provisions of subpart B of Part 177 consistent with the Federal Procurement Regulation ("FAR"). See 19 CFR 177.21. In this regard, CBP recognizes that the FAR restricts the U.S. Government's purchase of products to U.S.-made or designated country end products for acquisitions subject to the TAA. See 48 CFR 25.403(c)(1).

The FAR, 48 CFR 25.003, defines "designated country end product" as:

a WTO GPA [World Trade Organization Government Procurement Agreement] country end product, an FTA [Free Trade Agreement] country end product, a least developed country end product, or a Caribbean Basin country end product.

Section 25.003 defines "Least developed country end product" as an article that:

(1) Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a least developed country; or

(2) In the case of an article that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has been substantially transformed in a least developed country into a new and different article of commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed. The term refers to a product offered for purchase under a supply contract, but for purposes of calculating the value of the end product includes services (except transportation services) incidental to the article, provided that the value of those incidental services does not exceed that of the article itself.

As previously noted, the fabric from Bangladesh is cut to size, sewn, autoclaved, and packaged in Vietnam. Bangladesh is a TAA-designated country, and Vietnam is not.

The information submitted indicates that the surgical towels are made of 100% cotton. GRI also indicates that the goods are classified in subheading 6307.90.89, HTSUS, as a textile product. The rules of origin for textile and apparel products for purposes of the customs laws and the administration of quantitative restrictions are governed by 19 U.S.C. 3592, unless otherwise provided for by statute. These provisions are implemented in the CBP Regulations at 19 CFR 102.21. Section 3592 of title 19 has been described as Congress's expression of substantial transformation as it relates to textile and apparel products. Therefore, the country of origin of the surgical towels for Government procurement purposes is determined by sequential application of the general rules set forth in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(5) of 19 CFR 102.21.

Paragraph (c)(1) states: "The country of origin of a textile or apparel product is the single country, territory, or insular possession in which the good was wholly obtained or produced." Since the surgical towels are produced by processing in both Bangladesh and Vietnam, they are not wholly obtained or produced in a single country, territory or insular possession. Therefore paragraph (c)(1) of Section 102.21 is inapplicable.

Paragraph (c)(2) states: "Where the country of origin of a textile or apparel product cannot be determined under paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the country of origin of the good is the single country, territory, or insular possession in which each of the foreign materials incorporated in that good underwent an applicable change in tariff classification, and/or met any other requirement specified for the good in paragraph (e) of this section."

Paragraph (e)(1) provides that "The following rules will apply for purposes of determining the country of origin of a textile or apparel product under paragraph (c)(2) of this section." The applicable rule, that corresponds to subheading 6307.90.89, HTSUS, states:

6307.90 The country of origin of a good classifiable under subheading 6307.90 is the country, territory, or insular possession in which the fabric comprising the good was formed by a fabric-making process.

In the instant case, the 100% cotton fabric that is woven and dyed blue in Bangladesh is imported into Vietnam where it is cut to size, sewn, and autoclaved to make surgical towels. Therefore, the country of origin of the surgical towels is Bangladesh, where the 100% cotton fabric that comprises the surgical towel was formed by a fabric-making process. As the surgical towels meet the requirements for goods classified in subheading 6307.90, HTSUS, pursuant to 19 CFR 102.21(c)(2), the country of origin of the surgical towels is Bangladesh.

Based on the analysis above, we find that the country of origin of the subject surgical towels is Bangladesh and, therefore, the surgical towels would be the product of a foreign country or instrumentality designated pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 2511(b)(1).

#### **Holding**

Based on the facts and analysis set forth above, the country of origin of the instant surgical towels will be Bangladesh.

Notice of this final determination will be given in the **Federal Register**, as required by 19 CFR 177.29. Any party-at-interest other than the party which requested this final determination may request, pursuant to 19 CFR 177.31, that CBP reexamine the matter anew and issue a new final determination. Pursuant to 19 CFR 177.30, any party-at-interest may, within 30 days of publication of the **Federal Register** Notice referenced above, seek judicial review of this final determination before the U.S. Court of International Trade.

Sincerely,

Alice A. Kipel, Executive Director, Regulations and Rulings, Office of Trade.

[FR Doc. 2024-23652 Filed 10-11-24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111-14-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection [OMB Control Number 1651–0140]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Extension; Collection of Advance Information From Certain Undocumented Individuals on the Land Border

**AGENCY:** U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Department of Homeland Security.

**ACTION:** 60-Day notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA). The information collection is published in the Federal Register to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies.

**DATES:** Comments are encouraged and must be submitted (no later than December 16, 2024) to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice must include the OMB Control Number 1651–0140 in the subject line and the agency name. Please submit written comments and/or suggestions in English. Please use the following method to submit comments:

Email. Submit comments to: CBP\_PRA@cbp.dhs.gov.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Requests for additional PRA information should be directed to Seth Renkema, Chief, Economic Impact Analysis Branch, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Office of Trade, Regulations and Rulings, 90 K Street NE, 10th Floor, Washington, DC 20229–1177, Telephone number 202-325-0056 or via email CBP PRA@cbp.dhs.gov. Please note that the contact information provided here is solely for questions regarding this notice. Individuals seeking information about other CBP programs should contact the CBP National Customer Service Center at 877-227-5511, (TTY) 1-800-877-8339, or CBP website at https://www.cbp.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** CBP invites the general public and other Federal agencies to comment on the proposed and/or continuing information collections pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*). This process is conducted in

accordance with 5 CFR 1320.8. Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies should address one or more of the following four points: (1) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) suggestions to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) suggestions to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses. The comments that are submitted will be summarized and included in the request for approval. All comments will become a matter of public record.

#### **Overview of This Information** Collection

Title: Advance Collection of Information from undocumented Individuals on the Land Border.

OMB Number: 1651–0140. Form Number: N/A.

Current Actions: This submission will extend the expiration date of this information collection, with no change to the burden or information collected.

Type of Review: Extension (without

change).

Affected Public: Individuals. Abstract: Under this collection, CBP collects certain biographic and biometric information from undocumented noncitizens via the CBPOne<sup>TM</sup> application, prior to their arrival at a Port of Entry (POE), to streamline their processing at the POE. The requested information is that which CBP would otherwise collect from these individuals during primary and/or secondary processing. This information is provided directly by undocumented noncitizens. Providing this information reduces the amount of data entered by CBP Officers (CBPOs) and the corresponding time required to process an undocumented noncitizen at the POE.

The biographic and biometric information being collected in advance, that would otherwise be collected during primary and/or secondary processing at the POEs, includes descriptive information such as: Name, Date of Birth, Country of Birth, City of

Birth, Country of Residence, Contact Information, Addresses, Nationality, Employment history (optional), Travel history, Emergency Contact (optional), U.S. and foreign addresses, Familial Information, Marital Status, Identity Document (not a Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative (WHTI) compliant document) (optional), Name and contact information for someone who assisted the user (Optional), Gender, Preferred Language, Height, Weight, Eye color and Photograph.

This collection requires the submission of a live facial photograph for all noncitizens who choose to provide advance information to CBP via CBPOne<sup>TM</sup>. The submission of a live photograph in advance provides CBPOs with a mechanism to match a noncitizen who arrives at the POE with the photograph submitted in advance, therefore identifying those individuals, and verifying their identity as well as conducting advance vetting. The live photograph is particularly important for identity verification if an NGO/IO is not assisting an individual in scheduling their presentation at a POE. In addition, the requirement for a live photo that contains latitude and longitude data points allows CBP to ensure the individual is physically located within the designated geofence areas. Creating designated areas allows an individual to secure an appointment without congregating in potentially dangerous conditions at the U.S. Southwest Border; and only traveling to or through Mexico for the intended purpose of presenting themselves to CBP for

inspection. In addition, CBP allows individuals to request to present themselves for processing at a specific POE on a specific day or days, although such a request does not guarantee that an individual will be processed on a given date or at a given time. Individuals also have the opportunity to modify their requests within the CBPOneTM application to an alternate day or time. The functionality to modify their request to an alternative date and time does not require the collection of new Personal Identification Information (PII) data elements.

Noncitizens who use CBPOne<sup>TM</sup> are processed in a more streamlined manner at the POE than those who do not use CBPOne<sup>TM</sup>, since their advance information is prepopulated into CBP systems, which reduces manual data entry during processing. Noncitizens who did not submit information through  $CBPOne^{TM}$  may need to wait to be processed in a separate line from those who used CBPOne<sup>TM</sup> (reserved for those who submitted their advance

information and scheduled a presentation date).

Based on user and stakeholder feedback, CBPOne<sup>TM</sup> scheduling occurs through a daily appointment allocation process. Noncitizens submit a daily request in the CBPOne<sup>TM</sup> application, indicating that they would like an appointment within the next 21 days. Each day at 12:00 p.m. Eastern Time, available appointments are allocated to those who requested an appointment. Individuals who are issued an appointment then have a 23-hour period to complete the scheduling process (until 11:00 a.m. Eastern Time the following day), which includes confirming the appointment time and providing a live facial photograph. By providing a long period of time to complete the scheduling process and confirm the appointment (i.e., 23 hours versus the previous few minutes under a first come, first served scheduling system)), this scheduling feature mitigates certain bandwidth issues that may arise for some users as a result of a large volume of people submitting information during a short window of time. The CBPOneTM application validates the users is within central or northern Mexico, captures a live photo, and matches that photo to the user's registrations photo.

Finally, each day, unconfirmed appointments are reallocated among the current pool of registrations. This process enables noncitizens to request a preferred POE at which to schedule an appointment.

Individuals who use the CBPOne<sup>TM</sup> application will be able to schedule an appointment to present themselves at the following ports of entry:

- Arizona: Nogales;
- *Texas:* Brownsville, Hidalgo, Laredo, Eagle Pass, and El Paso (Paso Del Norte); and
- California: Calexico and San Ysidro (Pedestrian West—El Chaparral).

Future and ongoing enhancements to the app are expected based on user and stakeholder feedback to ensure equity in the scheduling process. These enhancements may include expanding appointment slots to additional POEs.

On August 23, 2024, CBP used an emergency revision to this information collection to expand the geofence for Mexican nationals to include all of Mexico and add the Mexican states of Tabasco and Chiapas to the current boundaries for all other nationalities. By adjusting the boundaries, CBP aids the Government of Mexico in its efforts to enforce its immigration laws and regulations and align resources to those areas where migrants are located.

Due to the volume of individuals traveling through Mexico to present at a POE at a designated date and time, CBP has deployed a validation mechanism to assist the Mexican government officials when they encounter an individual or group who claim to have a CBPOne<sup>TM</sup> appointment. The tool requires the Mexican government official to enter an individual's CBPOne<sup>TM</sup> confirmation number and date of birth. Once submitted, the tool returns confirmation of any valid CBPOne<sup>TM</sup> appointment with the appointment date, time, and location, as well as the total number of people in the group.

Type of Information Collection: Advance Information on Undocumented Travelers—Registration.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 500,000.

Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent: 1.

Estimated Number of Total Annual Responses: 500,000.

Estimated Time per Response: 12 minutes.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 100,000.

Type of Information Collection: Daily Appointment Request.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 500.000.

Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent: 60.

Estimated Number of Total Annual Responses: 30,000,000.

Estimated Time per Response: 1 minute.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 500,000.

Type of Information Collection: Confirmation of Appointment.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 529,250.

Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent: 1.

Estimated Number of Total Annual Responses: 529,250.

Estimated Time per Response: 3 minutes.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 26,463.

#### Seth D. Renkema,

Branch Chief, Economic Impact Analysis Branch, U.S. Customs and Border Protection. [FR Doc. 2024–23777 Filed 10–11–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111-14-P

### DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection
[OMB Control Number 1651–0NEW]

Agency Information Collection Activities; New Collection of Information; Forced Labor Allegation Portal/Forced Labor Portal

**AGENCY:** U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Department of Homeland Security.

**ACTION:** 30-Day notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA). The information collection is published in the Federal Register to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and must be submitted (no later than November 14, 2024) to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Please submit written comments and/or suggestions in English. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Requests for additional PRA information should be directed to Seth Renkema, Chief, Economic Impact Analysis Branch, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Office of Trade, Regulations and Rulings, 90 K Street NE, 10th Floor, Washington, DC 20229–1177, Telephone number 202-325-0056 or via email CBP PRA@cbp.dhs.gov. Please note that the contact information provided here is solely for questions regarding this notice. Individuals seeking information about other CBP programs should contact the CBP National Customer Service Center at 877-227-5511, (TTY) 1-800-877-8339, or CBP website at https://www.cbp.gov/.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** CBP invites the general public and other Federal agencies to comment on the proposed and/or continuing information collections pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501

et seq.). This proposed information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** (89 FR 24482) on April 08, 2024, allowing for a 60-day comment period. This notice allows for an additional 30 days for public comments. This process is conducted in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.8. Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies should address one or more of the following four points: (1) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) suggestions to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) suggestions to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses. The comments that are submitted will be summarized and included in the request for approval. All comments will become a matter of public record.

# Overview of This Information Collection

*Title:* Forced Labor Allegation Portal/Forced Labor Portal.

*OMB Number:* 1651–0NEW. *Form Number:* N/A.

Current Actions: New collection of information.

*Type of Review:* New collection of information.

Affected Public: Businesses, Individuals.

Abstract: U.S. Customs and Borders Protection (CBP) has created a new Forced Labor Allegation Portal and Forced Labor Portal. Currently, information regarding potential forced labor and trade violations are electronically submitted via the e-Allegations website at: https://www.cbp.gov/trade/e-allegations/.

Submissions from petitioners for revocation and modification requests are submitted by email to ForcedLabor@ cbp.dhs.gov (and through the BOX program and the Case Management System—CMS). Exception review information is sent to UFLPAInquiry@ cbp.dhs.gov mailbox via email with multiple zip files.

Applicability review information is sent to various ports of entry or any of