of the Privacy Act and this part.

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(1) * * *

(ii) * * *

through 11:59 p.m. on January 31, 2025. The rule will only be subject to enforcement while the Cable Laying Vessel SKAGERRAK or the J.F. Brennan construction barge #4132 are engaged in cable preparation and cable laying operations.

Comments due date: Comments and related material must be received by the Coast Guard on or before January 16, 2025.

ADDRESSES: To view documents mentioned in this preamble as being available in the docket, go to <https://www.regulations.gov>, type USCG–2024–0559 in the search box and click “Search.” Next, in the Document Type column, select “Supporting & Related Material.”

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions about this rule, call or email MST2 Nicholas Easley, Sector Southeastern New England, U.S. Coast Guard; telephone 206–827–4160, email Nicholas.S.Easley@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Table of Abbreviations

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
COTP Captain of the Port Sector
Southeastern New England
DHS Department of Homeland Security
FR Federal Register
NPRM Notice of proposed rulemaking
§ Section
TIR Temporary interim rule
U.S.C. United States Code

II. Background Information and Regulatory History

This temporary interim rule (TIR) amends the current temporary safety zone in the vicinity of the West Passage Narraganset Bay, Jamestown, RI. An earlier TIR published on August 29, 2024, established the first safety zone regulation for that waterway in 33 CFR 165.T01–0559 (89 FR 70100).

The Coast Guard is issuing this temporary rule under the authority in 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B). This statutory provision authorizes an agency to issue a rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment when the agency for good cause finds that those procedures are “impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest.” The Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) with respect to this rule because doing so would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest. The recently changed details of the project were not known to the Coast Guard in sufficient time to publish an NPRM. Delaying the effective date of this rule to wait for a comment period to run would be impracticable and contrary to the public

interest because it would inhibit the Coast Guard’s ability to protect the public and vessels from the hazards associated with the cable laying process. The expeditious implementation of this rule is in the public interest because it will help ensure the safety of personnel, waterway users, and the marine environment.

Also, under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register**. Delaying the effective date of this rule would be impracticable because prompt action is needed to respond to the potential safety hazards associated with the cable installation being conducted by the cable laying vessel SKAGERRAK and the J.F. Brennan construction barge #4132.

Although the first regulation was published as an interim rule without prior notice, public comment was nevertheless desirable to ensure that the regulation is both workable and reasonable. No comments were received during a 30-day comment period that ended September 30, 2024. Accordingly, an additional 30-day comment period for this temporary interim rule will allow persons wishing to comment to do so by submitting written comments as set out under **ADDRESSES** in this preamble. Commenters should include their names and addresses, identify the docket number for the regulation, and give reasons for their comments. If the Coast Guard determines that changes to the temporary interim rule are necessary, we will publish a temporary final rule or other appropriate document.

III. Legal Authority and Need for Rule

The Coast Guard is issuing this rule under the authority in 46 U.S.C. 70034. The Captain of the Port Sector Southeastern New England (COTP) has determined that potential hazards associated with the cable installation that started on September 1, 2024, will be a safety concern for anyone within a 250-yard radius of the cable laying vessel SKAGERRAK and the J.F. Brennan construction barge #4132. This rule is needed to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment in the navigable waters within the safety zone while the cable installation is being conducted.

IV. Discussion of the Rule

The Coast Guard is making the following amendments to the current temporary safety zone in the vicinity of the West Passage Narraganset Bay, Jamestown, RI, for cable laying operations:

i. We are extending the rule for an additional 30 days to allow for delays and a change to the process to the cable laying operations. The existing safety zone was effective until 11:59 p.m. December 31, 2024. The 30-day extension will now be effective until 11:59 p.m. on January 31, 2024. While the safety zone will be effective through this period, it will only be enforced during active submerged cable laying operations or other instances which may create a hazard to navigation.

ii. We are changing the name of the vessel that will be engaged in the cable laying operations. The existing safety zone was for the MARMAC 306 cable laying barge. The Coast Guard is establishing a safety zone that will cover all navigable waters within 250 yards of the barge cable laying vessel SKAGERRAK and the J.F. Brennan construction barge #4132 while they are engaged in cable laying operations in the vicinity of the West Passage Narraganset Bay, Jamestown, RI, between the Jamestown Verrazzano Bridge (41°31’43.7” N 71°24’18.2” W) and south to Dutch Island (41°29’47.3” N, 71°24’16.5” W). During times of enforcement, all persons or vessels would be prohibited from entering the safety zone without permission from the COTP or a designated representative. If cable laying operations and associated operations are completed before 11:59 p.m. on January 31, 2025, enforcement of the safety zone will be suspended, and notice given via Broadcast Notice to Mariners.

These amendments are being made to maintain safe navigation in the project area and to prevent accidental or intentional damage to persons or property on the work site.

V. Regulatory Analyses

We developed this rule after considering numerous statutes and Executive orders related to rulemaking. Below we summarize our analyses based on a number of these statutes and Executive orders, and we discuss First Amendment rights of protestors.

A. Regulatory Planning and Review

Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess the costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits. This rule has not been designated a “significant regulatory action,” under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866, as amended by Executive Order 14094 (Modernizing Regulatory Review). Accordingly, this rule has not been

reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

This regulatory action determination is based on the size, location, duration, and time-of-day of the safety zone. Vessel traffic will be able to safely transit around the safety zone which would impact a 250-yard radius around the cable laying vessel SKAGERRAK and the J.F. Brennan construction barge #4132 while engaged in cable laying operations. The Coast Guard will issue a Broadcast Notice to Mariners via VHF-FM marine channel 16 about the zone, and the rule would allow vessels to seek permission to enter the zone.

B. Impact on Small Entities

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, 5 U.S.C. 601–612, as amended, requires Federal agencies to consider the potential impact of regulations on small entities during rulemaking. The term “small entities” comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000. The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

While some owners or operators of vessels intending to transit the safety zone may be small entities, for the reasons stated in section V.A above, this rule will not have a significant economic impact on any vessel owner or operator.

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), we want to assist small entities in understanding this rule. If the rule would affect your small business, organization, or governmental jurisdiction and you have questions concerning its provisions or options for compliance, please call or email the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section.

Small businesses may send comments on the actions of Federal employees who enforce, or otherwise determine compliance with, Federal regulations to the Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and the Regional Small Business Regulatory Fairness Boards. The Ombudsman evaluates these actions annually and rates each agency’s responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on actions by employees of the Coast Guard, call 1–888–REG–FAIR (1–888–734–3247). The Coast Guard will not retaliate against small entities that question or complain

about this rule or any policy or action of the Coast Guard.

C. Collection of Information

This rule will not call for a new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520).

D. Federalism and Indian Tribal Governments

A rule has implications for federalism under Executive Order 13132, Federalism, if it has a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the National Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. We have analyzed this rule under that Order and have determined that it is consistent with the fundamental federalism principles and preemption requirements described in Executive Order 13132.

Also, this rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it does not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes.

E. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) requires Federal agencies to assess the effects of their discretionary regulatory actions. In particular, the Act addresses actions that may result in the expenditure by a State, local, or tribal government, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of \$100,000,000 (adjusted for inflation) or more in any one year. Though this rule will not result in such an expenditure, we do discuss the effects of this rule elsewhere in this preamble.

F. Environment

We have analyzed this rule under Department of Homeland Security Directive 023–01, Rev. 1, associated implementing instructions, and Environmental Planning COMDTINST 5090.1 (series), which guide the Coast Guard in complying with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321–4370f), and have determined that this action is one of a category of actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. This rule involves a safety zone, lasting only during the hours of operation of the cable laying vessel SKAGERRAK and J.F. Brennan

construction barge #4132, that will prohibit entry within 250 yards of vessels and machinery being used by personnel to install the cable. It is categorically excluded from further review under paragraph L60a of Appendix A, Table 1 of DHS Instruction Manual 023–01–001–01, Rev. 1. A Record of Environmental Consideration supporting this determination is available in the docket. For instructions on locating the docket, see the **ADDRESSES** section of this preamble.

G. Protest Activities

The Coast Guard respects the First Amendment rights of protesters. Protesters are asked to call or email the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section to coordinate protest activities so that your message can be received without jeopardizing the safety or security of people, places, or vessels.

VI. Public Participation and Request for Comments

We view public participation as essential to effective rulemaking and will consider all comments and material received during the comment period. If we determine that changes to the temporary interim rule are necessary, the Coast Guard will publish a temporary final rule or other appropriate document. If you submit a comment, please include the docket number for this rulemaking, indicate the specific section of this document to which each comment applies, and provide a reason for each suggestion or recommendation.

Submitting comments. We encourage you to submit comments through the Federal Decision-Making Portal at <https://www.regulations.gov>. To do so, go to <https://www.regulations.gov>, type USCG–2024–0559 in the search box and click “Search.” Next, look for this document in the Search Results column, and click on it. Then click on the Comment option. If you cannot submit your material by using <https://www.regulations.gov>, call or email the person in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this proposed rule for alternate instructions.

Viewing material in docket. To view documents mentioned in this proposed rule as being available in the docket, find the docket as described in the previous paragraph, and then select “Supporting & Related Material” in the Document Type column. Public comments will also be placed in our online docket and can be viewed by following instructions on the <https://www.regulations.gov> Frequently Asked Questions web page. Also, if you click

on the Dockets tab and then the proposed rule, you should see a “Subscribe” option for email alerts. The option will notify you when comments are posted, or a final rule is published.

We review all comments received, but we will only post comments that address the topic of the proposed rule. We may choose not to post off-topic, inappropriate, or duplicate comments that we receive.

Personal information. We accept anonymous comments. Comments we post to <https://www.regulations.gov> will include any personal information you have provided. For more about privacy and submissions to the docket in response to this document, see DHS’s eRulemaking System of Records notice (85 FR 14226, March 11, 2020).

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 46 U.S.C. 70034, 70051, 70124; 33 CFR 1.05–1, 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 00170.1, Revision No. 01.3.

■ 2. Revise and republish § 165.T01–0559 to read as follows:

§ 165.T01–0559 Safety Zone; West Passage Narragansett Bay, Jamestown, RI.

(a) *Location.* The following area is a safety zone: All waters within a 250-yard radius of cable laying vessel *Skagerrak* and the J.F. Brennan construction barge #4132 while operating in West Passage Narragansett Bay, Jamestown, RI, between Jamestown Verrazzano Bridge (41°31′43.7″ N 71°24′18.2″ W) and Dutch Island (41°29′47.3″ N, 71°24′16.5″ W).

(b) *Definitions.* As used in this section, *Designated representative* means a Coast Guard Patrol Commander, including a Coast Guard coxswain, petty officer, or other officer operating a Coast Guard vessel and a Federal, State, and local officer designated by or assisting the Captain of the Port Sector Southeastern New England (COTP) in the enforcement of the safety zone.

(c) *Regulations.* (1) Under the general safety zone regulations in subpart C of this part, you may not enter the safety zone described in paragraph (a) of this

section unless authorized by the COTP or the COTP’s designated representative.

(2) To seek permission to enter, contact the COTP or the COTP’s representative by VHF–FM radio channel 16 or phone at 508–457–3211. Those in the safety zone must comply with all lawful orders or directions given to them by the COTP or the COTP’s designated representative.

(d) *Enforcement period.* This section is effective from 12:01 a.m. on December 17, 2024, through 11:59 p.m. on Friday, January 31, 2025. The safety zone described in paragraph (a) of this section will only be subject to enforcement while the cable laying vessel *SKAGERRAK* and the J.F. Brennan construction barge #4132 are engaged in cable laying operations in West Passage Narragansett Bay, Jamestown, RI, between Jamestown Verrazzano Bridge (41°31′43.7″ N 71°24′18.2″ W) and Dutch Island (41°29′47.3″ N, 71°24′16.5″ W).

Y. Moon,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Sector Southeastern New England.

[FR Doc. 2024–29802 Filed 12–16–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[Docket Number USCG–2024–0500]

RIN 1625–AA00

Safety and Security Zones: Pilgrim Nuclear Power Plant, Plymouth Massachusetts

AGENCY: Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is disestablishing the existing safety and security zone for Pilgrim Nuclear Power Plant, Plymouth, Massachusetts. Since the implementation of the regulation, the facility has permanently ceased power operations making the provisions of the security zone no longer applicable. The waterfront facility’s safety and security zone will be removed from all charts, publications, and other navigational references. All related private aids to navigational marking the boundaries of the security zone will also be removed.

DATES: This rule is effective January 16, 2025.

ADDRESSES: To view the documents mentioned in the preamble as being

available in the docket, go to <https://www.regulations.gov>, type USCG–2024–0500 in the search box and click “Search” in the Document Type column, select “Supporting & Related Material.”

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions about this rule, call, or email Mr. Timothy Chase. Sector Boston, Waterways Management Division, U.S. Coast Guard; telephone 617–447–1620, email: Timothy.w.chase@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Table of Abbreviations

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
DHS Department of Homeland Security
FR Federal Register
NPRM Notice of proposed rulemaking
§ Section
U.S.C. United States Code

II. Background Information and Regulatory History

On January 9, 2024, Entergy Nuclear Operation, Inc, notified the Coast Guard that they had provided all the required documentation for disestablishment to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission as per 10 CFR 50.82(a)(1)(i). Power operations have ceased at the Pilgrim Nuclear Power Station.

In response, on August 30, 2024, the Coast Guard published a NPRM titled “Safety and Security Zones; Pilgrim Nuclear Power Plant, Plymouth Massachusetts” in the **Federal Register** (89 FR 70587). There we stated why we issued the NPRM and invited comments on our proposed regulatory action related to Safety and Security Zones: Pilgrim Nuclear Power Plant, Plymouth, Massachusetts. During the comment period that ended September 30, 2024, we received three written submissions.

III. Legal Authority and Need for Rule

The Coast Guard is issuing this rule under the authority in 46 U.S.C. 70034, 70051, and 70124. The Captain of the Port Sector Boston Massachusetts (COTP) has determined that disestablishing the safety and security zone cited in 33 CFR 165.115, Safety and Security Zones: Pilgrim Nuclear Power Plant, Plymouth Massachusetts, by removing that section.

IV. Discussion of Comments, Changes, and the Rule

As noted above the Coast Guard received three written submissions on our NPRM published on August 30, 2024. All three commenters were in favor of our proposal, no Public Meetings were requested or held. There are no changes in the regulatory text of