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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA-2009-0395; Directorate Identifier 2009-CE-023-AD; Amendment 39-15895; AD 2009-09-09]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Cessna Aircraft Company (Type Certificate Previously Held by Columbia Aircraft Manufacturing (Previously The Lancair Company)) Models LC40-550FG, LC41-550FG, and LC42-550FG Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: We are adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for certain Cessna Aircraft Company (Type Certificate previously held by Columbia Aircraft Manufacturing (previously The Lancair Company)) Models LC40-550FG, LC41-550FG, and LC42-550FG airplanes. This AD requires you to repetitively inspect the rudder hinges and the rudder hinge brackets for damage, i.e., cracking, deformation, and discoloration. If damage is found during any inspection, this AD also requires you to replace the damaged rudder hinge and/or rudder hinge bracket. This AD results from reports that cracked lower rudder hinge brackets were found on two of the affected airplanes. We are issuing this AD to detect and correct damage in the rudder hinges and the rudder hinge brackets, which could result in failure of the rudder. This failure could lead to loss of control.

DATES: This AD becomes effective on May 11, 2009.

On May 11, 2009, the Director of the Federal Register approved the

incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in this AD.

We must receive any comments on this AD by June 29, 2009.

ADDRESSES: Use one of the following addresses to comment on this AD.

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:** Go to <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- **Fax:** (202) 493-2251.

- **Mail:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M-30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington, DC 20590.

- **Hand Delivery:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M-30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington, DC 20590, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

To get the service information identified in this AD, contact Cessna Aircraft Company, Product Support, P.O. Box 7706; Wichita, Kansas 67277; *telephone:* (316) 517-5800; *fax:* (316) 942-9006; *Internet:* <http://www.cessna.com>.

To view the comments to this AD, go to <http://www.regulations.gov>. The docket number is FAA-2009-0395; Directorate Identifier 2009-CE-023-AD.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gary Park, Aerospace Engineer, Wichita Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), 1801 Airport Road, Room 100, Wichita, Kansas 67209; *telephone:* (316) 946-4123; *fax:* (316) 946-4107; *e-mail:* gary.park@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Discussion

We have received reports that a cracked lower rudder hinge bracket was found on two Cessna Aircraft Company Model LC41-550FG airplanes.

One of the airplanes had 106 hours time-in-service (TIS) and the rudder hinge was fully fractured. The other airplane had 225 hours TIS and the rudder hinge was partially fractured.

The cracks occurred because of corrosion of the anodized 2024 aluminum brackets. By design, the bearings are pressed into hinge elements and then staked on either side. In the staking process, the anodized protection is lost.

Investigation is ongoing to determine to the best approach to take to incorporate a modification or a design

change to prevent the rudder hinges and the rudder hinge brackets from becoming damaged, i.e., cracked, deformed, and discolored.

This condition, if not corrected, could result in failure of the rudder. This failure could lead to loss of control.

Relevant Service Information

We reviewed Cessna Aircraft Company Single Engine Service Bulletin SB09-27-01, dated April 13, 2009. The service information describes procedures for repetitively inspecting the rudder hinges and the rudder hinge brackets for damage, i.e., cracking, deformation, and discoloration. The service information also describes procedures for replacing any damaged rudder hinge and/or rudder hinge bracket.

FAA's Determination and Requirements of This AD

We are issuing this AD because we evaluated all the information and determined the unsafe condition described previously is likely to exist or develop on other products of the same type design. This AD requires repetitively inspecting the rudder hinges and the rudder hinge brackets for damage. If damage is found during any inspection, this AD also requires replacing the damaged rudder hinge and/or rudder hinge bracket.

Cessna Aircraft Company is reviewing the information related to the occurrences referenced in this AD and may develop a modification that, when incorporated, would eliminate the need for the repetitive inspections required by this AD. The FAA will review any modification that is developed, determine whether it would eliminate the need for the requirements of this action, and then determine whether additional AD action is necessary.

FAA's Determination of the Effective Date

An unsafe condition exists that requires the immediate adoption of this AD. The FAA has found that the risk to the flying public justifies waiving notice and comment prior to adoption of this rule because rudder failure could lead to loss of control. Therefore, we determined that notice and opportunity for public comment before issuing this AD are impracticable and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective in fewer than 30 days.

Comments Invited

This AD is a final rule that involves requirements affecting flight safety, and we did not precede it by notice and an opportunity for public comment. We invite you to send any written relevant data, views, or arguments regarding this AD. Send your comments to an address listed under the **ADDRESSES** section. Include the docket number “FAA–2009–0395; Directorate Identifier 2009–CE–023–AD” at the beginning of your comments. We specifically invite comments on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the AD. We will consider all comments received by the closing date and may amend the AD in light of those comments.

We will post all comments we receive, without change, to <http://www.regulations.gov>, including any personal information you provide. We will also post a report summarizing each substantive verbal contact we receive concerning this AD.

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA’s authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, Section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency’s authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701, “General requirements.” Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

We determined that this AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

- (1) Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866;
- (2) Is not a “significant rule” under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and
- (3) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

We prepared a regulatory evaluation of the estimated costs to comply with this AD and placed it in the AD docket.

Examining the AD Docket

You may examine the AD docket that contains the AD, the regulatory evaluation, any comments received, and other information on the Internet at <http://www.regulations.gov>; or in person at the Docket Management Facility between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The Docket Office (telephone (800) 647–5527) is located at the street address stated in the **ADDRESSES** section. Comments will be available in the AD docket shortly after receipt.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

■ Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

■ 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive (AD):

2009–09–09 Cessna Aircraft Company (Type Certificate previously held by Columbia Aircraft Manufacturing (previously The Lancair Company)):
Amendment 39–15895; Docket No. FAA–2009–0395; Directorate Identifier 2009–CE–023–AD.

Effective Date

(a) This AD becomes effective on May 11, 2009.

Affected ADs

(b) None.

Applicability

(c) This AD applies to the following airplane models and serial numbers that are certificated in any category:

Model	Serial Nos.
LC40–550FG	40001 through 40079.
LC41–550FG	41001 through 41800, 411001 and subsequent.
LC42–550FG	42001 through 42569, 421001 and subsequent.

Unsafe Condition

(d) This AD is the result of reports that cracked lower rudder hinge brackets were found on two of the affected airplanes. We are issuing this AD to detect and correct damage, i.e., cracking, deformation, and discoloration, in the rudder hinges and the rudder hinge brackets, which could result in failure of the rudder. This failure could lead to loss of control.

Compliance

(e) To address this problem, you must do the following per Cessna Aircraft Company Single Engine Service Bulletin SB09–27–01, dated April 13, 2009, unless already done:

Condition	Initial inspection	Repetitive inspection
(1) For airplanes with 25 hours time-in-service (TIS) or more as of May 11, 2009 (the effective date of this AD):	With the rudder removed and using 10X visual magnification, inspect all three rudder hinges and rudder hinge brackets for damage, i.e., cracking, deformation, and discoloration, at whichever of the following occurs first: (i) Within the next 10 hours TIS after May 11, 2009 (the effective date of this AD); or (ii) Within the next 30 days after May 11, 2009 (the effective date of this AD).	Thereafter inspect as follows: (A) Every 25 hours TIS or 3 months, whichever occurs first, without removing the rudder, visually inspect all three rudder hinges and rudder hinge brackets for damage; and (B) Every 50 hours TIS or 6 months, whichever occurs first, with the rudder removed and using 10X visual magnification, inspect all three rudder hinges and rudder hinge brackets for damage.

Condition	Initial inspection	Repetitive inspection
(2) For airplanes with less than 25 hours TIS as of May 11, 2009 (the effective date of this AD):	Without removing the rudder, visually inspect all three rudder hinges and rudder hinge brackets for damage, at whichever of the following occurs later: (i) Upon accumulating 25 hours TIS; or (ii) Within the next 10 hours TIS after May 11, 2009 (the effective date of this AD).	Thereafter inspect as follows: (A) Every 25 hours TIS or 3 months, whichever occurs first, without removing the rudder, visually inspect all three rudder hinges and rudder hinge brackets for damage. (B) Every 50 hours TIS or 6 months, whichever occurs first, with the rudder removed and using 10X visual magnification, inspect all three rudder hinges and rudder hinge brackets for damage.

(3) If damage is found on any of the rudder hinges and/or rudder hinge brackets during any inspection required in paragraphs (e)(1) or (e)(2), before further flight, replace the damaged rudder hinges and/or rudder hinge brackets with new parts and inspect following the Repetitive Inspection procedures specified in paragraphs (e)(1) or (e)(2) of this AD.

(4) If the repetitive inspections required in paragraphs (e)(1) and (e)(2) of this AD become due at the same time, credit for both

inspections will be given by doing the rudder removal and 10X visual inspection.

(5) Use the form (Figure 1 of this AD) to report the results of the following inspections required in this AD to the FAA at the address specified in paragraph (f) of this AD:

(i) Initial inspections required in paragraphs (e)(1) and (e)(2) of this AD, report within 10 days after the inspection or within 10 days of May 11, 2009 (after the effective date of this AD), whichever occurs later.

(ii) Repetitive inspections required in paragraphs (e)(1) and (e)(2) of this AD ONLY if cracks are found, report within 10 days after the inspection.

(iii) The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approved the information collection requirements contained in this regulation under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) and assigned OMB Control Number 2120-0056.

AD 2009-09-09 Inspection Report		
Airplane Model		
Airplane Serial Number		
Airplane Tach Hours at Time of Inspection		
Is Upper Rudder Bracket Damaged?	No	Yes, describe extent of damage
Is Middle Rudder Bracket Damaged?	No	Yes, describe extent of damage
Is the Lower Rudder Bracket Damaged? (Models LC40-550FG & LC42-550FG only)	No	Yes, describe extent of damage
Is Lower Rudder Hinge Damaged? (Model LC40-550FG)	No	Yes, describe extend of damage
Were any other discrepancies noticed during the inspection?		
Name:		
Telephone and/or e-mail address:		
Date:		
<i>Send report to:</i> Gary Park, Aerospace Engineer, ACE-118W, Wichita Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), 1801 Airport Road, Room 100, Wichita, Kansas 67209; <i>fax:</i> (316) 946-4107; <i>e-mail:</i> gary.park@faa.gov. Figure 1		

Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(f) The Manager, Wichita Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. Send information to *Attn:* Gary Park, Aerospace Engineer, ACE-118W, Wichita Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), 1801 Airport Road, Room 100, Wichita, Kansas 67209; *telephone:* (316) 946-4123; *fax:* (316) 946-4107; *e-mail:* gary.park@faa.gov. Before using any airplane to which the AMOC applies, notify your appropriate principal inspector (PI) in the FAA Flight Standards District Office (FSDO), or lacking a PI, your local FSDO.

Material Incorporated by Reference

(g) You must use Cessna Aircraft Company Single Engine Service Bulletin SB09-27-01, dated April 13, 2009, to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of this service information under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) For service information identified in this AD, contact Cessna Aircraft Company, Product Support, P.O. Box 7706; Wichita, Kansas 67277; *telephone:* (316) 517-5800; *fax:* (316) 942-9006; *Internet:* <http://www.cessna.com>.

(3) You may review copies of the service information incorporated by reference for this AD at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 901 Locust, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. For information on the availability of this material at the Central Region, call (816) 329-3768.

(4) You may also review copies of the service information incorporated by reference for this AD at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call (202) 741-6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on April 23, 2009.

Scott A. Horn,

*Acting Manager, Small Airplane Directorate,
Aircraft Certification Service.*

[FR Doc. E9-9793 Filed 4-29-09; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA-2007-0391; Directorate Identifier 2007-NM-271-AD; Amendment 39-15891; AD 2009-09-05]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Model A318-100 and A319-100 Series Airplanes; A320-111 Airplanes; A320-200 Series Airplanes; and A321-100 and A321-200 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The FAA is superseding an existing airworthiness directive (AD), which applies to certain Airbus Model A318-100 and A319-100 series airplanes; A320-111 airplanes; A320-200 series airplanes; and A321-100 and A321-200 series airplanes. That AD currently requires a one-time inspection of the horizontal hinge pin of the 103VU electrical panel in the avionics compartment to determine if the hinge pin can move out of the hinge, and related investigative and corrective actions if necessary. This new AD instead requires installing a hinge pin stopper on the internal door of the 103VU electrical panel. This AD results from a report indicating that electrical wire damage was found in the 103VU electrical panel due to contact between the hinge pin and the adjacent electrical wire harness. We are issuing this AD to prevent contact between the horizontal hinge pin and the adjacent electrical wire harness, which could result in damage to electrical wires, and consequent arcing and/or failure of associated systems.

DATES: This AD becomes effective June 4, 2009.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of a certain publication listed in the AD as of June 4, 2009.

ADDRESSES: For service information identified in this AD, contact Airbus, Airworthiness Office—EAS, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac

Cedex, France; telephone +33 5 61 93 36 96; fax +33 5 61 93 44 51; e-mail: account.airworth-eas@airbus.com; Internet <http://www.airbus.com>.

Examining the AD Docket

You may examine the AD docket on the Internet at <http://www.regulations.gov>; or in person at the Docket Management Facility between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this AD, the regulatory evaluation, any comments received, and other information. The address for the Docket Office (telephone 800-647-5527) is the Document Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M-30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington, DC 20590.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Dulin, Aerospace Engineer, International Branch, ANM-116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98057-3356; telephone (425) 227-2141; fax (425) 227-1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Discussion

The FAA issued a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to amend 14 CFR part 39 to include an AD that supersedes AD 2006-03-10, amendment 39-14474 (71 FR 6665, February 9, 2006). The existing AD applies to certain Airbus Model A318-100 and A319-100 series airplanes; A320-111 airplanes; A320-200 series airplanes; and A321-100 and A321-200 series airplanes. That NPRM was published in the *Federal Register* on January 9, 2008 (73 FR 1558). That NPRM proposed to discontinue the existing requirements and instead require installing a hinge pin stopper on the internal door of the 103VU electrical panel. This AD results from a report indicating that electrical wire damage was found in the 103VU electrical panel due to contact between the hinge pin and the adjacent electrical wire harness.

Comments

We provided the public the opportunity to participate in the development of this AD. We have considered the comments that have been received on the NPRM.

Request for Additional Action

The Air Transport Association (ATA), on behalf of one of its members, Northwest Airlines (NWA), notes that the proposed modification prevents only outboard migration of the pins, and requests that the AD be changed to

require a hinge pin stopper to be added to both ends of the hinge to completely contain the hinge pin and prevent inboard migration.

We do not agree with ATA's request. We are issuing this AD to address potential wire damage due to outboard migration of the hinge pin. There is no potential of wire damage due to inboard migration of the pin. However, if additional data show that inboard migration of the hinge pin causes an unsafe condition, we might consider further rulemaking. We have not changed the AD in this regard.

Request for Alternate Modification

The ATA, on behalf of NWA, requests that the AD be changed to allow the hinge stoppers to be installed using the existing hole in the lower angle fitting (part number D92510153000) adjacent to the end hinge mounting hole, instead of drilling a new hole through the hinge assembly. NWA states that this change would eliminate the need for any drilling during modification, and would more easily facilitate accomplishment within the line maintenance environment, providing greater scheduling flexibility.

We do not agree with ATA's request. Airbus Mandatory Service Bulletin A320-25-1535, dated April 27, 2007, specifies drilling a hole on the hinge. The commenter did not provide sufficient data to substantiate that using the existing hole would address the identified unsafe condition. To use a different method from the one specified in that service bulletin, operators may request approval of an alternative method of compliance (AMOC) according to paragraph (g) of the AD. We have not changed the AD in this regard.

Conclusion

We have carefully reviewed the available data, including the comments that have been submitted, and determined that air safety and the public interest require adopting the AD as proposed.

Costs of Compliance

This AD affects about 658 Airbus Model A318-100 and A319-100 series airplanes; A320-111 airplanes; A320-200 series airplanes; and A321-100 and A321-200 series airplanes of U.S. registry. The new actions take about 1 work hour per airplane, at an average labor rate of \$80 per work hour. Required parts cost about \$20 per airplane. Based on these figures, the estimated cost of the new actions specified in this AD for U.S. operators is \$65,800, or \$100 per airplane.