within 500 flight cycles after December 4, 2001, whichever occurs later: Service (Oil and Nitrogen) the left and right MLG shock struts per PART C (for airplanes on the ground) or PART D (for airplanes on jacks) of the service bulletin.

Other Inspections

(m) Within 500 flight cycles after completing the actions required by paragraph (l) of this AD: Inspect the MLG left and right shock struts for nitrogen pressure, visible chrome dimension, and oil leakage, in accordance with PART E of the service bulletin. Thereafter, repeat the inspection at intervals not to exceed 500 flight cycles.

Corrective Actions for Certain Inspections

(n) If the chrome extension dimension of the shock strut pressure reading is outside the limits specified in the Airplane Maintenance Manual, Task 32–11–05–220–801, or any oil leakage is found during any inspection required by paragraph (m) of this AD: Prior to further flight, service the MLG shock strut in accordance with PART C (for airplanes on the ground) or PART D (for airplanes on jacks) of the service bulletin.

Detailed and Follow-On Inspections and Corrective Action

(o) Prior to the accumulation of 1,000 total flight cycles on the MLG, or within 250 flight cycles after June 13, 2003, whichever occurs later: Accomplish a detailed inspection of the MLG main fittings to detect signs of cracking (including linear paint cracks along the circumference of the main fitting tube, lack of paint (paint peeling) or other paint damage, lack of adhesion or paint bulging, and signs of corrosion), per PART A of the service bulletin. Repeat the inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed 100 flight cycles.

Note 2: For the purposes of this AD, a detailed inspection is defined as: "An intensive visual examination of a specific structural area, system, installation, or assembly to detect damage, failure, or irregularity. Available lighting is normally supplemented with a direct source of good lighting at intensity deemed appropriate by the inspector. Inspection aids such as mirror, magnifying lenses, etc., may be used. Surface cleaning and elaborate access procedures may be required."

(p) If any linear paint crack along the circumference of the main fitting tube, lack of paint (paint peeling) or other paint damage, evidence of paint bulging due to lack of adhesion, or evidence of corrosion is found during any inspection required by paragraph (o) of this AD: Prior to further flight, accomplish either an eddy current inspection to detect cracking, per PART B of the service bulletin; or a fluorescent penetrant inspection to detect cracking, per PART F of the service bulletin.

(1) If no cracking of the MLG main fittings is found during any inspection required by paragraph (p) of this AD: Prior to further flight, repaint and/or repair/rework any paint damage per PART B of the service bulletin.

(2) If any cracking of the MLG main fittings is found during any inspection required by paragraph (p) of this AD: Prior to further

flight, replace any cracked MLG main fitting with a new or serviceable part per the service bulletin.

Reporting Requirement

(a) Within 30 days after each inspection and servicing required by paragraphs (h), (i), (l), (m), (o), and (p) of this AD, report all findings, positive or negative, to: Bombardier Aerospace, In-Service Engineering, fax number 514-855-8501. Although the service bulletin references completion of a "Service Bulletin Comment Sheet-Facsimile Reply Sheet," this AD does not require that action. Information collection requirements contained in this regulation have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) and have been assigned OMB Control Number 2120-0056.

New Requirements of This AD

Replacement

(r) For airplanes having serial numbers 9000 and subsequent: Within 6 months after the effective date of this AD, replace the MLG main fittings, in accordance with Bombardier Service Bulletin 601R–32–093, Revision 'B,' dated July 14, 2005. Replacing the MLG main fittings terminates the requirements of paragraphs (h) through (q) of this AD.

Credit for Actions Done According to Previous Issues of the Service Bulletin

(s) Replacements done before the effective date of this AD in accordance with Bombardier Service Bulletin 601R–32–093, dated October 17, 2003; or Revision 'A,' dated September 21, 2004; are acceptable for compliance with the requirements of paragraph (r) of this AD.

Credit for AD 2007-01-07

(t) For airplanes having S/Ns 7003 through 7067 inclusive and S/Ns 7069 through 8999 inclusive, equipped with MLG main fittings having P/N 601R85001–3 or –4 (Messier-Dowty P/N 17064–101, –102, –103, or –104): Accomplishing the replacement required by paragraph (l) of AD 2007–01–07, amendment 39–14879, terminates the requirements of paragraphs (h) through (q) of this AD.

Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(u)(1) The Manager, New York Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. Send information to ATTN: Pong K. Lee, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe and Propulsion Branch, ANE–171, FAA, New York ACO, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, New York 11590; telephone (516) 228–7324; fax (516) 794–5531. Before using any approved AMOC on any airplane to which the AMOC applies, notify your appropriate principal inspector (PI) in the FAA Flight Standards District Office (FSDO), or lacking a PI, your local FSDO.

(2) AMOCs issued to allow escalation of the repetitive intervals for the eddy current inspections from 500 to 1,000 flight cycles in accordance with paragraph (e) of AD 2001– 22–09 are not approved as AMOCs with this AD.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of AMOCs with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the New York ACO.

Related Information

(v) Canadian airworthiness directive CF–1999–32R3, dated September 21, 2005, also addresses the subject of this AD.

Material Incorporated by Reference

(w) You must use Bombardier Service Bulletin 601R–32–093, Revision 'B,' dated July 14, 2005; and Bombardier Alert Service Bulletin A601R–32–079, Revision 'E,' dated September 12, 2002; including Appendix 1, Revision 'D,' dated September 12, 2002; including Appendices 2 and 3, dated September 12, 2002; as applicable; to perform the actions that are required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(1) On February 16, 2007 (72 FR 1430, January 12, 2007), the Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of Bombardier Service Bulletin 601R–32–093, Revision 'B,' dated July 14, 2005.

(2) On June 13, 2003 (68 FR 31956, May 29, 2003), the Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of Bombardier Alert Service Bulletin A601R—32—079, Revision 'E,' dated September 12, 2002; including Appendix 1, Revision 'D,' dated September 12, 2002; including Appendices 2 and 3, dated September 12, 2002.

(3) Contact Bombardier, Inc., 400 Côte-Vertu Road West, Dorval, Québec H4S 1Y9, Canada; telephone 514–855–5000; fax 514–855–7401; e-mail thd.crj@aero.bombardier.com; Internet http://www.bombardier.com for a copy of this service information. You may review copies at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations.html.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on November 4, 2008.

Stephen P. Boyd,

Assistant Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. E8–26915 Filed 11–17–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2008-0529; Airspace Docket No. 08-AWP-6]

Establishment and Revocation of Class E Airspace; Lake Havasu, AZ

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action will establish Class E airspace at Lake Havasu, AZ. Additional controlled airspace is necessary to accommodate aircraft using VHF Omni-Directional Radio Range/ Distance Measuring Equipment (VOR/ DME) Global Positioning System (GPS) Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) at Lake Havasu City Airport, Lake Havasu, AZ. This action also will revoke Class E airspace at the old Lake Havasu Airport, Lake Havasu, AZ, as that airport has been abandoned. This will improve the safety and management of aircraft operations at Lake Havasu City Airport, Lake Havasu, AZ.

DATES: Effective Date: 0901 UTC, January 15, 2009. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order 7400.9 and publication of conforming amendments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Eldon Taylor, Federal Aviation Administration, Operations Support Group, Western Service Area, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, WA 98057; telephone (425) 203–4537.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On July 21, 2008, the FAA published in the **Federal Register** a notice of proposed rulemaking to establish controlled airspace at Lake Havasu, AZ, (73 FR 42284). Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking effort by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments were received.

Class E airspace designations are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9S signed October 3, 2008, and effective October 31, 2008, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR part 71.1. The Class E airspace designations listed in this document will be published subsequently in that Order.

The Rule

This action amends Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) part 71 by establishing Class E airspace at Lake Havasu City Airport, Lake Havasu, AZ. This rulemaking also removes the Class E airspace area at the old Lake Havasu Airport, which has been abandoned. Controlled airspace is necessary to accommodate IFR aircraft using VOR/DME (GPS) approach procedures at Lake Havasu City Airport, Lake Havasu, AZ.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which

frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore, this regulation: (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. The FAAs authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the U.S. Code. Subtitle 1, Section 106 discusses the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority as it establishes controlled airspace at Lake Havasu City Airport, Lake Havasu, AZ, and removes Class E airspace at the old abandoned Lake Havasu Airport.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

■ In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E. O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9S, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, signed October 3, 2008, and effective October 31, 2008, is amended as follows: Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

AWP AZ E5 Lake Havasu, AZ [Revoked]

AWP AZ E5 Lake Havasu, AZ

Lake Havasu City, AZ (Lat. 34°34′16″ N., long. 114°21′30″ W.) Chemehuevi Valley Airport, CA (Lat. 34°31′44″ N., long. 114°25′56″ W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 4-mile radius of Lake Havasu City Airport, excluding that airspace with a 1.5-mile radius of Chemehuevi Valley Airport. That airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface bounded by a line beginning at lat. 34°42′47″ N., long. 114°29′37″ W.; to lat. 34°42′47″ N., long. 114°12′00″ W.; to lat. 34°18′13″ N., long. 114°12′00″ W.; to lat. 34°18′13″ N., long. 114°32′12″ W.; thence to the point of beginning.

Issued in Seattle, Washington, on November 5, 2008.

Kathryn Higgins,

Acting Manager, Operations Support Group, Western Service Center.

[FR Doc. E8–27277 Filed 11–17–08; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2008-0716; Airspace Docket No. 08-ASW-9]

Establishment of Low Altitude Area Navigation Route T-254; Houston, TX

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action establishes a low altitude Global Positioning System (GPS)/Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) area navigation route, designated T–254, in the vicinity of the Houston, TX, terminal area. This route allows for more efficient utilization of airspace and enhances the management of aircraft operations in the vicinity of Houston, TX.

DATES: Effective Date: 0901 UTC, January 15, 2009. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order 7400.9 and publication of conforming amendments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Colby Abbott, Airspace and Rules Group, Office of System Operations