ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA–HQ–OECA–2014–0064; FRL–9929–77–OEI]

Information Collection Request Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval; Comment Request; NESHAP for Steel Pickling, HCl Process Facilities and Hydrochloric Acid Regeneration Plants (Renewal)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency has submitted an information collection request (ICR), ''NESHAP for Steel Pickling, HCl Process Facilities and Hydrochloric Acid Regeneration Plants (40 CFR part 63, subpart CCC) (Renewal)'' (EPA ICR No. 1821.08, OMB Control No. 2060–0419) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*). This is a proposed extension of the ICR, which is currently approved through June 30, 2015. Public comments were previously requested via the **Federal Register** (79 FR 30117) on May 27, 2014 during a 60-day comment period. This notice allows for an additional 30 days for public comments. A fuller description of the ICR is given below, including its estimated burden and cost to the public. An Agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

DATES: Additional comments may be submitted on or before July 29, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, referencing Docket ID Number EPA–HQ–OECA–2014–0064, to (1) EPA online using *www.regulations.gov* (our preferred method), by email to *docket.oeca@epa.gov,* or by mail to: EPA Docket Center, Environmental Protection Agency, Mail Code 28221T, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460, and (2) OMB via email to *oira_submission@omb.eop.gov.* Address comments to OMB Desk Officer for EPA.

EPA's policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes profanity, threats, information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patrick Yellin, Monitoring, Assistance, and Media Programs Division, Office of Compliance, Mail Code 2227A, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (202) 564–2970; fax number: (202) 564–0050; email address: *yellin.patrick@epa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Supporting documents which explain in detail the information that the EPA will be collecting are available in the public docket for this ICR. The docket can be viewed online at *www.regulations.gov* or in person at the EPA Docket Center, EPA West, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC. The telephone number for the Docket Center is 202–566–1744. For additional information about EPA's public docket, visit *http://www.epa.gov/dockets.*

Abstract: This rule applies to all facilities that pickle steel using hydrochloric acid or regenerate hydrochloric acid, and are major sources or are part of a facility that is a major source.

In general, all NESHAP standards require initial notifications, performance tests, and periodic reports by the owners/operators of the affected facilities. They are also required to maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility, or any period during which the monitoring system is inoperative. These notifications, reports, and records are essential in determining compliance, and are required of all affected facilities subject to NESHAP.

Any owner/operator subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain a file of these measurements, and retain the file for at least five years following the date of such measurements, maintenance reports, and records. All reports are sent to the delegated state or local authority. In the event that there is no such delegated authority, the reports are sent directly to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regional office.

Form Numbers: None.

Respondents/affected entities: Steel pickling, hydrochloric acid process and regeneration facilities.

Respondent's obligation to respond: Mandatory.

Estimated number of respondents: 100 (total).

Frequency of response: Initially, occasionally and semiannually.

Total estimated burden: 35,100 hours (per year). Burden is defined at 5 CFR 1320.3(b).

Total estimated cost: $3,530,000 (per year), includes $10,600 annualized capital or operation & maintenance costs.

Changes in the Estimates: The increase in burden and cost from the most recently approved ICR is due to an adjustment. It is not due to any program changes. During the 2012 RTR, EPA did not add additional requirements, other than reporting performance test results through the WebFIRE interface if the test methods used are those supported by the Electronic Reporting Tool (ERT). However, we updated the estimated number of average number of respondents subject to Subpart CCC from 72 to 100. The increase in the number of facilities results in an overall increase in the respondent and Agency burden and in O&M costs.

Courtney Kerwin,

Acting Director, Collection Strategies Division.

[FR Doc. 2015–15796 Filed 6–26–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA–HQ–OW–2014–0135; FRL–9929–85–OW]

Final Updated Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Human Health

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) announces the final updated recommended ambient water quality criteria for the protection of human health for ninety-four chemical pollutants to reflect the latest scientific information and implementation of existing EPA policies found in *Methodology for Deriving Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Human Health (2000).* The EPA issued the draft updated human health criteria on May 13, 2014 and accepted written views from the public until August 13, 2014. The EPA prepared responses to those public comments. The EPA's recommended ambient water quality criteria for the protection of human health provide technical information for states and authorized tribes to establish water quality standards (*i.e.,* criteria) to protect human health under the Clean Water Act. These final 2015 updated section 304(a) human health criteria recommendations supersede EPA's previous recommendations.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jamie Strong, Office of Water, Health

and Ecological Criteria Division (4304T), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (202) 566–0056; email address: *strong.jamie@epa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. How can I get copies of this document and other related information?

1. *Docket.* EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA–HQ–OW–2014–0135; FRL–9929–85–OW. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically through *www.regulations.gov* or in hard copy at the EPA Water Docket in the EPA Docket Center, (EPA/DC) EPA West, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC. The EPA Docket Center Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room is (202) 566–1744, and the telephone number for the Water Docket is (202) 566–2426.

2. *Electronic Access.* You may access this **Federal Register** document electronically from the Government Publishing Office under the ''**Federal Register**'' listings at FDSys (*http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/browse/collection.action?collectionCode=FR).* EPA's final criteria documents for the ninety-four chemical pollutants, the response to views from the public on the draft criteria, and supporting information are also available on EPA's Web site *http://water.epa.gov/scitech/swguidance/standards/criteria/health/.*

II. What are EPA's recommended water quality criteria?

EPA's recommended water quality criteria are scientifically derived numeric values that EPA determines will generally protect aquatic life or human health from the adverse effects of pollutants in ambient water.

Section 304(a)(1) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) requires EPA to develop and publish and, from time to time, revise criteria for protection of water quality and human health that accurately reflect the latest scientific knowledge. Water quality criteria developed under section 304(a) are based solely on data and scientific judgments on the relationship between pollutant concentrations and environmental and human health effects. Section 304(a) criteria do not reflect consideration of economic impacts or the technological feasibility of meeting pollutant concentrations in ambient water.

EPA's recommended Section 304(a) criteria provide technical information for states and authorized tribes to consider and use in adopting water quality standards that ultimately provide the basis for assessing water body health and controlling discharges of pollutants into waters of the United States. Under the CWA and its implementing regulations, states and authorized tribes are required to adopt water quality criteria to protect designated uses (*e.g.,* public water supply, aquatic life, recreational use, or industrial use) and that are based on sound scientific rationale. EPA's recommended criteria do not substitute for the CWA or regulations, nor are they regulations themselves. Thus, EPA's recommended criteria do not impose legally binding requirements. States and authorized tribes have the discretion to adopt, where appropriate, other scientifically defensible water quality criteria that differ from these recommendations. Ultimately, however, such criteria must protect the designated use and be based on sound scientific rationale.

III. Information on EPA's 2015 final updated human health criteria

EPA announces the availability of final updated national recommended water quality criteria for the protection of human health for ninety-four chemical pollutants. These revisions are based on EPA's existing methodology for deriving human health criteria in *Methodology for Deriving Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Human Health* (2000) (EPA–822–B–00–004, October 2000). The methodology describes EPA's approach for deriving national recommended water quality criteria for the protection of human health. Table 1 presents the updated human health criteria for ninety-four chemical pollutants.

TABLE 1—REVISED HUMAN HEALTH WATER QUALITY CRITERIA

Pollutant	CAS No.	Human health water quality criteria for the consumption of	
		Water + organism (μg/L)	Organism only (μg/L)
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71–55–6	10,000	200,000
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79–34–5	0.2	3
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79–00–5	0.55	8.9
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75–35–4	300	20,000
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95–94–3	0.03	0.03
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120–82–1	0.071	0.076
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95–50–1	1,000	3,000
1,2-Dichloroethane	107–06–2	9.9	650
1,2-Dichloropropane	78–87–5	0.90	31
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122–66–7	0.03	0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541–73–1	7	10
1,3-Dichloropropene	542–75–6	0.27	12
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106–46–7	300	900
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95–95–4	300	600
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88–06–2	1.5	2.8
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120–83–2	10	60
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105–67–9	100	3,000
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51–28–5	10	300
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121–14–2	0.049	1.7
2-Chloronaphthalene	91–58–7	800	1,000
2-Chlorophenol	95–57–8	30	800
2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	534–52–1	2	30

TABLE 1—REVISED HUMAN HEALTH WATER QUALITY CRITERIA—Continued

Pollutant	CAS No.	Human health water quality criteria for the consumption of	
		Water + organism (μg/L)	Organism only (μg/L)
3,3′-Dichlorobenzidine	91–94–1	0.049	0.15
3-Methyl-4-Chlorophenol	59–50–7	500	2,000
Acenaphthene	83–32–9	70	90
Acrolein	107–02–8	3	400
Acrylonitrile	107–13–1	0.061	7.0
Aldrin	309–00–2	0.00000077	0.00000077
alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH)	319–84–6	0.00036	0.00039
alpha-Endosulfan	959–98–8	20	30
Anthracene	120–12–7	300	400
Benzene	71–43–2	0.58–2.1	16–58
Benzidine	92–87–5	0.00014	0.011
Benzo(a)anthracene	56–55–3	0.0012	0.0013
Benzo(a)pyrene	50–32–8	0.00012	0.00013
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205–99–2	0.0012	0.0013
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207–08–9	0.012	0.013
beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH)	319–85–7	0.0080	0.014
beta-Endosulfan	33213–65–9	20	40
Bis(2-Chloro-1-Methylethyl) Ether	108–60–1	200	4,000
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) Ether	111–44–4	0.030	2.2
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate	117–81–7	0.32	0.37
Bis(Chloromethyl) Ether	542–88–1	0.00015	0.017
Bromoform	75–25–2	7.0	120
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	85–68–7	0.10	0.10
Carbon Tetrachloride	56–23–5	0.4	5
Chlordane	57–74–9	0.00031	0.00032
Chlorobenzene	108–90–7	100	800
Chlorodibromomethane	124–48–1	0.80	21
Chloroform	67–66–3	60	2,000
Chlorophenoxy Herbicide (2,4–D)	94–75–7	1,300	12,000
Chlorophenoxy Herbicide (2,4,5–TP) [Silvex]	93–72–1	100	400
Chrysene	218–01–9	0.12	0.13
Cyanide	57–12–5	4	400
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	53–70–3	0.00012	0.00013
Dichlorobromomethane	75–27–4	0.95	27
Dieldrin	60–57–1	0.0000012	0.0000012
Diethyl Phthalate	84–66–2	600	600
Dimethyl Phthalate	131–11–3	2,000	2,000
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	84–74–2	20	30
Dinitrophenols	25550–58–7	10	1,000
Endosulfan Sulfate	1031–07–8	20	40
Endrin	72–20–8	0.03	0.03
Endrin Aldehyde	7421–93–4	1	1
Ethylbenzene	100–41–4	68	130
Fluoranthene	206–44–0	20	20
Fluorene	86–73–7	50	70
gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH)	58–89–9	4.2	4.4
Heptachlor	76–44–8	0.0000059	0.0000059
Heptachlor Epoxide	1024–57–3	0.000032	0.000032
Hexachlorobenzene	118–74–1	0.000079	0.000079
Hexachlorobutadiene	87–68–3	0.01	0.01
Hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH)-Technical	608–73–1	0.0066	0.010
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77–47–4	4	4
Hexachloroethane	67–72–1	0.1	0.1
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193–39–5	0.0012	0.0013
Isophorone	78–59–1	34	1,800
Methoxychlor	72–43–5	0.02	0.02
Methyl Bromide	74–83–9	100	10,000
Methylene Chloride	75–09–2	20	1,000
Nitrobenzene	98–95–3	10	600
Pentachlorobenzene	608–93–5	0.1	0.1
Pentachlorophenol	87–86–5	0.03	0.04
Phenol	108–95–2	4,000	300,000
p,p′-Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane (DDD)	72–54–8	0.00012	0.00012
p,p′-Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene (DDE)	72–55–9	0.000018	0.000018
p,p′-Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane (DDT)	50–29–3	0.000030	0.000030
Pyrene	129–00–0	20	30
Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)	127–18–4	10	29
Toluene	108–88–3	57	520

TABLE 1—REVISED HUMAN HEALTH WATER QUALITY CRITERIA—Continued

Pollutant	CAS No.	Human health water quality criteria for the consumption of	
		Water + organism (μg/L)	Organism only (μg/L)
Toxaphene	8001–35–2	0.00070	0.00071
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene (DCE)	156–60–5	100	4,000
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	79–01–6	0.6	7
Vinyl Chloride	75–01–4	0.022	1.6

The revision of these criteria is a systematic update of EPA's national recommended human health criteria. EPA previously described its process for publishing revised criteria [see National Recommended Water Quality Criteria—Correction (64 FR 19781; or EPA–822–Z–99–001) or the **Federal Register** Notice for EPA's 2000 Methodology (65 FR 66444)]. EPA updated the human health criteria using externally peer-reviewed information sources.

On May 13, 2014, EPA announced the availability of the draft updated human health criteria in the **Federal Register** notice ''Updated National Recommended Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Human Health'' (79 FR 27303) and announced that written views would be accepted from the public until July 14, 2014. In response to stakeholder requests, on June 23, 2014, EPA announced in the **Federal Register** (79 FR 35545) an extension of the public comment period for an additional 30 days, until August 13, 2014. EPA reviewed and considered all public comments received and prepared responses to those comments.

EPA developed chemical-specific science documents for each of the ninety-four chemical pollutants. These documents detail the latest scientific information supporting the final human health criteria, particularly the updated toxicity and exposure input values. A fact sheet and a summary of updated input parameters (*e.g.,* health toxicity values, bioaccumulation factors) used to derive the final updated criteria are provided. All these documents, including EPA's responses to views received during the comment period, are available on EPA's Web site at *http://water.epa.gov/scitech/swguidance/standards/criteria/health/.*

IV. What is the relationship between EPA's 2015 final updated human health criteria and state or tribal water quality standards?

Section 303(a)–(c) of the CWA requires states and authorized tribes to adopt water quality standards for their waters. As part of the water quality standards triennial review process set forth in section 303(c) of the CWA, states and authorized tribes are required to review and revise, if appropriate, their water quality standards at least once every three years.

States and authorized tribes must adopt water quality criteria that protect designated uses. 40 CFR 131.11(a)(1). Criteria must be based on a sound scientific rationale and contain sufficient parameters or constituents to protect the designated uses. Id. Criteria may be expressed in either narrative or numeric form. EPA's regulations provide that states and authorized tribes should adopt numeric water quality criteria based on:

(1) EPA's recommended section 304(a) criteria; or

(2) EPA's recommended section 304(a) criteria modified to reflect site-specific conditions; or

(3) Other scientifically defensible methods. (40 CFR 131.11(b)).

It is important for states and authorized tribes to consider any new or updated section 304(a) recommended criteria as part of their triennial review process to ensure that state or tribal water quality criteria reflect sound science and protect applicable designated uses. EPA recently proposed revisions to its water quality standards regulations that would, if finalized without substantive change, require states during their triennial reviews to consider new or updated section 304(a) recommended criteria and, if they do not adopt new or revised criteria for such pollutants, provide an explanation to EPA and the public as to why the state did not do so. These final updated section 304(a) human health criteria recommendations supersede EPA's previous recommendations.

Dated: June 22, 2015.

Kenneth J. Kopocis,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Water.

[FR Doc. 2015–15912 Filed 6–26–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

FEDERAL MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH REVIEW COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Notice

June 25, 2015.

TIME AND DATE: 10:00 a.m., Thursday, July 9, 2015.

PLACE: The Richard V. Backley Hearing Room, Room 511N, 1331 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20004 (enter from F Street entrance).

STATUS: Open.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: The Commission will consider and act upon the following in open session: *Secretary of Labor* v. *Newtown Energy, Inc.,* Docket No. WEVA 2011–283 (Issues include whether the Administrative Law Judge erred by concluding that the violation in question was not significant and substantial and was not the result of an unwarrantable failure to comply.).

Any person attending this meeting who requires special accessibility features and/or auxiliary aids, such as sign language interpreters, must inform the Commission in advance of those needs. Subject to 29 CFR 2706.150(a)(3) and § 2706.160(d).

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFO: Emogene Johnson (202) 434–9935/(202) 708–9300 for TDD Relay/1–800–877–8339 for toll free.

Sarah Stewart,

Deputy General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2015–16049 Filed 6–25–15; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 6735–01–P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the