result in a reduction in emissions equivalent to or better than the amount achieved by the VOC standards set forth in 40 CFR 60.112b of NSPS subpart Kb. Rohm and Haas, therefore, asks that the EPA approve this AMEL request.

III. AMEL for the Rohm and Haas Chemicals LLC Facility

Based upon our review of the AMEL request, we believe that, by complying with the operating conditions specified below, the proposed new tank at Dow's Rohm and Haas Chemicals LLC facility will achieve emission reductions at least equivalent to reduction in emissions required by NSPS subpart Kb, 40 CFR 60.112b. We are seeking the public's input on this request. Specifically, the EPA seeks the public's input on the conditions specified in this document in the following paragraphs

the following paragraphs.
(1) No PRD on the storage tank, or on the railcar or tank truck, shall open during loading or as a result of diurnal temperature changes (breathing losses).

- (2) Both PRDs on the storage tank must be set to release at no less than 9 psig at all times. Any release from a PRD as indicated by pressure reading greater than 9 psig is an excess emissions event. To demonstrate that the PRD does not open, the tank vapor space pressure and the space between the rupture disk and PRD will be continuously monitored for pressure and recorded. If a release occurs, the tank must follow 40 CFR 63.165(d)(2).
- (3) Each of the PRDs and components of the vapor collection system on the tank must be monitored on a quarterly basis, using EPA Method 21. An instrument reading of 500 parts per million by volume or greater is an excess emissions event.
- (4) VAM must be transferred from either railcars or truck trailers via welded steel piping into the new bulk storage tank. The tank must be equipped with a welded steel vapor balance line that returns displaced vinyl acetate vapors from the headspace within the tank to the railcar or tank truck during tank filling operations. The vapor balance line must be hard piped from the tank, crossing a pipe bridge, before terminating at the off-loading station. The tank vapor balance line must not contain any PRDs or release points. Displaced vapors must be transferred to a vapor return fitting on the offloading bulk vehicle through a hose from the offloading station. Both the transfer hoses and the vapor balance return line must incorporate dry-disconnect fittings to prevent vapor discharge to the atmosphere when the line is not connected. Tank trucks and railcars must have a current certification in

accordance with the DOT pressure test requirements of 49 CFR part 180 for tank trucks and 49 CFR 173.31 for railcars. Railcars, tank trucks, or barges that deliver VAM to a storage tank must be reloaded or cleaned at a facility that utilizes the control techniques specified in paragraph (4)(a) or (b).

(a) The railcar, tank truck, or barge must be connected to a closed-vent system with a control device that reduces inlet emissions of VAM by 95 percent by weight or greater.

- (b) A vapor balancing system designed and operated to collect organic VAM vapor displaced from the tank truck or railcar during reloading must be used to route the collected HAP vapor to the storage tank from which the liquid being transferred originated.
- (5) Rohm and Haas must submit to the Administrator a written certification that the reloading or cleaning facility meets the requirements of paragraph 4; and the requirements for closed vent system and control device specified at 40 CFR 63.119 through 63.123. The notification and reporting requirements at 40 CFR 63.122 do not apply to the owner or operator of the offsite cleaning or reloading facility.
 - (6) Recordkeeping requirements.
- (a) The facility must keep a record of the equipment to be used and the procedures to be followed when reloading the railcar, tank truck, or barge and displacing vapors to the storage tank from which the liquid originates, as well as a record of all components of the PRDs, including PRVs and rupture disks.
- (b) Records must be kept as long as the storage vessel is in operation.
- (7) Reporting requirements. The facility must submit excess emissions and monitoring systems performance reports to the Administrator semiannually. All reports must be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each 6-month period. Written reports of excess emissions must include the following information:
- (a) The date and time of commencement and completion of each time period of excess emissions. The process operating time during the reporting period.
- (b) The date and time identifying each period during which the continuous monitoring system was inoperative except for zero and span checks and the nature of the system repairs or adjustments.
- (c) The report must include a list of the affected sources or equipment, an estimate of the volume of VAM emitted, and a description of the method used to estimate the emissions.

(d) When the continuous pressure monitoring systems have not been inoperative, repaired, or adjusted, such information shall be stated in the report.

IV. Request for Comments

We solicit comments on all aspects of Rohm and Haas's requests for approval of an AMEL for these new requirements to be used to comply with the applicable standards. We specifically seek comment regarding whether or not the operating requirements listed in section III above will achieve emission reductions at least equivalent to emissions being controlled by complying with the applicable requirements in the 40 CFR part 60, subpart Kb, Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels requirements in 40 CFR 60.112b.

Dated: December 8, 2020.

Panagiotis Tsirigotis,

Director, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards.

[FR Doc. 2021–02518 Filed 2–5–21; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OPPT-2019-0271; FRL-10005-44]

Certain New Chemicals or Significant New Uses; Statements of Findings for September Through December 2019

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) requires EPA to publish in the **Federal Register** a statement of its findings after its review of certain TSCA notices when EPA makes a finding that a new chemical substance or significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. Such statements apply to premanufacture notices (PMNs), microbial commercial activity notices (MCANs), and significant new use notices (SNUNs) submitted to EPA under TSCA. This document presents statements of findings made by EPA on such submissions during the period from September 1, 2019 to December 31,

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

For technical information contact: Rebecca Edelstein, New Chemicals Division (7405M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: 202–564–1667; email address: edelstein.rebecca@ epa.gov.

For general information contact: The TSCA-Hotline, ABVI-Goodwill, 422 South Clinton Ave., Rochester, NY 14620; telephone number: (202) 554–1404; email address: TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this action apply to me?

This action is directed to the public in general. As such, the Agency has not attempted to describe the specific entities that this action may apply to. Although others may be affected, this action applies directly to the submitters of the PMNs addressed in this action.

B. How can I get copies of this document and other related information?

The docket for this action, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA-HQ-OPPT-2019-0271, is available at http://www.regulations.gov or at the Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics Docket (OPPT Docket), Environmental Protection Agency Docket Center (EPA/DC), West William Jefferson Clinton Bldg., Rm. 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW, Washington, DC. The Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room is (202) 566–1744, and the telephone number for the OPPT Docket is (202) 566-0280.

Due to the public health concerns related to COVID–19, the EPA Docket Center (EPA/DC) and Reading Room is closed to visitors with limited exceptions. The staff continues to provide remote customer service via email, phone, and webform. For the latest status information on EPA/DC services and docket access, visit https://www.epa.gov/dockets.

II. What action is the Agency taking?

This document lists the statements of findings made by EPA after review of notices submitted under TSCA section 5(a) that certain new chemical substances or significant new uses are not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. This document presents statements of findings made by EPA during the period from September 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019.

III. What is the Agency's authority for taking this action?

TSCA section 5(a)(3) requires EPA to review a TSCA section 5(a) notice and make one of the following specific findings:

- The chemical substance or significant new use presents an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment;
- O The information available to EPA is insufficient to permit a reasoned evaluation of the health and environmental effects of the chemical substance or significant new use;
- O The information available to EPA is insufficient to permit a reasoned evaluation of the health and environmental effects and the chemical substance or significant new use may present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment;
- O The chemical substance is or will be produced in substantial quantities, and such substance either enters or may reasonably be anticipated to enter the environment in substantial quantities or there is or may be significant or substantial human exposure to the substance; or
- O The chemical substance or significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment.

Unreasonable risk findings must be made without consideration of costs or other non-risk factors, including an unreasonable risk to a potentially exposed or susceptible subpopulation identified as relevant under the conditions of use. The term "conditions of use" is defined in TSCA section 3 to mean "the circumstances, as determined by the Administrator, under which a chemical substance is intended, known, or reasonably foreseen to be manufactured, processed, distributed in commerce, used, or disposed of."

EPA is required under TSCA section 5(g) to publish in the **Federal Register** a statement of its findings after its review of a TSCA section 5(a) notice when EPA makes a finding that a new chemical substance or significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. Such statements apply to PMNs, MCANs, and SNUNs submitted to EPA under TSCA section 5.

Anyone who plans to manufacture (which includes import) a new chemical substance for a non-exempt commercial purpose and any manufacturer or processor wishing to engage in a use of a chemical substance designated by EPA as a significant new use must submit a notice to EPA at least 90 days before commencing manufacture of the new chemical substance or before engaging in the significant new use.

The submitter of a notice to EPA for which EPA has made a finding of "not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment" may commence manufacture of the chemical substance or manufacture or processing for the significant new use notwithstanding any remaining portion of the applicable review period.

IV. Statements of Administrator Findings Under TSCA Section 5(a)(3)(C)

In this unit, EPA provides the following information (to the extent that such information is not claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)) on the PMNs, MCANs and SNUNs for which, during this period, EPA has made findings under TSCA section 5(a)(3)(C) that the new chemical substances or significant new uses are not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment:

- EPA case number assigned to the TSCA section 5(a) notice.
- Chemical identity (generic name, if the specific name is claimed as CBI).
- Website address to EPA's decision document describing the basis of the "not likely to present an unreasonable risk" finding made by EPA under TSCA section 5(a)(3)(C).

EPA case No.	Chemical identity	Website address
J–19–0024, J–19– 0025.	Biofuel producing Saccharomyces cerevisiae modified, genetically stable (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-296.
P-15-0632	Mixed amine salt (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-327.

EPA case No.	Chemical identity	Website address
P-16-0291	1,3-cyclohexanedimethanamine adduct (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-331.
P-16-0451	Reaction product of bisalkoxysilylalkylamine, alkoxy oxiranylalkoxyalkylsilane and silica (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-329.
P-16-0486	Polychloropropane (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-330.
P-17-0109	Alkyldiamine, aminoalkyl dimethylaminoalkyl dimethyl-(generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-313.
P-17-0184	1-Propanaminium, 2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl-N-[3-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]propyl]-3-sulfo-, inner salt (CASRN 1612795–77–3).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-328.
P-17-0233	Oxyalkylene modified polyalkyl amine alkyl diacid polymer with 2- (chloromethyl)oxirane (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-352.
P-17-0234	Oxirane, 2-(chloromethyl)-, polymer with 2-methyloxirane polymer with oxirane bis(2-aminopropyl) ether (CASRN: 78390–60–0).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-351.
P-17-0298	Formaldehyde, homopolymer, reaction products with N-propyl-1-propanamine (CASRN: 1374859–50–3).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-340.
P-17-0325	2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 2-methyl-2-((1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino)-1-propanesulfonic acid (CASRN: 40623–75–4).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-342.
P-17-0360	2-Propanol, 1-amino-, compd. with .alphasulfoomega(octyloxy)poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (1:1), CASRN 2098904–74–4; 2-Propanol, 1-amino-, compd. with .alphasulfoomega(decyloxy)poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (1:1) (CASRN 2098904–80–2).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-315.
P-17-0396	Aminoalkylated imidazole (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-319.
P-17-0400	Terpolymer of vinylidene fluoride, tetrafluoroehylene and 2,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropene (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-337.
P-18-0019	Substituted Benzene, 4-[2-[2-hydroxy-3-[[(3-nitrophenyl)amino]carbonyl]-1-naphthalenyl]diazenyl]-, sodium salt (1:1) (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-317.
P-18-0029	Fatty acids and fatty acid unsatd., reaction products with ethyleneamines and maleic anhydride (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-318.
P-18-0034	Polyetheramine carboxylate salt (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-298.
P-18-0092	Phosphonium, tributylmethyl-, iodide (1:1) (CASRN: 1702–42–7)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-314.
P-18-0105	Phosphorous acid, triisotridecyl ester (CASRN: 77745-66-5)	termination-314. https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-299.
P-18-0114	Propanoic acid, hydroxy- (hydroxyalkyl)-alkyl-, polymer with 1,6-diisocyanatoalkane and poly[oxy(alkyl-alkanediyl)] ether with alkyl-(hydroxyalkyl)-alkanediol, 2-propenoate (ester), lithium salt, glycerol monoacrylate 1-neodecanoate- and alkylene glycol monoacrylate-blocked (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-343.

EPA case No.	Chemical identity	Website address
P-18-0121	Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis-, branched eicosyl derivs. (CASRN 1800419–55–9)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-316.
P-18-0133	Polyol adduct of bisaldehyde (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-335.
P–18–0165, P–18– 0166.	(P-18-0165) 2,5-Furandione, polymer with ethenylbenzene, 4-hydroxy-substituted butyl amide, sodium salts; (P-18-0166) 2,5-Furandione, polymer with ethenylbenzene, 4-hydroxy-substituted butyl [3-[2-[1-[[(2-methoxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]-2-oxopropyl]diazenyl]phenyl]substituted, sodium salts (generic names).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-321.
P-18-0167	Butanamide, 2-[2-[(substituted phenyl)diazenyl]-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxo-(generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-322.
P-18-0192	Benzenesulfonic acid, (alkenediyl)bis[[[(hydroxyalkyl)amino]-(phenylamino)-triazin-2-yl]amino]-, N-(hydroxyalkyl) derivs., salts, compds. with polyalkyl-substituted(alkanol) (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-297.
P-18-0207	Metal, oxo alkylcarboxylate complexes (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-311.
P-18-0213	1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, calcium salt (2:1) (CASRN 24806-09-5).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-323.
P-18-0214, P-18- 0215, P-18-0216.	(P–18–0214) Polycyclic substituted alkane, polymer with cyclicalkylamine, epoxide, and polycyclic epoxide ether, reaction products with dialkylamine substituted alkyl amine; (P–18–0215) Polycyclic alkane, polymer with monocyclic amine, polycyclic epoxide ether, reaction products with dialkylamine alkyl amine; (P–18–0216) Polycyclic substituted alkane, polymer with epoxide, reaction products with cyclicalkylamine and dialkylamine substituted alkyl amine (generic names).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-336.
P-18-0232	Polyol, reaction products with formaldehyde and methanol (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-341.
P–18–0258, P–18– 0259.	(P-18-0258) Dioic acids, polymers with caprolactam and alkyldiamines; (P-18-0259) Fatty acids, dimers, hydrogenated, polymers with caprolactam and alkyldiamine (generic names).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-320.
P-18-0264	Phosphonomethylated ether diamine (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-332.
P-18-0295	1,3-Butanediol, (3R)-(CASRN: 6290–03–5)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-300.
P-18-0299	Alkenoic acid, alkyl-, polymers with alkyl methacrylate, cycloalkyl methacrylate, alkylene dimethacrylate, and polyalkene glycol hydrogen sulfate [(branched alkyloxy)alkyl]-(alkenyloxy)alkyl ethers ammonium salts, metal salts (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-301.
P-18-0302	D-Glucaric acid, ammonium salt (1:1) (CASRN: 6614–39–7)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-310.
P-18-0329	Substituted carbopolycyclic dicarboxylic acid dialkyl ester, polymer with alkanediol and carbopolycyclic bis (substituted carbopolycycle) bisalkanol (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-344.
P-18-0341, P-18- 0342, P-18-0343, P-18-0344.	(P–18–0341) Alkane dicarboxylic acid, polymer with alkoxylated polyalcohol, alkyl polyglycol, alkyl dialcohol, and functionalized carboxylic acid; (P–18–0342) Alkane dicarboxylic acid, polymer with alkyl polyglycol, alkyl dialcohol, and functionalized carboxylic acid; (P–18–0343) Alkane dicarboxylic acid, polymer with alkoxylated polyalcohol, and alkyl dialcohol, (hydroxy alkyl) ester; (P–18–0344) Aromatic dicarboxylic acid, polymer with alkane dicarboxylic acid, alkoxylated polyalcohol, and alkyl dialcohol (generic names).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-345.

names).

EPA case No.	Chemical identity	Website address
P-18-0385	D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, Bu glycosides, polymers with epichlorohydrin, 2-hydroxy-3-sulfopropyl ethers, sodium salts (CASRN: 2139271–53–5).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-333.
P-18-0392	Heteromonocycle, alkenyl alkyl (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-334.
P-18-0393	Alkenoic acid, alkyl, alkyl ester, polymer with alkyl propenoate, vinyl carbomonocyle, substituted alkyl propenoate, alkyl 2-alkyl 2-propenoate, alkanediol mono(2-alkyl-2-propenoate) and bicarbomonocylo alkyl 2-alkyl-2-alkenoate, tertiary alkyl substituted alkane peroxoate initiated (polymer exemption flag) (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-346.
P-19-0058	Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-popenoic acid, ammonium salt (CASRN 2131811–80–6) (polymer exemption flag).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-324.
P-19-0113	Metal oxide-chloro (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-302.
P–19–0117	Polycyclic amine, reaction products with polyalkylalkene, polymers (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-303.
P-19-0121	Plant based oils, polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene], penta- erythritol, phthalic esters, polypropylene glycol and polypropylene glycol ether with glycerol (3:1) (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-304.
P-19-0130	Aminohydroxy naphthalenesulfonic acid, coupled with diazotized[(aminophenyl) sulfonyl]ethyl hydrogen sulfate and diazotized amino[[(sulfooxy)ethyl]sulfonyl]benzenesulfonic acid, salts (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-305.
P-19-0132	Fatty acid, polymer with alkanedioic acid dialkyl ester, alkanoic acid, oxo alkyl ester, substituted carbomonocycle, alkyl substituted alkanediol, and alkylol substituted alkane (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-306.
P-19-0135	Alkyl polyoxyethylene ethers, carboxymethylated (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-347.
P-19-0137	Alkyl oligomeric reaction products (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-307.
P-19-0146	Modified dimethyl sulfoxide (generic name)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-325.
P-19-0148, P-19- 0149, P-19-0150, P-19-0151.	(P–19–0148) Iron, complexes with ethylenediamine-4-hydroxycarbomonocycle hetero-acid-2-oxoacetic acid reaction products, potassium salts; (P–19–0149) Iron, complexes with ethylenediamine-4-hydroxycarbomonocycle hetero-acid potassium salt (1:1)-potassium 2-oxoacetate (1:1) reaction products, potassium salts; (P–19–0150) Iron, complexes with ethylenediamine-4-hydroxycarbomonocycle hetero-acid-2-oxoacetic acid reaction products, sodium salts; (P–19–0151) Iron, complexes with ethylenediamine-4-hydroxycarbomonocycle hetero-acid sodium salt (1:1)-sodium 2-oxoacetate (1:1) reaction products, sodium salts (generic names).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-349.
P-19-0152	Alkaneic acid, dialkyl ester polymer with alkanediol, [[(isocyanatocarbomonocycle) alkyl]carbomonocycle]carbamate (generic name).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-326.
P–19–0155, P–19– 0156, P–19–0157.	(P-19-0155) Amides, from C8-18 and C18-unsatd. glycerides and diethylenetriamine, ethoxylated (CASRN: 2173332-72-2); (P-19-0156) Amides, from diethylenetriamine and palm kernel-oil, ethoxylated (CASRN: 2173332-69-7); (P-19-0157) Amides, from coconut oil and diethylenetriamine, ethoxylated (CASRN: 2173332-70-0).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-350.
P-20-0002	Fatty Acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, hydrogenated, polymers with .alphahydroomegahydroxypoly(oxy-1,4-butanediyl) and nonanoic acid (CASRN 2359671–57–9).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-339.

EPA case No.	Chemical identity	Website address
P-20-0004	Fatty Acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, hydrogenated, polymers with hexanoic acid and .alphahydroomega.hydroxypoly(oxy-1,4-butanediyl) (CASRN: 2359671–53–5).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-338.
SN-18-0005	Butanoic acid, 3-mercapto-,1,1'-[2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-[(3-mercapto-1-oxobutoxy)methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester; CASRN: 1027326–93–7; and Butanoic acid, 3-mercapto-,1,1'-[2,2-bis[(3-mercapto-1-oxobutoxy)methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester (CASRN: 31775–89–0).	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-308.
SN-19-0004	Coke (coal), secondary pitch (CASRN: 94113–91–4)	https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new- chemicals-under-toxic-substances- control-act-tsca/tsca-section-5a3c-de- termination-309.

(Authority: 15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.)

Dated: November 6, 2020.

Madison Le,

Director, New Chemicals Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 2021–02525 Filed 2–5–21; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OAR-2007-1196; FRL-10019-49-OAR]

Recent Postings of Broadly Applicable Alternative Test Methods

AGENCY: Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the broadly applicable alternative test method approval decisions that the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) made under and in support of New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) and the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) between January 1, 2020, and December 31, 2020. This notice also announces the removal of a previously approved broadly applicable alternative test method.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: An electronic copy of each alternative test method approval document is available at https://www.epa.gov/emc/broadlyapplicable-approved-alternative-testmethods. For questions about this notice, contact Mrs. Lula H. Melton, Air Quality Assessment Division, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards (E143-02), Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711; telephone number: (919) 541-2910; fax number: (919) 541-0516; email address: melton.lula@epa.gov. For technical questions about individual alternative test method decisions, refer to the contact person identified in the individual approval document(s).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this notice apply to me?

This notice will be of interest to entities regulated under 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) parts 59, 60, 61, 63 and 65; state, local, and tribal agencies; and the EPA Regional offices responsible for implementation and enforcement of regulations under 40 CFR parts 59, 60, 61, 63, and 65.

B. How can I get copies of this information?

You may access copies of the broadly applicable alternative test method approval documents at https://www.epa.gov/emc/broadly-applicable-approved-alternative-test-methods.

II. Background

This notice identifies broadly applicable alternative test methods that the EPA approved in 2020 under the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), 40 CFR part 60, and the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) programs, 40 CFR parts 61 and 63. See Table 1 of this notice for the summary of these test methods. Source owners and operators may voluntarily use these broadly applicable alternative test methods in lieu of otherwise required test methods or related testing procedures. Use of these broadly applicable alternative test methods are not intended to and should not change the applicable emission standards. This notice also announces the removal of ALT-109 as an approved broadly applicable alternative test method given our subsequent revisions to certain requirements in Method 22.83 FR 56713 (November 14, 2018).

The Administrator has the authority to approve the use of alternative test methods for compliance with requirements under 40 CFR parts 60, 61, and 63. This authority is found in 40 CFR 60.8(b)(3), 61.13(h)(1)(ii), and 63.7(e)(2)(ii). Additional and similar authority can be found in 40 CFR 59.104(f) and 65.158(a)(2). The criteria

for approval and procedures for submission and review of broadly applicable alternative test methods are explained in a previous Federal **Register** notice published at 72 FR 4257 (January 30, 2007) and located at https://www.epa.gov/emc/broadlyapplicable-approved-alternative-testmethods. As explained in this notice, we will announce approvals for broadly applicable alternative test methods at https://www.epa.gov/emc/broadlyapplicable-approved-alternative-testmethods as they are issued and publish an annual notice that summarizes approvals for broadly applicable alternative test methods during the preceding year.

As also explained in the January 30, 2007 notice, our approval decisions involve thorough technical reviews of numerous source-specific requests for alternatives and modifications to test methods and procedures. Based on these reviews, we have often found that these modifications or alternatives would be equally valid and appropriate to apply to other sources within a particular class, category, or subcategory. Consequently, we have concluded that where a method modification or an alternative method is clearly broadly applicable to a class, category, or subcategory of sources, it is both equitable and efficient to simultaneously approve its use for all appropriate sources and situations.

Use of approved alternative test methods are not mandatory but rather permissive. Sources are not required to employ such a method but may choose to do so in appropriate circumstances. As specified in 40 CFR 63.7(f)(5), however, a source owner or operator electing to use an alternative method for 40 CFR part 63 standards must continue to use the alternative method until otherwise authorized. Source owners or operators should, therefore, review the specific broadly applicable alternative method approval decision at https:// www.epa.gov/emc/broadly-applicableapproved-alternative-test-methods