# PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 33 U.S.C. 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191; 33 CFR 1.05–1, 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 0170.1.

■ 2. Add § 165.T01–1059 to read as follows:

#### § 165.T01–1059 Safety Zones, Tappan Zee Bridge Demolition, Hudson River; South Nyack and Tarrytown, NY.

(a) North safety zone boundaries. The following is a safety zone: All waters of the Hudson River north of the old Tappan Zee Bridge, and east of the existing construction safety zone, from surface to bottom, bound by the following approximate positions: 41°04′21.96″ N, 073°52′03.25″ W, thence to 41°04′26.27″ N, 073°52′19.82″ W, thence to 41°04′26.53″ N, 073°53′20.07″ W, thence to 41°04′37.50″ N, 073°53′20.59″ W, thence to 41°04′37.50″ N, 073°52′21.65″ W, thence to the point of origin (NAD 83).

(b) South safety zone boundaries. The following is a safety zone: All waters of the Hudson River south of the old Tappan Zee Bridge, and east of the existing construction safety zone, from surface to bottom, bound by the following approximate positions: 41°03′46.91″ N, 073°52′05.89″ W, thence to 41°03′56.69″ N, 073°52′24.75″ W, thence to 41°03′56.92″ N, 073°53′18.84″ W, thence to 41°03′46.92″ N, 073°53′18.42″ W, thence to the point of

(c) *Definitions*. The following definitions apply to this section:

origin (NAD 83).

Designated representative means any Coast Guard commissioned, warrant, petty officer, or designated Patrol Commander of the U.S. Coast Guard who has been designated by the Captain of the Port, Sector New York (COTP), to act on his or her behalf. The designated representative may be on an official patrol vessel or may be on shore and will communicate with vessels via VHF–FM radio or loudhailer. In addition, members of the Coast Guard Auxiliary may be present to inform vessel operators of this regulation.

Official patrol vessels means any Coast Guard, Coast Guard Auxiliary, state, or local law enforcement vessels assigned or approved by the COTP.

(d) Regulations. When these two safety zones are enforced, the following regulations, along with those contained in § 165.23 apply:

(1) During periods of enforcement no person or vessel may enter or remain in either of the two safety zones described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section unless authorized by the COTP or the COTP's designated representative.

- (2) Persons and vessels may request permission to enter the zone on VHF– 16
- (3) Any vessels permitted to enter these zones must comply with all orders and directions from the COTP or the COTP's designated representative.
- (4) Upon being hailed by a Coast Guard vessel by siren, radio, flashing light or other means, the operator of the vessel must proceed as directed.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the Rules of the Road in 33 CFR subchapter E, part 84, are still in effect and must be strictly adhered to at all times.
- (d) Enforcement periods. This regulation is enforceable 24 hours a day from 7:00 a.m. on January 12, 2019 until 11:59 p.m. on April 31, 2019, but will only be enforced during the use of explosives to drop the east cantilever span of the old Tappan Zee Bridge to the Hudson Riverbed. The demolition operations that will require enforcement of the two safety zone regulations are tentatively scheduled to take place on January 12, 2019, from approximately 7:00 a.m. until 10:00 a.m., unless delayed. The COTP will provide notice of the channel closure by appropriate means to the affected segments of the public. Such means of notification may include, but are not limited to, Broadcast Notice to Mariners and/or Local Notice to Mariners.
- (1) If enforcement is suspended, the COTP will provide a notice of the suspension of enforcement by appropriate means. Such means of notification may include, but are not limited to, Broadcast Notice to Mariners and/or Local Notice to Mariners.
- (2) Violations of this regulation may be reported to the COTP at (718) 354– 4353 or on VHF-Channel 16.

Dated: January 3, 2019.

### J.P. Tama,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port New York.

[FR Doc. 2019-03716 Filed 2-28-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-04-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

#### **Coast Guard**

#### 33 CFR Part 165

[Docket Number USCG-2017-1081]

RIN 1625-AA67

#### Security Zones; Dignitary Arrival/ Departure and United Nations Meeting, New York, NY

**AGENCY:** Coast Guard. DHS.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Coast Guard is modifying the Marine Air Terminal, LaGuardia Airport Security Zone to expand the existing security zone boundary north along the Rikers Island Bridge to the intersecting point on the southern tip of Rikers Island then east to the western end of LaGuardia Airport. This expanded security zone is necessary to protect the port, waterfront facilities, and waters of the United States from terrorism, sabotage, or other subversive acts and incidents of a similar nature during visits to New York City by various dignitaries.

**DATES:** This rule is effective April 1, 2019.

ADDRESSES: To view documents mentioned in this preamble as being available in the docket, go to http://www.regulations.gov, type USCG—2017—1081 in the "SEARCH" box and click "SEARCH." Click on Open Docket Folder on the line associated with this rule.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions on this rule, call or email MST1 Kristina Pundt, Sector New York Waterways Division, U.S. Coast Guard; telephone 718–354–4352, email Kristina.H.Pundt@uscg.mil.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### I. Table of Abbreviations

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
DHS Department of Homeland Security
FR Federal Register
NPRM Notice of proposed rulemaking
§ Section
U.S.C. United States Code
RNA Regulated Navigation Area

# II. Background Information and Regulatory History

On September 29, 2014, the Coast Guard published an NPRM with a request for comments entitled, "Security Zones; Dignitary Arrival/Departure and United Nations Meetings, New York, NY" in the **Federal Register** (79 FR 58298). This NPRM proposed to disestablish three RNAs and replace each with a security zone. No comments nor requests for a public meeting were received. On December 30, 2014 the Coast Guard published a Final Rule titled, "Security Zones; Dignitary Arrival/Departure and United Nations Meetings, New York, NY" in the Federal Register (79 FR 78308). This final rule disestablished the RNAs and replaced them with three security zones. One of the security zones established was the Marine Air Terminal, LaGuardia Airport security zone.

On May 22, 2018, the Coast Guard published an NPRM titled, "Security Zones; Dignitary Arrival/Departure and United Nations Meetings, New York, NY" in the Federal Register (83 FR 23619). This NPRM proposed to modify the existing Marine Air Terminal, LaGuardia Airport security zone due to location adjustments of security staging areas, and invited comments on our proposed regulatory action related to this security zone. During the comment period that ended July 23, 2018, the Coast Guard received no comments.

#### III. Legal Authority and Need for Rule

The Coast Guard is issuing this rule under the authority in 33 U.S.C. 1231; 46 U.S.C. Chapter 701, 3306, 3703; 50 U.S.C. 191, 195; 33 CFR 1.05-1, 6.04-1, 6.04-6, 160.5; Public Law 107-295, 116 Stat. 2064; and Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 0170.1. Due to location adjustments of the security staging areas, the Coast Guard has determined that the existing security zone does not provide an adequate level of security. The modification will allow enforcement of a security zone that will minimize threat exposure. The purpose of this rule is to protect the port, waterfront facilities, and waters of the United States from terrorism, sabotage, or other subversive acts and incidents of a similar nature during visits to New York City by various dignitaries.

# IV. Discussion of Comments, Changes, and the Rule

As noted above, we received no comments on our NPRM published May 22, 2018. There are no changes in the regulatory text of this rule from the proposed rule in the NPRM.

This rule modifies an existing security zone. The modification expands the existing security zone boundary north along the Rikers Island Bridge to the intersecting point on the southern tip of Rikers Island then east to the western end of LaGuardia Airport.

### V. Regulatory Analyses

We developed this rule after considering numerous statutes and

Executive Orders related to rulemaking. Below we summarize our analyses based on a number of these statutes and Executive Orders, and we discuss First Amendment rights of protestors.

### A. Regulatory Planning and Review

Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess the costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits. Executive Order 13771 directs agencies to control regulatory costs through a budgeting process. This rule has not been designated a "significant regulatory action," under Executive Order 12866. Accordingly, this rule has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and pursuant to OMB guidance it is exempt from the requirements of Executive Order 13771.

This regulatory action determination is based on the limited size and enforcement of the security zone. Although expanding upon the current security zone, the modification only encompasses a small designated area of Bowery Bay. Additionally, the security zone will only be enforced during the infrequent visits of domestic and foreign dignitaries for as limited duration as necessary to safeguard against destruction, loss, or injury from sabotage or other subversive acts, accidents, or other causes of a similar nature. Moreover, the Coast Guard will issue a Broadcast Notice to Mariners via VHF-FM marine channel 16 about the zone and the rule would allow vessels to seek permission to transit the zone.

# B. Impact on Small Entities

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, 5 U.S.C. 601-612, as amended, requires Federal agencies to consider the potential impact of regulations on small entities during rulemaking. The term "small entities" comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000. The Coast Guard received no comments from the Small Business Administration on this rulemaking. The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

While some owners or operators of vessels intending to transit the security zone may be small entities, for the reasons stated in section V.A. above, this rule will not have a significant

economic impact on any vessel owner or operator.

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), we want to assist small entities in understanding this rule. If the rule would affect your small business, organization, or governmental jurisdiction and you have questions concerning its provisions or options for compliance, please contact the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section.

Small businesses may send comments on the actions of Federal employees who enforce, or otherwise determine compliance with, Federal regulations to the Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and the Regional Small Business Regulatory Fairness Boards. The Ombudsman evaluates these actions annually and rates each agency's responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on actions by employees of the Coast Guard, call 1-888-REG-FAIR (1-888-734-3247). The Coast Guard will not retaliate against small entities that question or complain about this rule or any policy or action of the Coast Guard.

#### C. Collection of Information

This rule will not call for a new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520).

#### D. Federalism and Indian Tribal Governments

A rule has implications for federalism under Executive Order 13132, Federalism, if it has a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. We have analyzed this rule under that Order and have determined that it is consistent with the fundamental federalism principles and preemption requirements described in Executive Order13132.

Also, this rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it does not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes. If you believe this rule has implications for federalism or Indian tribes, please contact the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section.

#### E. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) requires Federal agencies to assess the effects of their discretionary regulatory actions. In particular, the Act addresses actions that may result in the expenditure by a State, local, or tribal government, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of \$100,000,000 (adjusted for inflation) or more in any one year. Though this rule will not result in such an expenditure, we do discuss the effects of this rule elsewhere in this preamble.

#### F. Environment

We have analyzed this rule under Department of Homeland Security Directive 023–01 and Commandant Instruction M16475.1D, which guide the Coast Guard in complying with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321-4370f), and have determined that this action is one of a category of actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. This rule involves the modification of a security zone that would prohibit entry into Bowery Bay for a limited duration and for a limited number of instances each year. It is categorically excluded from further review under paragraph L60(a) of Appendix A, Table 1 of DHS Instruction Manual 023-01-001-01, Rev. 01. A Record of Environmental Consideration supporting this determination is available in the docket where indicated under ADDRESSES.

## G. Protest Activities

The Coast Guard respects the First Amendment rights of protesters. Protesters are asked to contact the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section to coordinate protest activities so that your message can be received without jeopardizing the safety or security of people, places or vessels.

#### List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

# PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 33 U.S.C. 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191; 33 CFR 1.05–1, 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5;

Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 0170.1.

■ 2. In § 165.164, revise paragraph (a)(3) to read as follows:

# § 165.164 Security Zones; Dignitary Arrival/Departure and United Nations Meetings, New York, NY.

(a) \* \* \*

(3) Marine Air Terminal, LaGuardia Airport Security Zone. All waters of Bowery Bay, Queens, New York, inside of a line drawn from the start of the Rikers Island Bridge in Queens at approximate position 40°46'37" N, 073°53′30″ W to the intersecting point on the southern side of Rikers Island at approximate position 40°47′12″ N, 073°53′06" W, then a line drawn east to the western end of LaGuardia Airport at approximate position 40°47′00″ N, 073°52′44″ W, then a line drawn south following the shoreline back to the point of origin at 40°46′37″ N, 073°53′30″ W (NAD 1983).

Dated: December, 4, 2018.

#### I.P. Tama.

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port New York.

[FR Doc. 2019–03717 Filed 2–28–19; 8:45 am]

#### BILLING CODE 9110-04-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

#### 34 CFR Part 461

RIN 1830-AA31

Programs and Activities Authorized by the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act (Title II of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act)

**AGENCY:** Department of Education. **ACTION:** Correcting amendment.

SUMMARY: On August 19, 2016, the Department of Education (Department) established regulations to implement changes to the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act (AEFLA) resulting from the enactment of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA or the Act). The 2016 final regulations clarified provisions in AEFLA and also identified for removal regulations no longer applicable to the AEFLA program. The preamble discussed our intent to remove certain regulations. However, language necessary to remove those regulations from the Code of Federal Regulations was inadvertently omitted from the 2016 final rule. Through this document we are now removing those regulations.

**DATES:** Effective date: These regulations are effective March 1, 2019.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Hugh Reid, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue SW, Room 11114 PCP, Washington, DC 20202–2500. Telephone: (202) 245– 7491. Email: *Hugh.Reid@ed.gov.* 

If you use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) or text telephone (TTY), call the Federal Relay Service (FRS), toll free, at 1–800–877–8339.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Final Regulatory Changes**

Background

On April 16, 2015, we published in the Federal Register a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) for the Programs and Activities Authorized by AEFLA under Title II of WIOA (80 FR 20968). References to 34 CFR part 461 were included in that NPRM. In the Background section we indicated that the Department proposes to remove 34 CFR parts 460 and 461 "because these regulations are no longer applicable to the Federal adult education program." These regulations are no longer enforceable because they were promulgated under the National Literacy Act (Pub. L. 102-73) (NLA) in 1992, which was superseded by Title II of the Workforce Investment Act of

On August 19, 2016, the Department issued a final rule in which the Secretary established regulations to implement changes to AEFLA resulting from the enactment of WIOA (81 FR 55525). These final regulations clarified the provisions in AEFLA, and the preamble also discussed our intent to remove 34 CFR part 461. However, we inadvertently omitted language necessary to remove 34 CFR part 461 from the Code of Federal Regulations.

Through this document, we are amending the regulations in title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations applicable to Programs and Activities Authorized by AEFLA (Title II of WIOA) to remove 34 CFR part 461.

This action is consistent with Executive Order 13777, "Enforcing the Regulatory Reform Agenda," signed by President Trump on February 24, 2017. That Executive Order established a Federal policy to alleviate unnecessary regulatory burdens on the American people and, in Section 3(a), directed each Federal agency to establish a regulatory reform task force, the duty of which is to evaluate existing regulations and make recommendations to the agency head regarding their repeal, replacement, or modification.