

FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, would not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

#### Environmental Review

The FAA has determined that this action qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, "Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures," paragraph 5–6.5a. This airspace action is not expected to cause any potentially significant environmental impacts, and no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant preparation of an environmental assessment.

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

#### Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

#### PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

##### § 71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order 7400.11E, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated July 21, 2020, and effective September 15, 2020, is amended as follows:

*Paragraph 5000 Class D Airspace.*  
\* \* \* \* \*

#### ANM MT D Kalispell, MT [Amended]

Glacier Park International Airport, MT  
(Lat. 48°18'38" N, long. 114°15'22" W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 5,500 feet MSL within a 4.3-mile radius of the airport, and within 1.2 miles each side of the 032° bearing from the airport, extending from the 4.3-mile radius to 5.6 miles northeast of Glacier Park International Airport. This Class D airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established, in advance, by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will

thereafter be continuously published in the Chart Supplement.

*Paragraph 6002 Class E Airspace Areas Designated as a Surface Area.*  
\* \* \* \* \*

#### ANM MT E2 Kalispell, MT [Amended]

Glacier Park International Airport, MT  
(Lat. 48°18'38" N, long. 114°15'22" W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface within a 4.3-mile radius of the airport, and within 1.2 miles each side of the 032° bearing from the airport, extending from the 4.3-mile radius to 5.6 miles northeast of Glacier Park International Airport. This Class E airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established, in advance, by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Chart Supplement.

*Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward From 700 Feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.*  
\* \* \* \* \*

#### ANM MT E5 Kalispell, MT [Amended]

Glacier Park International Airport, MT  
(Lat. 48°18'38" N, long. 114°15'22" W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 7.5-mile radius of the airport, and within 2.3 miles each side of the 138° bearing from the airport, extending from the 7.5-mile radius to 13.4 miles southeast of the airport, and within 2 miles each side of the 215° bearing from the airport, extending from the 7.5-mile radius to 19.5 miles southwest of the airport; and that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface within a 25-mile radius of the airport beginning at the 270° bearing from the airport, clockwise to the 090° bearing from the airport, thence along the 090° bearing to 45 miles east of the airport, thence within a 45-mile radius of the airport clockwise to the 270° bearing from the airport, thence along the 270° bearing to the point of beginning, 25 miles west of Glacier Park International Airport.

Issued in Seattle, Washington, on December 7, 2020.

**B.G. Chew,**

*Acting Group Manager, Operations Support Group, Western Service Center.*

[FR Doc. 2020–27301 Filed 12–11–20; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910–13–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA–2019–0660; Airspace Docket No. 18–AWP–13]

**RIN 2120–AA66**

#### Amendment and Establishment of Multiple Air Traffic Service Routes; Western United States

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This action modifies two high altitude United States Area Navigation (RNAV) Air Traffic Service (ATS) routes (Q–13 and Q–15), establishes one high altitude RNAV ATS route (Q–174), and establishes five low altitude RNAV ATS routes (T–338, T–357, T–359, T–361, and T–363) in the western United States. These Q and T routes facilitate the movement of aircraft to, from, and through the Las Vegas terminal area. Additionally, the routes promote operational efficiencies for users and provide connectivity to RNAV enroute procedures while enhancing capacity for adjacent airports.

**DATES:** Effective date 0901 UTC, February 25, 2021. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under Title 1 Code of Federal Regulations part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order 7400.11 and publication of conforming amendments.

**ADDRESSES:** FAA Order 7400.11E, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, and subsequent amendments can be viewed online at [https://www.faa.gov/air\\_traffic/publications/](https://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/publications/). For further information, you can contact the Rules and Regulations Group, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783. The Order is also available for inspection at the National Archives and Records

Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of FAA Order 7400.11E at NARA, email: [fedreg.legal@nara.gov](mailto:fedreg.legal@nara.gov) or go to <https://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations.html>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Christopher McMullin, Rules and Regulations Group, Office of Policy, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Authority for This Rulemaking

The FAA's authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of the airspace necessary to ensure the

safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority as it supports modifying, removing, and establishing the air traffic service route structure in the western United States to maintain the efficient flow of air traffic.

### History

The FAA published a notice of proposed rulemaking in the **Federal Register** for Docket No. FAA–2019–0660 (84 FR 50800; September 26, 2019), to amend two high altitude RNAV ATS routes (Q–13 and Q–15), establish one high altitude RNAV ATS route (Q–174), and establish five low altitude RNAV ATS routes (T–338, T–357, T–359, T–361, and T–363) in the western United States. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking effort by submitting written comments on the proposal. No comments were received.

United States Area Navigation Routes are published in paragraph 2006 and 6011, of FAA Order 7400.11E dated July 21, 2020, and effective September 15, 2020, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The RNAV routes listed in this document will be subsequently published in the Order.

### Availability and Summary of Documents for Incorporation by Reference

This document amends FAA Order 7400.11E, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated July 21, 2020, and effective September 15, 2020. FAA Order 7400.11E is publicly available as listed in the **ADDRESSES** section of this document. FAA Order 7400.11E lists Class A, B, C, D, and E airspace areas, air traffic service routes, and reporting points.

### The Rule

This action amends Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) part 71 by amending high altitude RNAV ATS routes Q–13 and Q–15; establishing high altitude RNAV ATS route Q–174, and establishing low altitude RNAV ATS routes T–338, T–357, T–359, T–361, and T–363. The route changes are outlined below.

**Q–13:** Q–13 is amended to begin at the El Paso, TX, VORTAC (ELP) and end at the PAWLI, OR, waypoint (WP). Moving Q–13 to the west and beginning the route at the El Paso, TX, VORTAC (ELP) segregates overflight traffic on Q–13 from McCarran International Airport (KLAS) arrival and departure traffic on the new KLAS COKTL Standard Terminal Arrival Route (STAR) and KLAS JOHKR Standard Instrument Departure (SID). By segregating the Q–route from inbound and outbound

traffic, KLAS departures can be assigned requested altitudes sooner. This also allows Oakland Air Route Traffic Control Center (ARTCC) to deliver KLAS arrival traffic to Los Angeles ARTCC at higher altitudes than current state, and provides the opportunity for optimized profile descents.

**Q–15:** Q–15 is amended to add the SOTOO, NV, WP; the HOUZZ, NV, WP; FUULL, NV, WP; and the SKANN, NV, WP between the DOVEE, NV, WP and the LOMIA, NV, WP. The purpose of this routing is to segregate overflight traffic on Q–15 from Las Vegas McCarran (KLAS) arrival and departure traffic.

**Q–174:** Q–174 is established between the NTELL, CA, WP to the FLCHR, NV, WP. Q–174 provides connectivity from the California Bay Area airports to Las Vegas McCarran and North Las Vegas airports. This route also provides an efficient path to navigate around active special use airspace and facilitate arrival sequencing to Las Vegas McCarran and satellite airports.

**T–338:** T–338 is established between the DSIRE, NV, WP to the BOEGY, AZ, WP. T–338 provides a lateral path for arrivals and departures to the North Las Vegas Airport (KVGT), Boulder City Municipal Airport (KBVU) and KLAS. Additionally, it serves propeller aircraft arriving at KVGT and KLAS from points east or that are departing from KVGT and KLAS to points east.

**T–357:** T–357 is established between the KONNG, NV, WP to the DSIRE, NV, WP. T–357 provides a predictable and repeatable path for overflights through the Las Vegas TRACON airspace and serves as an arrival/departure airway for KVGT, Henderson Executive Airport (KHND), KBVU, and KLAS aircraft.

**T–359:** T–359 is established from the DANBY, CA, WP to the DSIRE, NV, WP. T–359 provides a predictable and repeatable path for overflights through the Las Vegas TRACON airspace and serve as an arrival/departure airway for KVGT, KHND, KBVU, and KLAS aircraft. T–359 reduces the current requirement for air traffic control facilities to issue radar vectors or itinerant routing for KVGT arrivals/departures or overflights.

**T–361:** T–361 is established from the BOEGY, AZ, WP to the Mormon Mesa, NV, VORTAC (MMM). T–361 provides a predictable and repeatable flight path for aircraft flying through the Las Vegas TRACON airspace and to serve as an arrival/departure airway for KLAS, KVGT, KBVU, and KHND. T–361 reduces the current requirement for air traffic control facilities to issue radar vectors or itinerant routing for KLAS and KHND.

**T–363:** T–363 is established from the DICA, NV, FIX to the Mormon Mesa, NV, VORTAC (MMM). T–363 provides a predictable and repeatable path for propeller-driven arrivals and departures to and from KHND, KBVU, and KLAS to and from points north and northeast.

FAA Order 7400.11, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, is published yearly and effective on September 15.

### Regulatory Notices and Analyses

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore: (1) Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a “significant rule” under Department of Transportation (DOT) Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that only affects air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

### Environmental Review

The FAA has determined that the actions of amending two high RNAV ATS routes (Q–13 and Q–15), establishing one high RNAV ATS route (Q–174) in the western United States qualify for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act and its implementing regulations at 40 CFR part 1500, and in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures, paragraph 5–6.5a, which categorically excludes from further environmental impact review rulemaking actions that designate or modify classes of airspace areas, airways, routes, and reporting points (see 14 CFR part 71, Designation of Class A, B, C, D, and E Airspace Areas; Air Traffic Service Routes; and Reporting Points). As such, these actions are not expected to cause any potentially significant environmental impacts. In accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, paragraph 5–2 regarding Extraordinary Circumstances, the FAA has reviewed these actions for factors and circumstances in which a normally categorically excluded action may have a significant environmental impact requiring further analysis. The FAA has determined that no extraordinary circumstances exist warranting

preparation of an environmental assessment or environmental impact study for the amendments of RNAV ATS routes Q-13 and Q-15, or the establishment Q-174. Environmental impact review of these Q routes was separately conducted and documented in a Categorical Exclusion Declaration document signed on June 15, 2020. The establishment of five low altitude RNAV ATS routes (T-338, T-357, T-359, T-361, and T-363) in the western U.S. was reviewed and analyzed for potential environmental impacts in the FAA's Environmental Assessment (EA) and Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) for The Las Vegas Metroplex Project, signed on July 7, 2020. The EA, FONSI, and Notice of Availability can

be found at [http://www.metroplexenvironmental.com/las\\_metroplex/las\\_docs.html](http://www.metroplexenvironmental.com/las_metroplex/las_docs.html).

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

#### The Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

#### PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

#### § 71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order 7400.11E, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated July 21, 2020 and effective September 15, 2020, is amended as follows:

*Paragraph 2006 United States Area Navigation Routes.*

\* \* \* \* \*

#### Q-13 El Paso, TX (ELP) to PAWLI, OR [Amended]

El Paso, TX (ELP)	VORTAC	(Lat. 31°48'57.28" N, long. 106°16'54.78" W)
VERNO, AZ	FIX	(Lat. 34°15'38.47" N, long. 109°37'37.98" W)
NABOB, AZ	FIX	(Lat. 34°19'40.60" N, long. 111°18'53.90" W)
Drake, AZ (DRK)	VORTAC	(Lat. 34°42'09.19" N, long. 112°28'49.23" W)
WOTRO, AZ	WP	(Lat. 35°10'07.89" N, long. 113°19'15.68" W)
PRFUM, AZ	WP	(Lat. 35°30'24.46" N, long. 113°56'34.85" W)
HOUZZ, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°36'43.75" N, long. 116°36'37.60" W)
FUULL, NV	WP	(Lat. 37°16'52.93" N, long. 117°10'13.96" W)
SKANN, NV	WP	(Lat. 37°22'52.68" N, long. 117°15'54.53" W)
LOMIA, NV	WP	(Lat. 39°13'11.57" N, long. 119°06'22.95" W)
RUFUS, CA	WP	(Lat. 41°26'00.00" N, long. 120°00'00.00" W)
PAWLI, OR	WP	(Lat. 43°10'48.00" N, long. 120°55'50.00" W)

\* \* \* \* \*

#### Q-15 DOVEE, NV to LOMIA, NV [Amended]

CHILY, AZ	WP	(Lat. 34°42'48.61" N, long. 112°45'42.27" W)
DOVEE, NV	WP	(Lat. 35°26'51.07" N, long. 114°48'00.94" W)
SOTOO, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°17'22.55" N, long. 116°13'14.12" W)
HOUZZ, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°36'43.75" N, long. 116°36'37.60" W)
FUULL, NV	WP	(Lat. 37°16'52.93" N, long. 117°10'13.96" W)
SKANN, NV	WP	(Lat. 37°22'52.68" N, long. 117°15'54.53" W)
LOMIA, NV	WP	(Lat. 39°13'11.57" N, long. 119°06'22.95" W)

\* \* \* \* \*

#### Q-174 NTELL, CA to FLCHR, NV [New]

NTELL, CA	WP	(Lat. 36°53'58.99" N, long. 119°53'22.21" W)
CABAB, CA	WP	(Lat. 37°16'36.00" N, long. 118°43'12.00" W)
TTMSN, CA	WP	(Lat. 37°21'11.49" N, long. 117°40'54.51" W)
SKANN, NV	WP	(Lat. 37°22'52.68" N, long. 117°15'54.53" W)
FLCHR, NV	WP	(Lat. 37°06'02.27" N, long. 116°52'31.36" W)

\* \* \* \* \*

*Paragraph 6011 United States Area Navigation Routes.*

\* \* \* \* \*

#### T-338 DSIRE, NV to BOEGY, AZ [New]

DSIRE, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°13'40.62" N, long. 115°14'26.15" W)
LNDIN, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°13'03.54" N, long. 114°50'39.84" W)
WYLND, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°09'26.64" N, long. 114°24'58.20" W)
BOEGY, AZ	WP	(Lat. 36°05'21.17" N, long. 114°03'33.41" W)

\* \* \* \* \*

#### T-357 KONNG, NV to DSIRE, NV [New]

KONNG, NV	WP	(Lat. 35°27'39.39" N, long. 114°57'02.15" W)
DICSA, NV	FIX	(Lat. 35°52'05.33" N, long. 115°02'15.10" W)
WANDR, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°05'33.54" N, long. 115°06'40.87" W)
DSIRE, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°13'40.62" N, long. 115°14'26.15" W)

\* \* \* \* \*

#### T-359 DANBY, CA to DSIRE, NV [New]

DANBY, CA	FIX	(Lat. 35°18'41.17" N, long. 115°47'09.11" W)
DICSA, NV	FIX	(Lat. 35°52'05.33" N, long. 115°02'15.10" W)
RAATT, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°04'42.74" N, long. 115°13'04.33" W)
DSIRE, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°13'40.62" N, long. 115°14'26.15" W)

* * * * *		
T-361 BOEGY, AZ to MORMON MESA, NV [New]		
BOEGY, AZ	WP	(Lat. 36°05'21.17" N, long. 114°03'33.41" W)
PUTTT, AZ	WP	(Lat. 35°50'09.62" N, long. 114°40'35.63" W)
DICSA, NV	FIX	(Lat. 35°52'05.33" N, long. 115°02'15.10" W)
WANDR, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°05'33.54" N, long. 115°06'40.87" W)
LNDIN, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°13'03.54" N, long. 114°50'39.84" W)
SHIEK, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°24'00.96" N, long. 114°27'01.91" W)
Mormon Mesa, NV, (MMM)	VORTAC	(Lat. 36°46'09.31" N, long. 114°16'38.83" W)
T-363 DICSA, NV, to Mormon Mesa, NV (MMM) [New]		
DICSA, NV	FIX	(Lat. 35°52'05.33" N, long. 115°02'15.10" W)
PUTTT, AZ	WP	(Lat. 35°50'09.62" N, long. 114°40'35.63" W)
SHIEK, NV	WP	(Lat. 36°24'00.96" N, long. 114°27'01.91" W)
MORMON MESA, NV (MMM)	VORTAC	(Lat. 36°46'09.31" N, long. 114°16'38.83" W)

Issued in Washington, DC, on December 7, 2020.

**George Gonzalez,**  
*Acting Manager, Rules and Regulations Group.*

[FR Doc. 2020-27339 Filed 12-11-20; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910-13-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Office of Workers' Compensation Programs

#### 20 CFR Part 702

#### RIN 1240-AA13

#### Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act: Electronic Filing, Settlement, and Civil Money Penalty Procedures

**AGENCY:** Office of Workers' Compensation Programs, Labor.

**ACTION:** Direct final rule; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (OWCP) administers the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act and its extensions. To improve program administration, OWCP is amending its existing regulations to require parties to file documents electronically, unless otherwise provided by statute or allowed by OWCP, and to streamline the settlement process. Additionally, to promote accountability and ensure fairness, OWCP is promulgating new rules for imposing and reviewing civil money penalties prescribed by the Longshore Act. The new rules set forth the procedures to contest OWCP's penalty determinations.

**DATES:** This direct final rule is effective March 15, 2021, without further action unless OWCP receives written significant adverse comments to this rule by February 12, 2021. If OWCP receives significant adverse comments, it will publish a timely withdrawal of the final rule in the **Federal Register**.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit written comments, identified by RIN number 1240-AA13, by any of the following methods. To facilitate the receipt and processing of comments, OWCP encourages interested parties to submit such comments electronically.

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions on the website for submitting comments.

- *Regular Mail or Hand Delivery/Courier:* Submit comments on paper to the Division of Federal Employees' Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation, Office of Workers' Compensation Programs, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3229, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20210. The Department's receipt of U.S. mail may be significantly delayed due to security procedures. You must take this into consideration when preparing to meet the deadline for submitting comments.

*Instructions:* All submissions received must include the agency name and the Regulatory Information Number (RIN) for this rulemaking. All comments received will be posted without change to <http://www.regulations.gov>, including any personal information provided.

*Docket:* For access to the docket to read background documents or comments received, go to <http://www.regulations.gov>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Antonio Rios, Director, Division of Federal Employees' Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation, Office of Workers' Compensation Programs, (202)-693-0040, [rios.antonio@dol.gov](mailto:rios.antonio@dol.gov). TTY/TDD callers may dial toll free 1-877-889-5627 for further information.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### I. Background of This Rulemaking

The Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (LHWCA or Act), 33 U.S.C. 901-50, establishes a comprehensive federal workers' compensation system for an employee's disability or death arising in the course

of covered maritime employment. *Metro. Stevedore Co. v. Rambo*, 515 U.S. 291, 294 (1995). The Act's provisions have been extended to (1) contractors working on military bases or U.S. government contracts outside the United States (Defense Base Act, 42 U.S.C. 1651-54); (2) employees of nonappropriated fund instrumentalities (Nonappropriated Fund Instrumentalities Act, 5 U.S.C. 8171-73); (3) employees engaged in operations that extract natural resources from the outer continental shelf (Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, 43 U.S.C. 1333(b)); and (4) private employees in the District of Columbia injured prior to July 26, 1982 (District of Columbia Workers' Compensation Act of May 17, 1928, Public Law 70-419 (formerly codified at 36 DC Code 501 *et seq.* (1973) (repealed 1979)). Consequently, the Act and its extensions cover a broad range of claims for injuries that occur throughout the United States and around the world.

OWCP's sound administration of these programs involves periodic reexamination of the procedures used for claims processing and related issues. OWCP has identified three areas where improvements can be made. The first is expanding electronic filing and requiring private parties to transmit all documents and information to OWCP electronically, except when the individual does not have a computer, lacks access to the internet, or lacks the ability to utilize the internet. Receiving documents and information in electronic form speeds claims administration and simplifies recordkeeping requirements. The second is streamlining settlement procedures. This too should speed the settlement-approval process and lessen the parties' burdens to submit multiple documents to have a settlement considered. Finally, OWCP is updating its existing penalty regulations and filling a gap by proposing a procedural scheme for employers to challenge penalties assessed against them. These