

expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for Dillinger will be that established in the final results of this review, except if the rate is less than 0.50 percent and, therefore, *de minimis* within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), in which case the cash deposit rate will be zero; (2) for previously investigated or reviewed companies not covered in this review, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific cash deposit rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding in which the company participated; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the less-than-fair value investigation, but the manufacturer is, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent segment for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will continue to be 20.99 percent, the all-others rate established in the *Second Amended Final Determination*.²¹ These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Final Results of Review

Unless otherwise extended, Commerce intends to issue the final results of this administrative review, including the results of its analysis of the issues raised in any written briefs, no later than 120 days after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, pursuant to section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.213(h)(1).

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the

subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these preliminary results in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, 19 CFR 351.213(h), and 351.221(b)(4).

Dated: August 7, 2025.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Order
- IV. Discussion of the Methodology
- V. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2025-15305 Filed 8-11-25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-552-850]

Polypropylene Corrugated Boxes From the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Postponement of Preliminary Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Applicable August 12, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Alex Cipolla at (202) 482-4956, AD/CVD Operations, Office III, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On April 7, 2025, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) initiated a less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation of imports of polypropylene corrugated boxes from the Socialist Republic of Vietnam (Vietnam).¹ Currently, the preliminary determination is due no later than August 25, 2025.

¹ See *Polypropylene Corrugated Boxes from the People's Republic of China and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations*, 90 FR 15544 (April 14, 2025) (*Initiation Notice*).

Postponement of Preliminary Determination

Section 733(b)(1)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), requires Commerce to issue the preliminary determination in an LTFV investigation within 140 days after the date on which Commerce initiated the investigation. However, section 733(c)(1)(A)(b)(1) of the Act permits Commerce to postpone the preliminary determination until no later than 190 days after the date on which Commerce initiated the investigation if: (A) the petitioner² makes a timely request for a postponement; or (B) Commerce concludes that the parties concerned are cooperating, that the investigation is extraordinarily complicated, and that additional time is necessary to make a preliminary determination. Under 19 CFR 351.205(e), the petitioner must submit a request for postponement 25 days or more before the scheduled date of the preliminary determination and must state the reasons for the request. Commerce will grant the request unless it finds compelling reasons to deny the request.

On July 30, 2025, the petitioners submitted a timely request that Commerce postpone the preliminary determination in the LTFV investigation.³ The petitioners stated that they request postponement “because the mandatory respondent in this investigation only recently submitted its initial responses to {Commerce’s} antidumping questionnaire, and {the p}etitioners have identified numerous instances in the reporting that require clarification, correction, and supplemental information. In addition, submission of surrogate value information in this investigation has not yet been possible because of extensions of the deadline for submitting factors of production data and improper bracketing thereof in the respondent’s initial Section D questionnaire response.”⁴

For the reasons stated above and because there are no compelling reasons to deny the request, Commerce, in accordance with section 733(c)(1)(A) of the Act, is postponing the deadline for the preliminary determination by 50 days (*i.e.*, 190 days after the date on which this investigation was initiated). As a result, Commerce will issue its preliminary determination no later than

² The petitioners are CoolSeal USA Inc.; Inteplast Group Corporation; SeaCa Plastic Packaging; and Technology Container Corp. (collectively, petitioners).

³ See Petitioners’ Letter, “Petitioners’ Request for Postponement of the Preliminary Determination,” dated July, 30, 2025.

⁴ *Id.* at 2.

²¹ See *Second Amended Final Determination*, 89 FR at 1883.

October 14, 2025. In accordance with section 735(a)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(b)(1), the deadline for the final determination of this investigation will continue to be 75 days after the date of the preliminary determination, unless postponed at a later date.

This notice is issued and published pursuant to section 733(c)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(f)(1).

Dated: August 6, 2025.

Abdelali Elouaradia,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2025–15245 Filed 8–11–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–533–942, A–560–846, A–553–003]

Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Cells, Whether or Not Assembled Into Modules, From India, Indonesia, and the Lao People’s Democratic Republic: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Applicable August 6, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jonathan Schueler (202) 482–9175 (India), Myrna Lobo (202) 482–2371 (Indonesia), and Lilit Astvatsatrian at (202) 482–6412 (the Lao People’s Democratic Republic (Laos)), AD/CVD Operations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The Petitions

On July 17, 2025, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) received antidumping duty (AD) petitions concerning imports of crystalline silicon photovoltaic cells, whether or not assembled into modules (solar cells), from India, Indonesia, and Laos filed in proper form on behalf of the Alliance for American Solar Manufacturing and Trade (the petitioner).¹ The AD Petitions were accompanied by countervailing duty (CVD) petitions

¹ See Petitioner’s Letter, “Petitions for the Imposition of Antidumping and Countervailing Duties,” dated July 17, 2025 (Petitions). The individual members of the Alliance for American Solar Manufacturing and Trade (the Alliance) are First Solar, Inc., Hanwha Q CELLS USA, Inc. (Qcells), and Mission Solar Energy LLC (Mission Solar).

concerning imports of solar cells from India, Indonesia, and Laos.²

Between July 21 and 31, 2025, Commerce requested supplemental information pertaining to certain aspects of the Petitions in supplemental questionnaires.³ Between July 23 and August 4, 2025, the petitioner filed timely responses to these requests for additional information.⁴

In accordance with section 732(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), the petitioner alleges that imports of solar cells from India, Indonesia, and Laos are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV) within the meaning of section 731 of the Act, and that imports of such products are materially injuring, or threatening material injury to, the solar cells industry in the United States. Consistent with section 732(b)(1) of the Act, the Petitions were accompanied by information reasonably available to the petitioner supporting its allegations.

Commerce finds that the petitioner filed the Petitions on behalf of the domestic industry, because the petitioner is an interested party, as defined in section 771(9)(F) of the Act.⁵ Commerce also finds that the petitioner demonstrated sufficient industry support for the initiation of the requested LTFV investigations.⁶

Period of Investigation

Because the Petitions were filed on July 17, 2025, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.204(b)(1), the period of investigation (POI) for the India, Indonesia, and Laos LTFV investigations is July 1, 2024, through June 30, 2025. The petitioner argued that Commerce should determine in this

² *Id.*

³ See Commerce’s Letters, “Supplemental Questions,” dated July 21, 2025 (General Issues Questionnaire) and First Country-Specific Supplemental Questionnaires: India Supplemental, Indonesia Supplemental, and Laos Supplemental, dated July 22, 2025; see also Country-Specific Memoranda, “Teleconference with Counsel to the Petitioner,” dated July 31, 2025.

⁴ See Petitioner’s Letters, “Response to the 1st Supplemental Questionnaire Regarding Common Issues and Injury Volume I of the Petition,” dated July 23, 2025 (General Issues Supplement); “First Country-Specific AD Supplemental Responses: First India AD Supplement,” “First Indonesia AD Supplement,” and “First Laos AD Supplement,” dated July 25, 2025; and “Second Country-Specific AD Supplemental Responses: Second India AD Supplement,” “Second Indonesia AD Supplement,” “Second Laos AD Supplement,” dated August 1, 2025 and August 4, 2025.

⁵ The Alliance is an association, the majority of whose members are producers of the domestic like product. Individual members of the Alliance (QCells and Mission Solar) are interested parties within the meaning of section 771(9)(C) of the Act. See Petitions at Volume I (page 2).

⁶ See section on “Determination of Industry Support for the Petitions,” *infra*.

investigation that Laos is a non-market economy (NME) within the meaning of section 771(18)(A) of the Act and should calculate normal value (NV) for Laos in accordance with its NME methodology.⁷ Under the NME methodology for the Laos LTFV investigation, the appropriate POI is January 1, 2025, through June 30, 2025, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.204(b)(1).

Scope of the Investigations

The products covered by these investigations are solar cells from India, Indonesia, and Laos. For a full description of the scope of these investigations, see the appendix to this notice.

Comments on the Scope of the Investigations

On July 21, 2025, Commerce requested information and clarification from the petitioner regarding the proposed scope to ensure that the scope language in the Petitions is an accurate reflection of the products for which the domestic industry is seeking relief.⁸ On July 23, 2025, the petitioner provided clarifications and revised the scope.⁹ The description of merchandise covered by these investigations, as described in the appendix to this notice, reflects these clarifications.

As discussed in the *Preamble* to Commerce’s regulations, we are setting aside a period for interested parties to raise issues regarding product coverage (*i.e.*, scope).¹⁰ Commerce will consider all scope comments received from interested parties and, if necessary, will consult with interested parties prior to the issuance of the preliminary determinations. If scope comments include factual information,¹¹ all such factual information should be limited to public information. Commerce requests that interested parties provide at the beginning of their scope comments a public executive summary for each comment or issue raised in their submission. Commerce further requests that interested parties limit their public executive summary of each comment or issue to no more than 450 words, not including citations. Commerce intends to use the public executive summaries as the basis of the comment summaries included in the analysis of scope comments. To facilitate preparation of

⁷ See Petitions at Volume IV (pages 2–3, 29 and Exhibit IV–1).

⁸ See General Issues Questionnaire at 3–4.

⁹ See General Issues Supplement at 2–8.

¹⁰ See *Antidumping Duties; Countervailing Duties; Final Rule*, 62 FR 27296, 27323 (June 19, 1997) (*Preamble*); see also 19 CFR 351.312.

¹¹ See 19 CFR 351.102(b)(21) (defining “factual information”).