reviewed Chinese and non-Chinese

the time of liquidation. Where either the respondent's weighted average dumping margin is zero or *de minimis*, or an importer or customer-specific *ad valorem* assessment rate is zero or *de minimis*, Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.²⁸

For Dongyue, for which this review is being rescinded, Commerce will instruct CBP to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. Antidumping duties shall be assessed at rates equal to the cash deposit rate for estimated antidumping duties required at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(1)(i). With respect to the recission of this review, in part, Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**.

For the final results, if we continue to treat Yonghe as part of the China-wide entity, we will instruct CBP to apply an ad valorem assessment rate of 267.51 percent to all entries of subject merchandise during the POR which were produced and/or exported by this company. The final results of this review shall be the basis for the assessment of antidumping duties on entries of merchandise covered by the final results of this review and for future deposits of estimated duties, where applicable.

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for the exporters listed above will be that established in the final results of this review, except if the rate is less than 0.50 percent and, therefore, de minimis within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), in which case the cash deposit rate will be zero; (2) for previously investigated or

Final Results of Review

Unless the deadline is extended, Commerce intends to issue the final results of this administrative review, including the results of its analysis of issues raised by interested parties in the written comments, within 120 days after the date of publication of these preliminary results in the **Federal Register**.³⁰

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties, and/or an increase in the amount of antidumping duties by the amount of the countervailing duties.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these preliminary results in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 351.221(b)(4).

Dated: July 7, 2025.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

I. Summary II. Background

- III. Scope of the Order
- IV. Rescission of Administrative Review, In Part
- V. Discussion of the Methodology
- VI. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2025–12955 Filed 7–10–25; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [C-570-179]

Certain Tungsten Shot From the People's Republic of China: Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of certain tungsten shot (tungsten shot) from the People's Republic of China (China). The period of investigation (POI) is January 1, 2023, through December 31, 2023.

DATES: Applicable July 11, 2025. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Samuel Evans, AD/CVD Operations, Office IX, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington,

DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2420.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On December 20, 2024, Commerce published the *Preliminary Determination* in the **Federal Register** and invited interested parties to comment. On February 6, 2025, Commerce issued a post-preliminary analysis. ²

For a complete discussion of the events that followed the *Preliminary Determination*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.³ The Issues and

exporters not listed above that received a separate rate in a prior segment of this proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the existing exporterspecific rate; (3) for all Chinese exporters of subject merchandise that have not been found to be entitled to a separate rate, the cash deposit rate will be that for the China-wide entity; and (4) for all non-Chinese exporters of subject merchandise which have not received their own rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate applicable to the Chinese exporter that supplied that non-Chinese exporter.²⁹ These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

²⁹See Order.

 $^{^{30}}$ See section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act; and 19 CFR 351.213(h).

¹ See Certain Tungsten Shot from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Alignment of Final Determination With Final Antidumping Duty Determination, 89 FR 104083 (December 20, 2024) (Preliminary Determination), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

² See Memorandum, "Post-Preliminary Analysis Memorandum in the Countervailing Duty Investigation of Certain Tungsten Shot from the People's Republic of China," dated February 5, 2025 (Post-Preliminary Analysis).

³ See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Affirmative Determination of the Countervailing Duty Investigation of Certain Tungsten Shot from the

²⁸See Final Modification, 77 FR at 8103.

Decision Memorandum is a public document and is made available to the public via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx.

Scope of the Investigation

The merchandise covered by the scope of this investigation is tungsten shot from China. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, *see* Appendix I.

Scope Comments

We received no comments from interested parties on the scope of the investigation as it appeared in the *Preliminary Determination*. Therefore, we made no changes to the scope of the investigation.

Verification

As provided in section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), in February 2025, Commerce verified the information reported by the Zhuzhou KJ Super Materials Co., Ltd. (KJ Super) for use in our final determination. We used standard verification procedures, including an examination of relevant accounting records and original source documents provided at verification.⁴

Analysis of Subsidy Programs and Comments Received

The subsidy programs under investigation and the issues raised in

the case and rebuttal briefs that were submitted by interested parties in this investigation are discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. For a list of the issues raised by interested parties and addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, see Appendix II to this notice.

Methodology

Commerce conducted this investigation in accordance with section 701 of the Act. For each of the subsidy programs found to be countervailable, Commerce determines that there is a subsidy, *i.e.*, a financial contribution by an "authority" that gives rise to a benefit to the recipient, and that the subsidy is specific.⁵ For a full description of the methodology underlying our final determination, *see* the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

In making this final determination, Commerce relied, in part, on facts otherwise available, including with an adverse inference, pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act. For a full discussion of our application of adverse facts available (AFA), see the Preliminary Determination 6 and the Issues and Decision Memorandum at the section entitled "Uses of Facts Available and Application of Adverse Inferences."

Changes Since the Preliminary Determination and Post-Preliminary Analysis

Based on our review and analysis of the information at verification, we made changes to the tariff rate used to calculate the benchmark prices for the provision of tungsten for less than adequate remuneration program and the inland freight expenses included in the benchmark prices for tungsten. Furthermore, we revised the calculation of AFA rate to reflect changes to KJ Super's program rates, to incorporate the four programs assessed in the Post-Preliminary Analysis, and to correct certain rates selected under Commerce's AFA hierarchy. For a discussion of these changes, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

All-Others Rate

Section 705(c)(5)(A)(i) of the Act states that, for companies not individually investigated, Commerce will determine an all-others rate equal to the weighted-average countervailable subsidy rates established for exporters and/or producers individually investigated, excluding any zero and de minimis countervailable subsidy rates, and any rates determined entirely under section 776 of the Act.

Commerce calculated an individual estimated countervailable subsidy rate for KJ Super, the only individually examined exporter/producer in this investigation. Because the only individually calculated rate is not zero, de minimis, or based entirely on facts otherwise available, the estimated weighted-average rate calculated for KJ Super is the rate assigned to all other producers and exporters, pursuant to section 705(c)(5)(A)(i) of the Act.

Final Determination

Commerce determines that the following estimated countervailable subsidy rates exist for the period January 1, 2023, through December 31, 2023:

Company	Subsidy rate (percent ad valorem)
Luoyang Combat Tungsten & Molybdenum Materials Co., Ltd	* 292.84
Luoyang Hypersolid Metal Tech Co., Ltd	* 292.84
Mudanjiang North Alloy Tools Co., Ltd	* 292.84
Shaanxi Xinheng Rare Metal Co., Ltd	* 292.84
Xi'an Refractory & Precise Metals Co., Ltd	* 292.84
Zhuzhou KJ Super Materials Co., Ltd	55.64
Zhuzhou Oston Carbide Co., Ltd	* 292.84
Zhuzhou Tungsten Man Materials Co., Ltd	* 292.84
All Others	55.64

^{*} Rate is based on facts available with adverse inferences.

Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose its calculations performed to interested

People's Republic of China," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

parties in this final determination within five days of its public announcement or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of the publication of this notice in

⁴ See Memorandum, "Verification of the Questionnaire Responses of Zhuzhou KJ Super Materials Co., Ltd.," dated March 19, 2025.

 $^{^5}$ See sections 771(5)(B) and (D) of the Act regarding financial contribution; see also section

⁷⁷¹⁽⁵⁾⁽E) of the Act regarding benefit; and section 771(5A) of the Act regarding specificity.

 $^{^{\}rm 6}\,See$ Preliminary Determination PDM at 4–25.

⁷ See Issues and Decision Memorandum at 3 and Appendix.

the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation

As a result of our Preliminary Determination, and pursuant to sections 703(d)(1)(B) and (d)(2) of the Act, we instructed U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to collect cash deposits and suspend liquidation of entries of subject merchandise from China that were entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption, on or after December 20, 2024, the date of the publication of the *Preliminary* Determination in the Federal Register.8 In accordance with section 703(d) of the Act, we instructed CBP to discontinue the suspension of liquidation of all entries of subject merchandise entered or withdrawn from warehouse, on or after April 19, 2025 but to continue the suspension of liquidation of all entries of subject merchandise on or before April 18, 2025.

If the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) issues a final affirmative injury determination, we will issue a countervailing duty (CVD) order, reinstate the suspension of liquidation under section 706(a) of the Act, and require a cash deposit of estimated countervailing duties for entries of subject merchandise in the amounts indicated above. Pursuant to section 705(c)(2) of the Act, if the ITC determines that material injury, or threat of material injury, does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated, and all estimated duties deposited or securities posted as a result of the suspension of liquidation will be refunded or cancelled.

ITC Notification

In accordance with section 705(d) of the Act, Commerce will notify the ITC of its final affirmative determination that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of tungsten shot from China. As Commerce's final determination is affirmative, in accordance with section 705(b) of the Act, the ITC will determine, within 45 days, whether the domestic industry in the United States is materially injured, or threatened with material injury, by reason of import of tungsten shot from China. In addition, we are making available to the ITC all non-privileged and non-proprietary information in our files, provided the ITC confirms that it will not disclose such information, either publicly or under administrative protective order (APO), without the written consent of

the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

If the ITC determines that material injury or threat of material injury does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated, and all cash deposits will be refunded. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, Commerce will issue a CVD order directing CBP to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, countervailing duties on all imports of the subject merchandise that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation, as discussed above in the "Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation" section.

Administrative Protective Order

This notice will serve as the final reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 705(d) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.210(c).

Dated: July 7, 2025.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix I

Scope of the Investigation

The merchandise covered by the investigation is certain tungsten spheres or balls, also known as shot, that are 92.6 percent or greater tungsten by weight, not including the weight of any additional coating. In scope shot have a diameter ranging from 1.5 millimeters (mm) to 10.0 mm. Subject shot can be referred to as "Tungsten Super Shot." Merchandise is covered regardless of the combination of compounds that comprise the non-tungsten material and whether or not the tungsten shot is additionally coated with another material, including but not limited to copper, nickel, iron, or metallic alloys. Tungsten shot subject to the investigation may be classified under the following Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheading: 9306.29.0000. Merchandise may also be entered under HTSUS subheading 8101.99.8000. The HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs

purposes only. The written description of the scope of the investigation is dispositive.

Appendix II

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summary

II. Background

III. Period of Investigation

IV. Use of Facts Available and Adverse

V. Subsidies Valuation

VI. Analysis of Programs

VII. Discussion of the Issues

Comment 1: Whether to Modify the Benchmark Calculation for the Provision of Tungsten for Less-Than-Adequate-Remuneration (LTAR) Program

Comment 2: Whether Suppliers of Tungsten are "Authorities"

Comment 3: Whether to Use Surrogate Values to Assess the Benefit Conferred from the Provision of Tungsten for LTAR Program

Comment 4: Whether to Apply Adverse Facts Available (AFA) for KJ Super's Use of Income Tax Programs

Comment 5: Whether the Petitioner's Treatment of Business Proprietary Information (BPI) in its New Factual Information (NFI) Submission was Appropriate

VIII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2025-12966 Filed 7-10-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A-533-869]

Certain New Pneumatic Off-the-Road Tires From India: Preliminary Results and Partial Recission of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023– 2024

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that certain producers/ exporters subject to this review made sales of subject merchandise at less than normal value (NV) during the period of review (POR), March 1, 2023, through February 29, 2024. We are also rescinding this administrative review, in part, with respect to 14 companies because these companies had no reviewable entries of subject merchandise during the POR. We invite interested parties to comment on these preliminary results of review.

DATES: Applicable July 11, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Maria Papakostas or Seth Brown, AD/ CVD Operations, Office IX, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade

⁸ See Preliminary Determination, 89 FR at 104083.