

November 26, 1999 (Vol. 64, No. 227, p. 66507) Five comment letters were received.

**DATES:** Comments will be accepted until March 13, 2000.

**ADDRESSES:** Interested parties are invited to submit written comments to NCUA Clearance Officer or OMB Reviewer listed below:

Clearance Officer: Mr. James L. Baylen (703) 518-6411, National Credit Union Administration, 1775 Duke Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22314-3428, Fax No. 703-518-6433, E-mail: jbaylen@ncua.gov.

OMB Reviewer: Alexander T. Hunt (202) 395-7860, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10226, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Copies of the information collection requests, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by calling the NCUA Clearance Officer, James L. Baylen, (703) 518-6411.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Proposal for the following collection of information:

*OMB Number:* Not applicable.

*Form Number:* Not applicable.

*Type of Review:* New collection.

*Title:* Survey on Service to People of Modest Means.

*Description:* NCUA is considering policy changes which could result in substantial impact on credit unions. The results of the survey will be used to guide NCUA in the policy making process.

*Respondents:* Federal credit unions.

*Estimated No. of Respondents/Recordkeepers:* 6,700.

*Estimated Burden Hours Per Response:* .5 hours.

*Frequency of Response:* One-time.

*Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:* 3,350.

*Estimated Total Annual Cost:* \$55,844.50.

By the National Credit Union Administration Board on February 3, 2000.

**Becky Baker,**

*Secretary of the Board.*

[FR Doc. 00-3039 Filed 2-9-00; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7535-01-U**

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

**[Docket No. 50-255]**

### Consumers Energy Company; Notice of Withdrawal of Application for Amendment to Facility Operating License

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has granted the request of Consumers Energy Company (the licensee) to withdraw its November 9, 1998, application for proposed amendment to Facility Operating License No. DPR-20 for the Palisades Plant, located in Covert, Michigan.

The proposed amendment would have revised the Technical Specifications by deleting the chemical and volume control system (CVCS) operability and surveillance requirements, which the licensee had incorporated into the facility's Operating Requirements Manual (ORM). In its letter of January 13, 2000, the licensee stated that the proposed amendment was no longer needed because (1) the CVCS repairs anticipated at the time of the application for amendment were completed during a subsequent forced outage, and (2) the NRC's subsequent approval of the Improved Technical Specifications (Amendment 189, dated November 30, 1999) deleted the CVCS requirements that the licensee had incorporated into the ORM.

The Commission had previously issued a Notice of Consideration of Issuance of Amendment published in the **Federal Register** on December 16, 1998 (63 FR 69337). However, by letter dated January 13, 2000, the licensee withdrew the proposed change.

For further details with respect to this action, see the application for amendment dated November 9, 1998, and the licensee's letter dated January 13, 2000, which withdrew the application for license amendment. The above documents are available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC, and accessible electronically through the ADAMS Public Electronic Reading Room link at the NRC Web site (<http://www.nrc.gov>).

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 2d day of February 2000.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

**Darl S. Hood,**

*Senior Project Manager, Section 1, Project Directorate III, Division of Licensing Project Management, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.*

[FR Doc. 00-3095 Filed 2-9-00; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7590-01-P**

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

### Hydro Resources, Inc.; Notice of Reconstitution

[Docket No. 40-8968—ML; ASLBP No. 95-706-01—ML]

Pursuant to the authority contained in 10 CFR §§ 2.721 and 2.1207, the Presiding Officer in the captioned 10 CFR Part 2, Subpart L proceeding is hereby replaced by appointing Administrative Judge Thomas S. Moore as Presiding Officer in place of Administrative Judge Peter B. Bloch.

All correspondence, documents and other material shall be filed with the Presiding Officer in accordance with 10 CFR § 2.1203 (1997). The address of the new Presiding Officer is: Administrative Judge Thomas S. Moore, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001.

This Board reconstitution order is issued pursuant to the authority of the Chief Administrative Judge of the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel.

Issued at Rockville, Maryland, this 3rd day of February 2000.

**G. Paul Bollwerk III,**

*Chief Administrative Judge, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel.*

[FR Doc. 00-3098 Filed 2-9-00; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7590-01-P**

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

**[Docket Nos. 50-315 and 50-316; License Nos. DPR-58, DPR-74]**

### Indiana Michigan Power Company (Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant, Units 1 and 2); Confirmatory Order Modifying Post-Three Mile Island Requirements Pertaining to Containment Hydrogen Monitors

**I**

Indiana Michigan Power Company (IM or the licensee) is the holder of Facility Operating License Nos. DPR-58, and DPR-74 issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or Commission) pursuant to 10 CFR Part

50. The licenses authorize the operation of Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant (CNP), Units 1 and 2, located in Berrien County, Michigan.

## II

As a result of the accident at Three Mile Island, Unit 2 (TMI-2), the NRC issued NUREG-0737, "Clarification of TMI Action Plan Requirements," in November 1980. Generic Letters 82-05 and 82-10, issued on March 17 and May 5, 1982, respectively, requested licensees of operating power reactors to furnish information pertaining to their implementation of specific TMI Action Plan items described in NUREG-0737. Orders were issued to licensees confirming their commitments made in response to the generic letters. The Confirmatory Order that was issued to IM on March 14, 1983, required the licensee to implement and maintain the various TMI Action Plan Items, including Item II.F.1, Attachment 6 pertaining to monitoring of the hydrogen concentration in the containment following a safety injection.

Significant improvements have been achieved since the TMI accident in the areas of understanding risks associated with nuclear plant operations and developing better strategies for managing the response to potential severe accidents at nuclear power plants. Recent insights pertaining to plant risks and severe accident assessment tools have led the NRC staff to conclude that some TMI Action Plan items can be revised without reducing, and perhaps enhancing, the ability of licensees to respond to severe accidents. The NRC's efforts to understand the risks associated with commercial nuclear power plant operations more effectively and to reduce unnecessary regulatory burden on licensees and the public have prompted the NRC's decision to revise the post-TMI requirement to monitor containment hydrogen concentration.

The Confirmatory Order of March 14, 1983, imposed requirements upon the licensee to have continuous monitoring of containment hydrogen concentration provided in the control room, as described by TMI Action Plan Item II.F.1, Attachment 6. Information about hydrogen concentration supports the licensee's assessments of the degree of core damage and whether a threat to the integrity of the containment may be posed by hydrogen gas combustion. TMI Action Item II.F.1, Attachment 6, states:

If an indication is not available at all times, continuous indication and recording shall be functioning within 30 minutes of the initiation of safety injection.

This requirement to have monitoring of the hydrogen concentration in the containment within 30 minutes following the start of safety injection has defined both design and operating characteristics for hydrogen monitoring systems at nuclear power plants since the implementation of NUREG-0737. In addition, the technical specifications of most nuclear power plants and NRC regulation 10 CFR 50.44, "Standards for combustible gas control system in light-water-cooled power reactors," require availability of hydrogen monitors.

By letter dated December 22, 1999, IM used the Oconee and Arkansas Nuclear One confirmatory orders of November 29, 1999, and September 28, 1998, respectively, as guidance to request relief for the two CNP units from the requirement to have indication of hydrogen concentration in the containment within 30 minutes of the initiation of safety injection. Specifically, the licensee requested that risk-informed insights be used to determine the functional requirements for monitoring of containment hydrogen concentration that would allow extending the monitoring requirement to more than 30 minutes following initiation of safety injection. The basis for this request was that the additional time would allow the operators to complete their initial accident assessment and mitigation duties before redirecting their attention to the relatively longer-term recovery actions, such as actuating the hydrogen recombiners, that are not needed for at least 24 hours.

Based on the staff's evaluation of the justification provided by the licensee, and improved understanding of insights pertaining to plant risks, severe accident assessment, and emergency planning since the TMI-2 accident, the staff has concluded that the licensee's request should be approved. Giving the licensee the flexibility and responsibility for determining the appropriate time limit for establishing monitoring of containment hydrogen concentration will preclude control room personnel from being distracted from various important tasks in the early phases of accident mitigation, while allowing cognizant personnel, mostly outside the control room, to be aware of hydrogen concentration based on a risk-informed functional assessment at a reasonable time following an accident. Because the appropriate balance between control room activities and longer-term management of the response to severe accidents can best be determined by the licensee, the NRC staff has determined that the licensee may elect to adopt a risk-informed functional requirement in

lieu of the current 30-minute time limit for establishing monitoring of the hydrogen concentration as imposed by the Order dated March 14, 1983, and as described by TMI Action Item II.F.1, Attachment 6, in NUREG-0737. The appropriate functional requirement is as follows:

Procedures shall be established for ensuring that monitoring of hydrogen concentration in the containment atmosphere is available in a sufficiently timely manner to support the implementation of the Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant Emergency Plan (and related procedures) and related activities such as guidance for severe accident management. Hydrogen monitoring will be initiated based on: (1) the appropriate priority for establishing monitoring of hydrogen concentration within the containment in relation to other activities in the control room, (2) the use of the monitoring of hydrogen concentration by decision makers for severe accident management and emergency response, and (3) insights from experience or evaluation pertaining to possible scenarios that result in significant generation of hydrogen that would be indicative of core damage or a potential threat to the integrity of the containment building. Affected licensing basis documents and other related documents will be appropriately revised and/or updated in accordance with applicable NRC regulations.

The licensee's Post Accident Monitoring Instrumentation Technical Specifications and 10 CFR 50.44 require the licensee to maintain the ability to monitor hydrogen concentration in the containment. However, the details pertaining to design and manner of operation of the hydrogen monitoring system are determined by the licensee.

## III

Accordingly, pursuant to Sections 103, 104b, 161b, 161i, 161o, 182, and 186 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the Commission's regulations in 10 CFR 2.202 and 10 CFR Part 50, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that: NRC License Nos. DPR-58 and DPR-74 are modified as follows:

The licensee may elect to either maintain the 30-minute time limit for monitoring of hydrogen in the containment, as described by TMI Action Plan Item II.F.1, Attachment 6, in NUREG-0737 and required by the Confirmatory Order of March 14, 1983, or modify the time limit in the manner specified in Section II of this Order.

The Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, may, in writing, relax or rescind any of the above conditions upon demonstration by the licensee of good cause.

## IV

Any person adversely affected by this Confirmatory Order, other than the licensee, may request a hearing within

20 days of its issuance. Where good cause is shown, consideration will be given to extend the time to request a hearing. A request for extension of time must be made in writing to the Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, and include a statement of good cause for the extension. Any request for a hearing shall be submitted to the Secretary of the Commission, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, ATTN: Chief, Rulemakings and Adjudications Staff, Washington, DC 20555-0001. Copies of the hearing request shall also be sent to the Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, to the Deputy Assistant General Counsel for Hearings and Enforcement at the same address, to the Regional Administrator, NRC Region III, 801 Warrenville Road, Lisle, IL 60532-4351, and to David W. Jenkins, Esquire, Indiana Michigan Power Company, Nuclear Generation Group, One Cook Place, Bridgman, MI 49106, attorney for the licensee. If such a person requests a hearing, that person will set forth with particularity the manner in which his interest is adversely affected by this Order and will address the criteria set forth in 10 CFR 2.714(d).

If the hearing is requested by a person whose interest is adversely affected, the Commission will issue an Order designating the time and place of any hearing. If a hearing is held, the issue to be considered at such hearing will be whether this Confirmatory Order should be sustained.

In the absence of any request for hearing, or written approval of an extension of time in which to request a hearing, the provisions specified in Section IV above will be final 20 days from the date of this Order without further order or proceedings. If an extension of time for requesting a hearing has been approved, the provisions specified in Section IV will be final when the extension expires if a hearing request has not been received.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 4th day of February 2000.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission,  
**Samuel J. Collins,**  
*Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.*

[FR Doc. 00-3094 Filed 2-9-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-423]

### Northeast Nuclear Energy Company, et al. (Millstone Nuclear Power Station, Unit 3); Order Approving Application Regarding Proposed Merger (Acquisition of CMP Group, Inc., by Energy East Corporation)

#### I

Northeast Nuclear Energy Company is authorized to act as agent for the joint owners of the Millstone Nuclear Power Station, Unit 3 (Millstone 3), and has exclusive responsibility and control over the physical construction, operation, and maintenance of the facility as reflected in Facility Operating License No. NPF-49. Central Maine Power Company (Central Maine), one of the joint owners, holds a 2.5-percent possessory interest in Millstone 3. The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) issued Facility Operating License No. NPF-49 on January 31, 1986, pursuant to Part 50 of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR Part 50). The facility is located in New London County, on the southern coast of the State of Connecticut.

#### II

By letter dated October 6, 1999, through counsel, Central Maine informed the NRC of a proposed merger involving the acquisition of Central Maine's parent, CMP Group, Inc. (CMP), by Energy East Corporation (Energy East). Central Maine requested that the NRC determine that the proposed merger and acquisition would not, in fact, constitute a transfer of Facility Operating License NPF-49 for Millstone 3, to the extent held by Central Maine in regard to Central Maine's 2.5-percent ownership interest in Millstone 3. Central Maine also requested if the NRC does find that the proposed acquisition of CMP would constitute an indirect transfer of Facility Operating License NPF-49 to the extent it is held by Central Maine, that the NRC consent to the indirect transfer of Central Maine's license to Energy East. The NRC determined that an indirect transfer of the license, to the extent that it is held by Central Maine, would be involved and that approval pursuant to 10 CFR 50.80 would be required. The NRC informed Central Maine of this decision in a letter dated November 15, 1999.

#### III

Central Maine is an electric utility primarily engaged in the transmission, sale, and distribution of electricity in

the State of Maine and is incorporated in Maine. CMP holds all the common stock of Central Maine and also is incorporated in the State of Maine. Energy East is an investor-owned holding company incorporated in New York. Through its subsidiaries, Energy East is an energy delivery, products, and services company with operations in New York and several other northeastern States.

According to Central Maine's October 6, 1999, submittal (the "application"), on June 14, 1999, CMP and Energy East signed a definitive merger agreement for the acquisition of CMP by Energy East. To accomplish the acquisition, EE Merger Corporation, a Maine corporation that is a wholly owned subsidiary of Energy East, will merge with and into CMP, with CMP being the surviving corporation. Upon completion of the merger, CMP will become a wholly owned subsidiary of Energy East, with Energy East acquiring all of CMP's common stock. CMP will continue its corporate existence under the laws of the State of Maine, and CMP will continue to own all of Central Maine's common stock. The application notes, however, that in the event that the Securities and Exchange Commission does not permit Energy East to maintain CMP as an intermediate holding company, Energy East plans to hold Central Maine directly.

Whether Central Maine becomes directly or indirectly held by Energy East, Central Maine will continue to hold and to be the licensee for its 2.5-percent ownership interest in Millstone 3. In the case of either direct or indirect ownership by Energy East, an indirect transfer of the license to the extent it is held by Central Maine will occur as a result of the merger.

Approval of the indirect license transfer was requested pursuant to 10 CFR 50.80. Notice of the application for approval and an opportunity for a hearing was published in the **Federal Register** on November 16, 1999 (64 FR 62230). No hearing requests or written comments were filed.

Under 10 CFR 50.80, no license, or any right thereunder, shall be transferred, directly or indirectly, through transfer of control of the license, unless the Commission shall give its consent in writing. Upon review of the information in the application and other information before the Commission, the NRC staff has determined that the subject merger will not affect the qualifications of Central Maine to hold the Millstone 3 license to the extent currently held, and that the indirect transfer of the license, to the extent effected by the proposed merger,