- 5. Opportunities to participate in webinars and other outreach to agency field staff to increase awareness of how agency natural, cultural or historic resource management needs can be supported or met by youth and veterans conservation corps, where appropriate.
- 6. Neither this announcement, nor letters of interest submitted in response to this announcement, obligates any Federal agency represented on the 21CSC National Council to enter into a contractual agreement with any respondent.
- 7. Federal agencies represented on the 21CSC National Council reserve the right to establish a partnership based on organizational priorities and capabilities found by way of this announcement or other searches, if determined to be in the best interest of the government.
- 8. This Notice does not preclude any Federal agencies from entering into agreements or partnerships with non-21CSC organizations.
- 9. The 21CSC National Council expects that aggregate data from all the participating Federal agencies regarding 21CSC accomplishments will be required for annual Performance Accountability Reports. 21CSC member organizations should be prepared to report informational data and accomplishments outcomes on an annual basis. Data collection may include information such as: Project/ program type; project location; project outcomes; participant outcomes; funding amount/resources; age range of participants; number of youth engaged; number of veterans engaged; number of hours participants worked; number of participants converted to jobs, and so

Key Notice Dates & Highlights: An interagency team will review submissions as they are received and respond as quickly as possible. Organizations may be removed at any time by written request. Membership will last until otherwise notified; new information regarding membership will be posted in the Federal Register Notice and on the 21CSC.org Web site. The 21CSC member organizations recognized through this process will be acknowledged by all signatories to the National Council Memorandum of Understanding.

Dated: December 17, 2014.

Leslie A.C. Weldon,

Deputy Chief, National Forest System. [FR Doc. 2014–29914 Filed 12–19–14; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3411-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 1960]

Reorganization of Foreign-Trade Zone 122, (Expansion of Service Area), under Alternative Site Framework, Corpus Christi. Texas

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, the Board adopted the alternative site framework (ASF) (15 CFR 400.2(c)) as an option for the establishment or reorganization of zones;

Whereas, the Port of Corpus Christi Authority, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 122, submitted an application to the Board (FTZ Docket B–51–2014, docketed 07–18–2014) for authority to expand the service area of the zone to include Refugio County, Texas, as described in the application, adjacent to the Corpus Christi Customs and Border Protection port of entry;

Whereas, notice inviting public comment was given in the Federal Register (79 FR 43391, 07–25–2014) and the application has been processed pursuant to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations; and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations are satisfied;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby orders:

The application to reorganize FTZ 122 to expand the service area under the ASF is approved, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including Section 400.13, and to the Board's standard 2,000-acre activation limit for the zone.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 15th day of December 2014.

Paul Piquado,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Enforcement and Compliance, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board. Attest:

Andrew McGilvray,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2014–29927 Filed 12–19–14; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A-580-839]

Certain Polyester Staple Fiber From the Republic of Korea: Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On October 20, 2014, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published the notice of the preliminary results of this changed circumstances review (CCR) of the antidumping duty order on certain polyester staple fiber (PSF) from the Republic of Korea (Korea), in which the Department preliminarily determined that Toray Chemical Korea Inc. (Toray) is the successor-in-interest to Woongjin Chemical Co., Ltd. (Woongjin). No interested party commented on the Preliminary Results, and there is no other information or evidence on the record that calls into question the Department's Preliminary Results. Thus, the Department continues to find that Toray is the successor-in-interest to Woongjin.

DATES: Effective December 22, 2014.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Dana Mermelstein, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: 202–482–1391.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On May 25, 2000, the Department published notice of an antidumping duty order on PSF from Korea in the **Federal Register**.² On July 2, 2014, Toray requested that the Department conduct a CCR pursuant to section 751(b)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.216(b) to determine whether it is the successor-in-interest to Woongjin for purposes of the *Order*.³ On August 20, 2014, the Department initiated this

¹ See Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from the Republic of Korea: Preliminary Results of Changed Circumstances Review, 79 FR 62595 (October 20, 2014) (Preliminary Results), and the accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

² See Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Polyester Staple Fiber From the Republic of Korea and Antidumping Duty Orders: Certain Polyester Staple Fiber From the Republic of Korea and Taiwan, 65 FR 33807 (May 25, 2000) (Order).

 $^{^3\,}See$ Letter from Toray, "Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from the Republic of Korea," (July 2, 2014).

CCR.⁴ On October 20, 2014, the Department published the *Preliminary Results*, in which it preliminarily determined that Toray is the successorin-interest to Woongjin.⁵ The Department invited interested parties to comment on the *Preliminary Results*.⁶ No interested party commented on the *Preliminary Results* or requested a hearing.⁷

Scope of the Order

The product covered by the order is certain PSF. Certain PSF is defined as synthetic staple fibers, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, of polyesters measuring 3.3 decitex (3 denier, inclusive) or more in diameter. This merchandise is cut to lengths varying from one inch (25 mm) to five inches (127 mm). The merchandise subject to the order may be coated, usually with a silicon or other finish, or not coated. PSF is generally used as stuffing in sleeping bags, mattresses, ski jackets, comforters, cushions, pillows, and furniture.

Merchandise of less than 3.3 decitex (less than 3 denier) currently classifiable in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) at subheading 5503.20.0020 is specifically excluded from the order. Also specifically excluded from the order are PSF of 10 to 18 denier that are cut to lengths of 6 to 8 inches (fibers used in the manufacture of carpeting). In addition, low-melt PSF is excluded from the order. Low-melt PSF is defined as a bi-component fiber with an outer sheath that melts at a significantly lower temperature than its inner core.

The merchandise subject to this order is classified in the HTSUS at subheadings 5503.20.0040 and 5503.20.0060. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of these orders is dispositive.

Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review

Because no interested party commented on the *Preliminary Results* and there is no other information or evidence on the record that calls into question the Department's *Preliminary Results*, the Department adopts the reasoning and findings of fact in the *Preliminary Results* as the final results of the review.⁸ Thus, the Department continues to find that Toray is the successor-in-interest to Woongjin for the purpose of determining antidumping duty liability.

Instructions to U.S. Customs and Border Protection

As a result of this determination, the Department finds that entries of subject merchandise exported by Toray should enter the United States at the cash deposit rate assigned to Woongjin in the most recently completed administrative review of the antidumping duty order on PSF from Korea, which is 2.13 percent ad valorem.9 Consequently, the Department will instruct U.S Customs and Border Protection to collect estimated antidumping duties for all shipments of subject merchandise exported by Toray and entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of this notice in the Federal Register at the cash deposit rate currently in effect for Woongjin. This cash deposit requirement shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notifications

This notice serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.306. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

This notice is published in accordance with sections 751(b)(1) and 777(i) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.216(e).

Dated: December 12, 2014.

Paul Piquado,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2014–29921 Filed 12–19–14; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-405-803]

Purified Carboxymethylcellulose From Finland: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2012–2013

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On August 15, 2014, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published the *Preliminary Results* of the 2012–2013 administrative review of the antidumping duty order on Purified Carboxymethylcellulose from Finland. This review covers one respondent, CP Kelco Oy (CP Kelco). For these final results of review, we continue to find that sales of the subject merchandise by CP Kelco have not been made at prices below normal value (NV).

DATES: Effective Date: December 22, 2014.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael J. Heaney or Robert James, AD/CVD Operations, Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–4475 or (202) 482–0649, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 15, 2014, the Department published the *Preliminary Results*. We invited parties to comment on the *Preliminary Results*. In response, we received a comment from CP Kelco on September 15, 2014.² Petitioner ³ did

⁴ See Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from the Republic of Korea: Initiation of Changed Circumstances Review, 79 FR 49285 (August 20, 2014) (Initiation Notice).

 $^{^{5}\,}See$ Preliminary Results, 79 FR at 62596; see also PDM at 2–7.

 $^{^{\}rm 6}\,See$ Preliminary Results, 79 FR at 62596–97.

⁷ Toray did not request a hearing, but informed the Department of its intent to participate if another interested party requested such a hearing. See Letter from Toray, "Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from the Republic of Korea: Request to Participate in Hearing" (November 19, 2014).

⁸ For a complete discussion of the Department's findings, see generally PDM, which is herein incorporated by reference and adopted by this notice.

⁹ See Notice of Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from Korea, 69 FR 67891, 67891 (November 22, 2004) (providing weightedaverage dumping margin for Woongjin's predecessor, Seahan Industries, Inc.); see also Notice of Final Results of Changed Circumstances Antidumping Duty Review: Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from the Republic of Korea, 73 FR 49168 (August 20, 2008) (finding Woongjin as successorin-interest to Seahan Industries, Inc.).

¹ See Purified Carboxymethylcellulose from Finland: Notice of Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2012– 2013, 79 FR 48119 (August 15, 2014) (Preliminary Results), and the accompanying Decision Memorandum (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).

² See "Letter in Lieu of Case Brief" from CP Kelco, regarding "Purified Carboxymethylcellulose from Finland," dated September 15, 2014.

³ The Petitioner in this proceeding is Ashand Specialty Ingredients, a division of Hercules Incorporated.