

administrative record for this project and are subject to public inspection. Our practice is to make comments, including names and home addresses of respondents, available for public review. Individual respondents may request that Reclamation withhold their home address from public disclosure, which will be honored to the extent allowable by law. There also may be circumstances in which Reclamation would withhold a respondent's identify from public disclosure, as allowable by law. If you wish to have your name and/or address withheld, you must state this prominently at the beginning of your comment. Reclamation will make all submissions from organizations or businesses and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses available for public disclosure in their entirety.

Dated: June 17, 2004.

**Mary Josie Blanchard,**

*Deputy Director, Environmental Policy & Compliance.*

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## INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigations Nos. 731-TA-1082 and 1083 (Preliminary)]

### Chlorinated Isocyanurates From China and Spain

#### Determinations

On the basis of the record<sup>1</sup> developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission (Commission) determines, pursuant to section 733(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1673b(a)) (the Act), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports from China and Spain of chlorinated isocyanurates, provided for in subheading 2933.69.60 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV).

#### Commencement of Final Phase Investigations

Pursuant to § 207.18 of the Commission's rules, the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its investigations. The Commission will issue a final phase

notice of scheduling, which will be published in the **Federal Register** as provided in § 207.21 of the Commission's rules, upon notice from the Department of Commerce (Commerce) of affirmative preliminary determinations in the investigations under section 733(b) of the Act, or, if the preliminary determinations are negative, upon notice of affirmative final determinations in the investigations under section 735(a) of the Act. Parties that filed entries of appearance in the preliminary phase of the investigations need not enter a separate appearance for the final phase of the investigations. Industrial users, and, if the merchandise under investigation is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping and countervailing duty investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigations.

#### Background

On May 14, 2004, a petition was filed with the Commission and Commerce by Clearon Corp., Fort Lee, NJ, and Occidental Chemical Corp., Dallas, TX, alleging that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of LTFV imports of chlorinated isocyanurates from China and Spain. Accordingly, effective May 14, 2004, the Commission instituted antidumping duty investigations Nos. 731-TA-1082 and 1083 (Preliminary).

Notice of the institution of the Commission's investigations and of a public conference to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the **Federal Register** of May 21, 2004 (69 FR 29328). The conference was held in Washington, DC, on June 4, 2004, and all persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to appear in person or by counsel.

The Commission transmitted its determinations in these investigations to the Secretary of Commerce on June 28, 2004. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 3705 (July 2004), entitled *Chlorinated Isocyanurates from China and Spain: Investigations Nos. 731-TA-1082 and 1083 (Preliminary)*.

Issued: June 29, 2004.

By order of the Commission.

**Marilyn R. Abbott,**

*Secretary to the Commission.*

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## INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731-TA-44 (Second Review)]

### Sorbitol from France

**AGENCY:** International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Revised schedule for the subject review.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** June 28, 2004.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Fred Fischer (202-205-3179 or [fred.fischer@usitc.gov](mailto:fred.fischer@usitc.gov)), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov>). The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <http://edis.usitc.gov>.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On May 7, 2004, the Commission established a schedule for the conduct of the subject expedited five-year review (69 FR 28949, May 19, 2004). Subsequently, on June 3, 2004, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) extended the time limit for its final results in the expedited five-year review from June 1, 2004, to not later than June 15, 2004 (69 FR 31354). On June 22, 2004, Commerce again extended the time limit for its final results from June 15, 2004, to not later than June 30, 2004 (69 FR 34652). Commerce published its final results for the subject review on June 28, 2004 (69 FR 36062). The Commission, therefore, has determined to exercise its authority to extend the review period by up to 90 days pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 1675(c)(5)(B),<sup>1</sup> and is revising its schedule to reflect the date of the final

<sup>1</sup> The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

<sup>1</sup> As a transition order five-year review, the Commission determines that the subject review is extraordinarily complicated pursuant to section 751(c)(5)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930.