

requirements of 49 CFR Part 236 as detailed below.

Docket No. FRA-2003-16634

Applicant: Norfolk Southern Corporation, Mr. Brian L. Sykes, Chief Engineer, C&S Engineering, 99 Spring Street, SW., Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

Norfolk Southern Corporation seeks approval of the proposed discontinuance and removal of the traffic control system, on all main, siding, and auxiliary tracks, between Clare, Ohio, milepost CT-9.0 and Winchester, Ohio, milepost CT-73.5, on the Lake Division, Cincinnati District, and convert the method of operation to track warrant control.

The reason given for the proposed changes is that the line is no longer needed as a through route, the Clare to Winchester portion will be used for local service only, and the Winchester to Vera portion of the line has been removed from service.

Any interested party desiring to protest the granting of an application shall set forth specifically the grounds upon which the protest is made, and include a concise statement of the interest of the party in the proceeding. Additionally, one copy of the protest shall be furnished to the applicant at the address listed above.

All communications concerning this proceeding should be identified by the docket number and must be submitted to the Docket Clerk, DOT Central Docket Management Facility, Room PL-401 (Plaza Level), 400 7th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590-0001. Communications received within 45 days of the date of this notice will be considered by the FRA before final action is taken. Comments received after that date will be considered as far as practicable. All written communications concerning these proceedings are available for examination during regular business hours (9 a.m.-5 p.m.) at the above facility. All documents in the public docket are also available for inspection and copying on the Internet at the docket facility's Web site at <http://dms.dot.gov>.

FRA wishes to inform all potential commenters that anyone is able to search the electronic form of all comments received into any of our dockets by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the comment, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.). You may review DOT's complete Privacy Act Statement in the **Federal Register** published on April 11, 2000 (Volume 65, Number 70; Pages 19477-78) or you may visit <http://dms.dot.gov>.

FRA expects to be able to determine these matters without an oral hearing. However, if a specific request for an oral hearing is accompanied by a showing that the party is unable to adequately present his or her position by written statements, an application may be set for public hearing.

Issued in Washington, DC, on January 14, 2004.

Grady C. Cothen, Jr.,

Deputy Associate Administrator, for Safety Standards and Program Development.

[FR Doc. 04-1332 Filed 1-21-04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-06-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

[Docket No. NHTSA 2001-9362; Notice 3]

Saleen, Inc.; Grant of Application for Renewal of Temporary Exemption From Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 208

This notice grants the application by Saleen, Inc., of Irvine, California ("Saleen"), for a renewal of a temporary exemption for its S7 passenger car from the requirements of Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 208, *Occupant Crash Protection*. In accordance with 49 U.S.C. 30113(b)(3)(B)(i), the basis of the request was that compliance would cause substantial economic hardship to a manufacturer that has made a good faith effort to comply with the standard.

The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) published a notice of receipt of the application on July 25, 2003, and afforded an opportunity for comment (68 FR 44139).

Background

The Saleen S7 is a high performance, limited production sports car built in Irvine, CA. The S7 costs approximately \$400,000. In June 2001, NHTSA granted Saleen a two-year hardship exemption from the requirements of S4.1.5.3 of Standard No. 208, expiring July 1, 2003.¹ On April 16, 2003, Saleen petitioned to renew this exemption for an additional 3 years. In accordance with 49 CFR 555.8(e), the previous exemption has remained in effect until the publication of this notice, because the application for renewal was filed more than 60 days prior to expiration of the exemption.

Petitioner began developing the S7 in February of 2000. Originally, Saleen

expected to deliver the S7 vehicles to customers in the summer of 2001. However, product development and regulatory issues delayed production until March 6, 2003, when Saleen received Certificates of Conformity for the 2003 model year from the Environmental Protection Agency and the California Air Resources Board. Between March 6, 2003, and the date of the petition, Saleen sold eight S7s. Petitioner hopes to sell a total of 36 S7s by the end of 2003. In contrast, Saleen originally projected selling 112 S7s by the end of 2003.²

Petitioner's other line of business consists of altering Ford Mustang vehicles. However, the company has "sustained a major slowdown" in the sales of these vehicles, which it attributes "to the downturn in the U.S. economy." The company has produced only 79 "Saleen Mustangs" as of June 11, 2003, compared with 327 in the comparable period in 2002. The company currently maintains a payroll of 96 people. Previously, Saleen employed 122 individuals, but was forced to downsize in an effort to complete development of the S7.

Why Saleen Needs a Renewal of a Temporary Exemption

In the original petition, Saleen estimated that it needed 20 months and approximately \$3,000,000 to bring the S7 into compliance with Standard No. 208.³ In the absence of sales until March of 2003, Saleen did not generate the necessary funds to bring the S7 into compliance as scheduled. According to the petitioner: "development delays almost completely exhausted all of our economic resources necessary to stay in business, let alone the development of air bags." In the meantime, NHTSA has implemented new regulations pertaining to advanced air bags (49 CFR 571.208; S14). Petitioner has now asked for a three-year extension of its original two-year exemption in order to generate funds that would allow it to fully comply with the new, advanced air bag requirements of Standard No. 208. Petitioner now estimates, based on projected sales, that it will be financially able to begin developing advanced air bags by July 2004. Saleen anticipates that the project will take 24 months and cost an estimated \$3,800,000. Petitioner expects full compliance with the requirements of

² See 66 FR 33298.

¹ See original Notice for additional background information on the company (66 FR 33298).

³ See original petition (Docket No. NHTSA-2001-9362-2).

Standard No. 208 by September 1, 2006.⁴

Why Compliance Would Cause Substantial Economic Hardship and How Saleen Has Tried in Good Faith To Comply With the Requirements of Standard No. 208

As previously stated, after commencing development of the Saleen S7 in 2000, petitioner has only recently received the necessary approval to begin deliveries to customers. Based on financial records accompanying the petition, Saleen lost \$3,480,372 in the fiscal year 2000. In the fiscal year 2001, Saleen lost \$4,738,588. In the fiscal year 2002, Saleen lost an additional \$614,039. For a three-year period, petitioner experienced a cumulative net loss of \$8,832,999.⁵ In the spring of 2003, Saleen was finally able to begin recouping its losses by delivering the first eight S7 vehicles to customers. If this petition is denied, Saleen will have to immediately cease production and sales of the S7. Petitioner estimates that denial of the petition would decrease the earnings before taxes from \$2,707,000 to \$7,000. Further, denial of the petition would cast serious doubt over the long-term financial viability of the company, and would likely result in downsizing of the current workforce.

In order to comply with the requirements of Standard No. 208, petitioner would have to redesign the following equipment: (1) Steering wheel; (2) Steering column; (3) Dash panel (4) Gauge pod; (5) Seats and seat brackets; (6) Center console; (7) Interior trim panels; and (8) Wiring harness. Petitioner expects to rely on the continuous sales of S7 vehicles in order to fund a redesign of the above components. As previously stated, sales of the vehicle were delayed until March of 2003. As a result, petitioner did not have the resources necessary to bring the S7 in compliance with the non-advanced air bag requirements of Standard No. 208.⁶ Petitioner notes that there are no available alternative means of compliance.

⁴ Specifically, as a small volume manufacturer, Saleen is obligated to comply with 49 CFR 571.208; S14 by September 1, 2006.

⁵ See Docket No. NHTSA-2001-9362-5.

⁶ Saleen is currently under contract with Ford Motor Company to assist in production of another "super-car," Ford GT. Ford GT is due to be completed in the spring of 2004. Petitioner anticipates that the technological experience derived from this project will enable Saleen to bring the S7 into compliance with the requirements of Standard No. 208.

Why a Renewal of an Exemption Would Be in the Public Interest and Consistent With the Objectives of Motor Vehicle Safety

Petitioner argues that a renewal of a temporary exemption is in the public interest because the S7 is a unique "super-car," the only one of its kind to be designed and produced in the United States. An exemption would allow Saleen to continue producing these unique vehicles and to maintain its payroll of 96 full time employees. Petitioner notes that the S7 also utilizes many U.S.-sourced components. According to Saleen, production of the S7 indirectly provides employment for several hundred Americans who work for S7 domestic suppliers. Petitioner contends that an exemption would be consistent with vehicle safety objectives because the S7 will otherwise conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Comments Received on the Saleen Petition

The agency received a single comment in response to the notice requesting comment on the petition. The commenter, identified as Alan, H., was in favor of granting the petition. Specifically, Alan H. commented that Saleen S7 is the only U.S.-built "super car," and that it compared favorably to such vehicles as Ferrari and Porsche. With respect to vehicle safety objectives, Alan H. noted that a \$395,000 vehicle produced in very limited numbers would most likely be purchased as an "investment," and would be subject to very infrequent and especially careful use.

The Agency's Findings

Saleen is typical of small volume manufacturers who have received temporary exemptions in the past on hardship grounds. With limited resources, petitioner developed a high-priced automobile for a specialty market. Unfortunately, Saleen was unable to take advantage of the original exemption, granted on June 21, 2001, due to regulatory and production delays. Petitioner had anticipated using the profits it derived from sales of S7 automobiles to bring the vehicle into compliance by July 30, 2003. Because the sales did not commence until March of 2003, petitioner was unable to do so. Accordingly, Saleen has asked for additional time to bring the S7 into compliance with Standard No. 208.

If the petition is denied, the sale of S7 automobiles will cease immediately and the petitioner will be unable to derive financial resources necessary to bring

the S7 into compliance with Standard No. 208. Saleen's financial statements show a net loss for the previous three fiscal years. Thus, it appears the petitioner does not have immediate resources available to bring the vehicle into compliance with Standard No. 208. Additionally, Saleen will be required to meet the new, advanced air bag requirements of Standard No. 208 once the exemption expires. In evaluating Saleen's current situation, the agency finds that to require immediate compliance with Standard No. 208 would cause petitioner substantial economic hardship.

Traditionally, the agency has found that the public interest is served in affording continued employment to a small volume manufacturer's work force and to those of its U.S.-sourced component suppliers. The agency has also found that the public interest is served by affording the consumers a wider variety of motor vehicles. In this instance, denial of the petition would put Saleen's current payroll of 96 people in jeopardy. Denial of the petition may also affect the payrolls of U.S.-sourced component suppliers.

The vehicle in question will be manufactured in extremely limited quantities.⁷ The current Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Price is \$395,000. In light of these factors, the agency anticipates that the S7 vehicles will be operated on a very limited basis and will have a negligible impact on the overall safety of U.S. highways. The agency notes that the vehicle subject to this petition complies with all other applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

In consideration of the foregoing, it is hereby found that compliance with the requirements of Standard No. 208 would cause substantial economic hardship to a manufacturer that has tried in good faith to comply with the standard. It is further found that the granting of an exemption would be in the public interest and consistent with the objectives of traffic safety.

In accordance with 49 U.S.C. 30113(b)(3)(B)(i), NHTSA Temporary Exemption No. 2001-6, exempting Saleen S7 from the requirements of 49 CFR 571.208; Standard No. 208, *Occupant Crash Protection*, is hereby extended until September 1, 2006.

(49 U.S.C. 30113; delegation of authority at 49 CFR 1.50 and 501.8)

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
George Feygin in the Office of Chief Counsel, NCC-112, (Phone: 202-366-

⁷ Petitioner anticipates selling 37 vehicles this year and 50 vehicles annually thereafter. See Docket No. NHTSA-2001-9362-5.

2992; Fax 202-366-3820; E-mail: George.Feygin@nhntsa.dot.gov).

Issued on: January 15, 2004.

Jeffrey W. Runge,
Administrator.

[FR Doc. 04-1272 Filed 1-21-04; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

[Docket RSPA-98-4957; Notice 04-02]

Research and Special Programs Administration

AGENCY: Research and Special Programs Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of information collection renewal and request for public comments.

SUMMARY: As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Research and Special Programs Administration's (RSPA) Office of Pipeline Safety (OPS) is publishing a notice indicating its intention to renew an existing information collection in support of RSPA/OPS's requirement that pipeline operators submit drug and alcohol test results for their employees. The purpose of this notice is to allow the public 60 days from the date of this notice to send in their comments.

RSPA/OPS believes that its drug and alcohol testing requirements are an important tool for operators to monitor drug and alcohol usage in the pipeline industry. RSPA/OPS has found, on a yearly basis, that less than 1% of employees in the pipeline industry tested positive for drug and alcohol usage.

DATES: Comments on this notice must be received no later than March 22, 2004, to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: You must identify docket number RSPA-98-4957; Notice 04-02 at the beginning of your comments. Comments may be mailed to the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), Dockets Facility, Plaza 401, 400 Seventh St., SW., Washington, DC 20590 or sent by e-mail to dms.dot.gov.

Anyone is able to search the electronic form of all comments received into any of our dockets by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the comment, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.). You may review DOT's complete Privacy Act Statement in the **Federal Register** published on April 11, 2000 (Volume 65, Number 70; Pages 19477-78) or you may visit <http://dms.dot.gov>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Marvin Fell, Office of Pipeline Safety,

Research and Special Programs Administration, Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC. 20950, (202) 366-6205 or by e-mail at Marvin.fell@rspa.dot.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Abstract:

Drug and alcohol abuse is a major societal problem and it is reasonable to assume the problem exists in the pipeline industry as it does in society as a whole. The potential harmful effect of drug and alcohol abuse on safe pipeline operations warrants imposing comprehensive testing regulations on the pipeline industry. These rules are found in 49 CFR 199.

Title: Drug and Alcohol Testing of Pipeline Operators.

OMB Number: 2137-0579.

Type of Request: Extension of an existing information collection.

Estimate of Burden: 1.22 hours per operator.

Respondents: Pipeline operators.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 2,419.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 2,963 hours.

Copies of this information collection can be reviewed at the Dockets Unit, Room 8421, Research and Special Programs Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC. You may review the public docket containing comments in person in the Dockets Office between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday except Federal Holidays. You may also review public dockets on the Internet at <http://dms.dot.gov/search>. Once on the search page, type in the last four digits of the docket number shown at the beginning of this notice (4957) and click on "search."

Comments are invited on: (a) The need for the proposed collection of information for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques.

Issued in Washington, DC, on January 14, 2004.

Richard D. Huriaux,

Manager, Regulations, Office of Pipeline Safety.

[FR Doc. 04-1333 Filed 1-21-04; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Surface Transportation Board

Release of Waybill Data

The Surface Transportation Board has received a request from the State of North Dakota (WB456—1/5/04), for permission to access data from the Board's Carload Waybill Samples beyond the scope of waybill information that the State may usually obtain. A copy of the request may be obtained from the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration.

The requested information from the waybill sample contains confidential railroad and shipper data; therefore, if any parties object to this request, they should file their objections with the Director of the Board's Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration, within 14 calendar days of the date of this notice. The rules for release of waybill data are codified at 49 CFR 1244.9.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mac Frampton, (202) 565-1541.

Vernon A. Williams,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 04-1197 Filed 1-21-04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4915-00-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Surface Transportation Board

[STB Finance Docket No. 34448]

Allegheny & Eastern Railroad, LLC—Acquisition Exemption—Buffalo & Pittsburgh Railroad, Inc.

Allegheny & Eastern Railroad, LLC (A&E), a newly formed noncarrier and wholly owned subsidiary of Buffalo & Pittsburgh Railroad, Inc. (BPRR), has filed a verified notice of exemption under 49 CFR 1150.31 to acquire from BPRR the physical assets that comprise approximately 128.2 miles of rail line formerly operated by Allegheny & Eastern Railroad, Inc. (ALY), between milepost 2.8 in the City of Erie and milepost 131.0 in the City of St. Marys, in Erie, Warren, McKean and Elk Counties, PA. BPRR is acquiring the line in a related transaction concurrently