

Form Number: None.

Type of Review: New.

Respondents/Affected Public:

Respondents will include PI-CASC funded projects' principal investigators, co-investigators, and collaborators; graduate scholars and postdocs; and community members. These include individuals from Federal organizations, State organizations (including academic institutions), non-governmental organizations (NGOs), and Tribal entities.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: PI-CASC expects to request surveys from a maximum of 330 respondents (Approximately 85 Federal employees, 20 State or local government employees, 150 university/college researchers, 45 NGO leaders, and 30 international respondents that have been involved and/or impacted by PI-CASC project work). Of these 330 requests, we hope to have a response rate near half, to get an estimated 150 survey responses. We also plan to request interviews with 50 participants from a subset of PI-CASC project case studies. There is likely to be overlap in the participants that complete the surveys and are requested for interviews.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: An estimated 150 surveys and 50 interviews are expected to be completed.

Estimated Completion Time per Response: Each survey is expected to take a respondent approximately 10 minutes to complete. For those that agree to an interview, an additional 1 hour is expected to be used per interview.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: An estimated 75 burden hours per year is expected ($10 \text{ min} \times 150 + (60 \text{ min} \times 50) = 4500 \text{ min} \rightarrow 75 \text{ hours}$).

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary.

Frequency of Collection: The information collection needed to reach the described 150–330 surveys and 50 interviews may take place over multiple years (splitting up the described annual burden hours), and the overall collection process may be potentially repeated every five years to gather information about changes over time.

Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost: None.

Project B

Abstract: The USGS PI-CASC and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) support the coordinator of the Pacific Regional Invasive Species and Climate Change Management Network (Pacific RISC), a community of practice that includes partnerships with PI-CASC,

USGS, USFWS, the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa, the State of Hawai'i Department of Land and Natural Resources Division of Forestry & Wildlife, the Coordinating Group on Alien Pest Species, and representatives from all of the U.S. affiliated Pacific islands. Pacific RISC aims to support research and management efforts addressing the individual and interacting impacts of climate change and invasive species in the U.S. Pacific, with the goal of increasing the effectiveness of management and reducing the impacts of climate change and invasive species. Pacific RISC would like to assess the effectiveness of hosted workshops by surveying attendees.

The proposed surveys and interviews will collect the following types of information:

- Demographic characteristics of workshop attendees (field, role/position, location, etc.).
- Pacific RISC events, products, communications, or tools that are most used by and/of interest to attendees.
- Outstanding invasive species and climate change related challenges and associated research needs.
- Response to workshop in terms of topical relevance, effectiveness, accessibility, and capacity building in a regional context.

The information collected in this effort will be used to better align the future goals and objectives of Pacific RISC, including future workshops, with the needs of respondents across the Pacific RISC region.

Respondents/Affected Public:

Respondents will include individuals from county, State, and Federal organizations, including land management agencies and academic institutions, individuals from non-profits and NGOs, students, and community members.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: Pacific RISC expects to request annual survey completion via the RISC Listservs containing approximately 800 respondents (approximately 120 Federal employees, 220 State or local government employees, 200 university/college researchers (including students)), 100 NGO leaders, 100 community members, and 60 international respondents. Additionally, Pacific RISC expects to request post-workshop surveys twice a year from a maximum of 60 respondents per workshop (affiliations will depend on who signs up, but will likely include Federal, State, and county agency resource managers and scientists from State and Federal institutions).

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: An estimated 400 surveys and 15 interviews are expected to be completed from the annual listserv inquiry, and an additional 120 post-workshop survey responses are expected to be returned, for a combined total of 535 survey and interview responses. This estimate is based on a 50% survey response rate.

Estimated Completion Time per Response: Each survey is expected to take a respondent approximately 10 minutes to complete. For those that agree to a follow-up interview, an additional 1 hour is expected to be taken per interview.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: Based on a 50% response rate, an estimated 65 hours are expected to be taken for annual listserv surveys, with another 15 hours for the interviews, and an estimated 20 hours for the two post-workshop surveys. The total maximum estimated burden hours is 102 hours for Project B.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary.

Frequency of Collection: Information will be collected annually.

Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost: None.

The authority for this action is the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

Mari-Vaughn Johnson,

Regional Administrator, PI-CASC, USGS.

[FR Doc. 2025–11720 Filed 6–24–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of the Solicitor

Guidance on Referrals for Potential Criminal Enforcement

AGENCY: Office of the Solicitor, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice describes the Department of the Interior's ("Department" or "DOI") plans to address criminally liable regulatory offenses under the Executive Order 14294, "Fighting Overcriminalization in Federal Regulations."

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kasie Durkit, Office of the Solicitor, 1849 C Street NW, Washington, DC 20240; telephone 202–208–4423.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 9, 2025, the President issued Executive Order ("E.O.") 14294, "Fighting Overcriminalization in Federal Regulations." 90 FR 20363 (published May 14, 2025). Section 7 of E.O. 14294 provides that within 45 days of the order, and in consultation with the Attorney General, each agency should

publish guidance in the **Federal Register** describing its plan for how it will address its regulations that provide for criminal liability for regulatory offenses.

Consistent with that requirement, the Department advises the public that by May 9, 2026, the Department, in consultation with the Attorney General, will provide to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (“OMB”) a report containing: (1) a list of all criminal regulatory offenses¹ in DOI’s regulations that are enforceable by DOI or the Department of Justice (“DOJ”); and (2) for each such criminal regulatory offense, the range of potential criminal penalties for a violation, and the applicable *mens rea* standard² for the criminal regulatory offense.

This notice also announces a general policy, subject to appropriate exceptions and to the extent consistent with law, that when the Department is deciding whether to refer alleged violations of criminal regulatory offenses to DOJ, officers and employees of the Department should consider, among other factors:

- the harm or risk of harm, pecuniary or otherwise, caused by the alleged offense;
- the potential gain to the putative defendant that could result from the offense;
- whether the putative defendant held specialized knowledge, expertise, or was licensed in an industry related to the rule or regulation at issue; and
- evidence, if any is available, of the putative defendant’s general awareness of the unlawfulness of his conduct as well as his or her knowledge or lack thereof of the regulation at issue.

Department-Specific Implementation Plan

Consistent with E.O. 14294 and the general policy set forth above, the following actions will be undertaken:

a. The Department will review its regulations for all criminal regulatory offenses enforceable by the agency or the DOJ, including the applicable statutory authorities, the range of potential criminal penalties for a violation, and the applicable *mens rea* standard for each criminal regulatory offense.

b. The Department will review the identified regulatory offenses and associated processes for compliance with the principles articulated in E.O.

14294. The Department will evaluate whether regulatory or procedural changes are necessary to ensure the public has adequate notice of the offenses and that the *mens rea* identified for each regulatory offense is appropriate.

c. The Department will make recommendations to the Secretary on actions to further the principles articulated in E.O. 14294 and the general policy set forth above, as well as take all measures legally permissible and procedurally appropriate to implement such actions.

This general policy is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

Damon A. Hagan,

Deputy Solicitor for General Law.

[FR Doc. 2025–11721 Filed 6–23–25; 4:15 pm]

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INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337–TA–1403]

Certain Sensors With Pixels and Products Containing the Same; Notice of a Commission Determination Not To Review an Initial Determination Terminating the Investigation Based on Settlement; Termination of Investigation

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission (“Commission”) has determined not to review an initial determination (“ID”) (Order No. 60) of the presiding administrative law judge (“ALJ”) granting the complainant’s motion to terminate the above-captioned investigation based on settlement. The investigation is terminated.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lynde Herzbach, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–3228. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its

internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal on (202) 205–1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission instituted this investigation on June 5, 2024, based on a complaint filed by SiOnyx, LLC of Beverly, Massachusetts (“SiOnyx”). See 89 FR 48191–48192 (June 5, 2024). The complaint, as supplemented, alleges violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337, in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, or the sale within the United States after importation of certain sensors with pixels and products containing same by reason of the infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent Nos. 9,064,764 (“the ‘764 patent”); 9,905,599 (“the ‘599 patent”); 10,224,359 (“the ‘359 patent”); 11,069,737 (“the ‘737 patent”); and 11,721,714 (“the ‘714 patent”). *Id.* The complaint further alleges that a domestic industry exists. *Id.* The Commission’s notice of investigation named as respondents Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. of Suwon, Republic of Korea; Samsung Electronics America, Inc. of Ridgefield Park, New Jersey; and Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. of San Jose, California (collectively, “Respondents”). *Id.* The Office of Unfair Import Investigations is not participating in the investigation. *Id.*

The Commission previously terminated the investigation as to claims 1–7, 12, 13, 19, 22, and 24 of the ‘764 patent; claims 2, 3, 10, 12–17, 20, 21, 25, 27, 29, 34, and 35 of the ‘599 patent; claims 2–4, 9, 10, 22, 25, 27, 30, 34, 38–40, 42–47, 49–53, 56–59, 62, 63, 65–67, 71–73, 76, 81, and 83 of the ‘359 patent; claims 1, 8, 9, 11, 14, 15, 17, 23, 25, 27, 31, 32, 34, 37, 40, 42, 46, 47, and 53 of the ‘737 patent; and claims 7, 8, and 14–16 of the ‘714 patent based on partial withdrawal of the complaint. Order No. 31 (Dec. 10, 2024), *unreviewed by Comm’n Notice* (Dec. 23, 2024). The Commission also previously terminated the investigation as to claims 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, and 25 of the ‘764 patent; claims 4, 5, 7, 22, 23, 26, and 30 of the ‘599 patent; claims 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 19, 41, 44, 48, 54, 55, 60, 61, 64, 68, 69, 70, 74, 75, 80, and 82 of the ‘359 patent; claims 3, 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 35, 36, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, and 54 of the ‘737 patent; and claims 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, and 11 of the ‘714 patent based on withdrawal of the complaint as to those claims. Order No. 43 (June 9,

¹ “Criminal regulatory offense” means a Federal regulation that is enforceable by a criminal penalty. E.O. 14294, sec. 3(b).

² “Mens rea” means the state of mind that by law must be proven to convict a particular defendant of a particular crime. E.O. 14294, sec. 3(c).