other discharges into the Gulf. Under the authority of the OPA, designated Federal and state Trustees, acting on behalf of the public, assessed the injuries to natural resources and prepared the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Final Programmatic Damage Assessment and Restoration Plan and Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (Final PDARP/PEIS), and the Record of Decision for the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Final PDARP/PEIS (ROD), which sets forth the governance structure and process for DWH restoration planning under the OPA NRDA regulations. On April 4, 2016, the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana entered a Consent Decree resolving civil claims by the Trustees against BP.

The Texas TIG, which is composed of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the U.S. Department of the Interior, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the Texas General Land Office, the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, selects and implements restoration projects under the Texas TIG's management authority in accordance with the Consent Decree. The Final PDARP/PEIS, ROD, Consent Decree, and information on the DWH Trustees can be found at https:// www.gulfspillrestoration.noaa.gov/ restoration-planning/gulf-plan.

Background

On August 5, 2024, the Texas TIG announced on the Gulf Spill Restoration website that they were initiating preparation of the Draft RP/EA #3, which tiers from the Final PDARP/PEIS and includes a reasonable range of restoration project alternatives to provide compensatory restoration toward meeting the Restore and Conserve Habitats restoration goal identified in the Final PDARP/PEIS under the Wetlands, Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats (WCNH) Restoration Type. On January 16, 2025, the Texas TIG released the Draft RP/EA #3 for a 30-day public review period (90 FR 4725, January 16, 2025). To facilitate public understanding of the document, the Texas TIG held a public meeting on January 28, 2025, during which public comments were solicited. The Texas TIG accepted public comments through February 18, 2025. After the public review period closed, the Texas TIG reviewed the comments received, prepared responses to those comments, finalized the plan, and prepared the FONSI.

Overview of the Texas TIG Final RP/EA #3

This Final RP/EA #3 focuses on the beneficial use of dredged material (BUDM) to restore and conserve wetlands, coastal, and nearshore habitats. The Texas TIG proposes the allocation of \$36 million toward the use of BUDM to construct wetland habitat along the Texas coast through the preferred projects included in the Final RP/EA #3. The \$36 million will be divided among the selected projects to provide the incremental cost for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers or to fund other viable sources to beneficially use dredged sediments to construct the preferred restoration alternatives. In the Final RP/EA #3, the Texas TIG analyzes a reasonable range of eight project alternatives and, pursuant to the NEPA, a No Action alternative. Two of the alternatives are not preferred by the TIG at this time. The six projects selected by the Texas TIG for funding and implementation are listed below:

- Jocelyn Nungaray National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) Roberts Mueller Tract Wetland Restoration (note the NWR name change per Executive Order 14229, "Honoring Jocelyn Nungaray");
 - Goose Island Wetland Restoration;
- Lower Neches Wildlife Management Area Old River Unit Wetland Restoration:
- McFaddin National Wildlife Refuge Willow Lake Terraces Wetland Restoration;
- San Bernard National Wildlife Refuge Sargent Oil Field Wetland Restoration; and
- Texas Point National Wildlife Refuge Wetland Restoration.

Funding to implement the alternatives selected by the Texas TIG will come from the WCNH Restoration Type allocation. Additional restoration planning in the Texas TIG will continue.

Administrative Record

The Administrative Record for the Final RP/EA #3 can be viewed electronically at https://www.doi.gov/deepwaterhorizon/adminrecord under the folder 6.5.2.2.3.

Authority

The authority for this action is the OPA of 1990 (33 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.), its implementing Natural Resource Damage Assessment regulations found at 15 CFR part 990 and the NEPA of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

Dated: July 17, 2025.

Sunny Snider,

Deputy Director, Office of Habitat Conservation, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2025-13752 Filed 7-21-25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648-XF052]

Fisheries of the South Atlantic; Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review (SEDAR); Public Meeting

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of SEDAR 90 South Atlantic red snapper post data workshop webinar 3 (Discard Mortality).

SUMMARY: The SEDAR 90 assessment process of South Atlantic red snapper will consist of a Data Workshop, a series of assessment webinars, and a Review Workshop. See **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.**

DATES: The SEDAR 90 Post Data Workshop Webinar 3 (Discard Mortality) will be held August 6, 2025, from 10 a.m. to 12 p.m. EDT.

ADDRESSES:

Meeting address: The meeting will be held via webinar. The webinar is open to members of the public. The established times may be adjusted as necessary to accommodate the timely completion of discussion relevant to the assessment process. Such adjustments may result in the meeting being extended from or completed prior to the time established by this notice.

SEDAR address: 4055 Faber Place Drive, Suite 201, North Charleston, SC 29405

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Emily L. Ott, SEDAR Coordinator; (843)

302–8434. Email: Emily.Ott@safmc.net. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Gulf, South Atlantic, and Caribbean Fishery Management Councils, in conjunction with NMFS and the Atlantic and Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commissions have implemented the Southeast Data, Assessment and Review (SEDAR) process, a multi-step method for determining the status of fish stocks in the Southeast Region. SEDAR is a multistep process including: (1) Data/

Assessment Workshop, and (2) a series

Assessment Workshop is a report which

of webinars. The product of the Data/

compiles and evaluates potential datasets and recommends which datasets are appropriate for assessment analyses, and describes the fisheries, evaluates the status of the stock, estimates biological benchmarks, projects future population conditions, and recommends research and monitoring needs. Participants for SEDAR Workshops are appointed by the Gulf, South Atlantic, and Caribbean Fishery Management Councils and NMFS Southeast Regional Office, HMS Management Division, and Southeast Fisheries Science Center. Participants include data collectors and database managers; stock assessment scientists, biologists, and researchers; constituency representatives including fishermen, environmentalists, and NGO's; International experts; and staff of Councils, Commissions, and state and federal agencies.

The items of discussion in the SEDAR 90 Post Data Workshop Webinar 3 are as follows:

- Review any data issues remaining regarding discard mortality
- Finalize any data decisions remaining regarding discard mortality
- Continue discussion on modelling issues and decisions.

Although non-emergency issues not contained in this agenda may come before this group for discussion, those issues may not be the subject of formal action during this meeting. Action will be restricted to those issues specifically identified in this notice and any issues arising after publication of this notice that require emergency action under section 305(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, provided the public has been notified of the intent to take final action to address the emergency.

Special Accommodations

These meetings are physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to the Council office (see ADDRESSES) at least 5 business days prior to each workshop.

Note: The times and sequence specified in this agenda are subject to change.

(Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.)

Dated: July 18, 2025.

Rey Israel Marquez,

Acting Deputy Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2025–13785 Filed 7–21–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for Review and Approval; Comment Request; Greater Atlantic Region Logbook Family of Forms

The Department of Commerce will submit the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, on or after the date of publication of this notice. We invite the general public and other Federal agencies to comment on proposed, and continuing information collections, which helps us assess the impact of our information collection requirements and minimize the public's reporting burden. Public comments were previously requested via the Federal Register on March 19th, 2025 during a 60-day comment period. This notice allows for an additional 30 days for public comments.

Agency: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Commerce.

Title: Greater Atlantic Region Logbook Family of Forms.

OMB Control Number: 0648–0212. Form Number(s): 88–30.

Type of Request: Regular submission [extension of a current information collection].

Number of Respondents: 4,028. Average Hours per Response: .083 (5 minutes).

Total Annual Burden Hours: 15,236

Needs and Uses: This is a request for an extension of an approved information collection.

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA's) National Marine Fisheries Service's (NMFS's) Greater Atlantic Regional Fisheries Office (GARFO), under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act) and the Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act (Atlantic Coastal Act), the New England Fishery Management Council (the Council), and the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission (the Commission) are responsible for conservation and management of marine fishery resources off the east coast. NMFS enacts complementary regulations to Council and Commission actions.

The Magnuson-Stevens Act requires that conservation and management

measures must prevent overfishing while achieving, on a continuing basis, the optimum yield from each fishery. These measures must be based on the best scientific information available. The Atlantic Coastal Act oversees coastal fishery resources that migrate, or are widely distributed, across the jurisdictional boundaries of two or more of the Atlantic States and Federal government.

The information collected using the logbook family of forms will be used by several offices of NMFS, the U.S. Coast Guard, the Councils and Commission, and state fishery agencies. The information is used to develop, implement, and monitor fishery management strategies. Logbook data serves as inputs for a variety of uses, including biological analyses and stock assessments, regulatory impact analyses, quota allocation selections and monitoring, economic profitability profiles, trade and import tariff decisions, allocation of grant funds among states, and analysis of ecological interactions among species. NMFS would be unable to fulfill the majority of its scientific research and fishery management missions without these

During the current review of this collection, the program office discovered that the changes published in 2018 (50 CFR part 48) pursuant to RIN 0648–BL61 were not captured in the current list of information collections. NOAA is therefore requesting a revision to accurately reflect those regulatory changes.

Regulatory changes in 2018 resulted in the elimination of the paper-based shellfish logbook, which integrated into the electronic vessel trip report (VTR) data collection program and the elimination of Tilefish interactive voice response (IVR) reporting. RIN 0648–BL61 integrated the Lobster VTR into the overall VTR information collection for all species. Additionally, the information collection "Herring" was renamed to "Daily Catch Reports" (DCR) to accurately reflect the multiple species for which a daily catch report is required.

Affected Public: Individuals, Business or other for-profit organizations.

Frequency: Per fishing trip.

Respondent's Obligation: Mandatory. Legal Authority: Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act and the Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act.

This information collection request may be viewed at www.reginfo.gov. Follow the instructions to view the Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.