DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-04468 and NAFTA-04468A]

OBG Manufacturing/Distribution Company, Oshkosh B'Gosh, Inc., Liberty KY; OBG Manufacturing/ Distribution Company; Oshkosh B'Gosh, Inc., Albany, KY; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on April 3, 2001, applicable to workers of OBG Manufacturing Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc., Liberty, Kentucky. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on May 2, 2001 (66 FR 22008).

At the request of the company, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm.

New information shows that worker separations occurred at the Albany, Kentucky facility of OBG Manufacturing Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc. The workers are engaged in employment related to the production of children's apparel.

Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to cover workers of OBG Manufacturing Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc., Albany, Kentucky.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of OGB Manufacturing Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc. adversely affected by increased imports of children's apparel from Mexico.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA-04468 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of OBG Manufacturing Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc., Liberty, Kentucky (NAFTA–04468) and Albany, Kentucky (NAFTA–04468A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after January 12, 2000, through April 3, 2003, are eligible to apply for NAFTA–TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 4th day of September, 2001.

Edward A. Tomchick,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 01–23536 Filed 9–20–01; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4510–30–M**

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-5196]

Phelps Dodge Magnet Wire Company, Hopkinsville, KY; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 103–182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance, hereinafter called (NAFTA–TAA), and in accordance with section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), an investigation was initiated on August 13, 2001 in response to a petition filed on behalf of workers at Phelps Dodge Magnet Wire Company, Hopkinsville, Kentucky.

An active certification (NAFTA 3292), valid until August 13, 2001, remained in effect throughout the period of possible coverage for the petitioners and the entire workforce at Phelps Dodge Magnet Wire Company. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 10th day of September, 2001.

Edward A. Tomchick,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment Standards Administration Wage and Hour Division

Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General Wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of

the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedeas decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the **Federal** Register, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department.

Further information and selfexplanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration,