

Attest

By \_\_\_\_\_  
(Grantee)  
(Title)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
RURAL BUSINESS-COOPERATIVE SERVICE

By \_\_\_\_\_  
(Grantor) (Name) (Title)

[FR Doc. 02-15910 Filed 6-21-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-XY-P

## ARCHITECTURAL AND TRANSPORTATION BARRIERS COMPLIANCE BOARD

### Meeting

**AGENCY:** Architectural and  
Transportation Barriers Compliance  
Board.

**ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The Architectural and  
Transportation Barriers Compliance  
Board (Access Board) has scheduled its  
regular business meetings to take place  
in Washington, DC on Tuesday and  
Wednesday, July 9-10, 2002, at the  
times and location noted below.

**DATES:** The schedule of events is as  
follows:

*Tuesday, July 9, 2002*

1:30 p.m.-5—Committee of the Whole  
Briefing on ADA/ABA Final Rule  
(Closed Session)

*Wednesday, July 10, 2002*

9 a.m.—Noon—Technical Programs  
Committee

1:30 p.m.—3—Board Meeting

**ADDRESSES:** The meetings will be held at  
the Marriott at Metro Center Hotel, 775  
12th Street, NW., Washington, DC.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For  
further information regarding the  
meetings, please contact Lawrence W.  
Roffee, Executive Director, (202) 272-  
0001 (voice) and (202) 272-0082 (TTY).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** At the  
Board meeting, the Access Board will  
consider the following agenda items.

### Open Meeting

- Executive Director's report
- Approval of the minutes of the May  
2002 Board meeting
- Technical Programs Committee  
Report

### Closed Meeting

- ADA and ABA Accessibility  
Guidelines

All meetings are accessible to persons  
with disabilities. Sign language  
interpreters and an assistive listening  
system are available at all meetings.

Persons attending Board meetings are  
requested to refrain from using perfume,  
cologne, and other fragrances for the  
comfort of other participants.

**James J. Raggio,**

*General Counsel.*

[FR Doc. 02-15843 Filed 6-21-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8150-01-P

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### Submission for OMB Review: Comment Request

DOC has submitted to the Office of  
Management and Budget (OMB) for  
clearance of the following proposal for  
collection of information under the  
provisions of the Paperwork Reduction  
Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13

#### International Trade Administration

*Title:* Survey of International Air  
Travelers.

*Agency Form Number:* N/A.

*OMB Number:* 0625-0227.

*Type of Request:* Regular Submission.

*Burden:* 24,840 hours.

*Number of Respondents:* 165,000.

*Avg. Hours per Response:* 15 minutes.

*Needs and Uses:* The International  
Trade Administration, Tourism  
Industries office "Survey of  
International Air Travelers" is the only  
source for estimating international  
travel and passenger fare exports and  
imports for this country. This program  
also supports the U.S. Department of  
Commerce, Bureau of Economic  
Analysis mandate to collect and report  
this type of information which is used  
to calculate Gross Domestic Product for  
the United States. This project also  
serves as the core data source for  
Tourism Industries. Numerous reports  
and analyses are developed to assist  
businesses in increasing U.S. exports in  
international travel. An economic  
impact of international travel on state  
economies, visitation estimates, traveler  
profiles, presentations and reports are  
generated by Tourism Industries to help  
the federal government agencies and the  
travel industry better understand the  
international market. It is also a service  
that the U.S. Department of Commerce  
provides to travel industry businesses  
seeking to increase international travel  
and passenger fare exports for the  
country, as well as U.S. outbound travel.  
It provides the only comparable  
estimates of nonresident visitation to  
the states and cities within the U.S., as  
well as U.S. resident travel abroad.  
Traveler characteristics data are also  
collected to help travel related  
businesses better understand the

international travelers to and from the  
U.S. so they can develop targeted  
marketing and other planning related  
materials.

*Affected Public:* Individuals or  
households.

*Frequency:* Monthly.

*Respondent's Obligation:* Voluntary.

*OMB Desk Officer:* David Rostker,  
(202) 395-3897.

Copies of the above information  
collection can be obtained by calling or  
writing Madeleine Clayton,  
Departmental Paperwork Clearance  
Officer, (202) 482-3129, Department of  
Commerce, Room 6608, 14th &  
Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington,  
DC 20230 or via the Internet at  
*MClayton@doc.gov.*

Written comments and  
recommendations for the proposed  
information collection should be sent to  
David Rostker, OMB Desk Officer, Room  
10202, New Executive Office Building,  
Washington, DC 20503 within 30 days  
of the publication of this notice in the  
**Federal Register.**

Dated: June 18, 2002.

**Madeleine Clayton,**

*Departmental Paperwork Clearance Officer,  
Office of the Chief Information Officer.*

[FR Doc. 02-15785 Filed 6-21-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-P

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

#### Notice of Availability of Environmental Assessment; Request for Comments

**AGENCY:** National Oceanic and  
Atmospheric Administration (NOAA),  
Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability of a Draft  
Damage Assessment and Restoration  
Plan and Environmental Assessment for  
natural resource injuries and service  
losses associated with the Fort  
Lauderdale mystery oil spill in Florida;  
Request for Comments.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that a  
document entitled, "Draft Damage  
Assessment and Restoration Plan and  
Environmental Assessment for the Fort  
Lauderdale Mystery Oil Spill" (Draft  
DARP/EA), is available for public  
review and comment. This document  
has been prepared by the state and  
federal natural resource trustee agencies  
(Florida Department of Environmental  
Protection, FDEP, and the National  
Oceanic and Atmospheric  
Administration, NOAA) to address  
natural resource injuries and resource  
services losses resulting from a mystery

oil spill in Fort Lauderdale, Florida. This Draft DARP/EA presents the trustees' assessment of the natural resource injuries and service losses and their proposed plan to compensate for those losses by restoring natural resources and services. The trustees will consider comments received during the public comment period before finalizing the DARP/EA.

**DATES:** Comments on the Draft DARP/EA must be submitted in writing on or before July 24, 2002.

**ADDRESSES:** Requests for and written comments on the Draft DARP/EA should be directed to Catherine Porthouse of FDEP, 3900 Commonwealth Blvd, MS #659, Tallahassee, FL 32399, e-mail: [catherine.porthouse@dep.state.fl.us](mailto:catherine.porthouse@dep.state.fl.us), or Tony Penn of NOAA, 1305 East West Highway, Station 10218, Silver Spring, MD 20910, e-mail: [tony.penn@noaa.gov](mailto:tony.penn@noaa.gov). The Draft DARP/EA is also available electronically at <http://www.darp.noaa.gov>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For further information contact: Catherine Porthouse at (850) 488-2974, e-mail: [catherine.porthouse@dep.state.fl.us](mailto:catherine.porthouse@dep.state.fl.us), or Tony Penn, at (301) 713-3038 x197, e-mail: [tony.penn@noaa.gov](mailto:tony.penn@noaa.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On Tuesday morning, August 8, 2000, oil tar balls and oil mats were observed on beaches in the area of Fort Lauderdale, Florida. Within the next few days, approximately 20 miles of high-use recreational beaches, from North Miami Beach northward to near Pompano Beach (primarily Broward County beaches), were oiled; some were closed for cleaning. The origin of the oil is unknown. The United States Coast Guard, the lead response agency for the incident, classified the spill as medium, and the trustees have estimated the amount of oil stranded on the shoreline to be approximately 15,000 gallons.

Natural resources or their services impacted as a result of the incident include threatened and endangered sea turtles and their habitats, marine surface waters and their biota including fish, birds, and recreational use of beaches. Response actions removed the majority of the shoreline oil within a few days of oiling. These response actions did not prevent natural resource impacts from occurring nor did these actions restore or rehabilitate natural resource and service injuries that resulted from the incident.

Natural resource trusteeship authority is designated according to § 1006(b) of OPA, Executive Order 12777, October 22, 1991 (56 FR 54757), and subpart G of the National Oil and Hazardous

Substances Pollution Contingency Plan, 40 CFR part 300. Federal trustees are designated by the President, and state trustees by the Governor. Acting on behalf of the public as trustees for the living and non-living resources in the coastal and marine environments of Florida, the United States National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, are responsible for assessing injuries to trust resources resulting from oil spill incidents, and for developing and implementing a plan for the restoration, rehabilitation, replacement, or acquisition of the equivalent of injured natural resources and their services.

Pursuant to Section 1002(a) of OPA, each party responsible for a vessel or facility from which oil is discharged, or which poses a substantial threat of a discharge of oil, into or upon the navigable waters of the United States or adjoining shorelines, is liable for natural resource damages from incidents that involve such actual or threatened discharges of oil. The measure of damages to natural resources is the cost of restoring, rehabilitating, replacing or acquiring the equivalent of the injured natural resources, compensation for the diminution in value of those natural resources pending restoration, and the reasonable costs of assessing such damages. All recoveries for the first two elements are to be spent implementing a restoration plan developed by the trustees.

In this case, there is not an identified responsible party to pay damages. When there is not a responsible party, the Federal Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund is available to pay claims for the costs of assessing natural resource damages and for developing and implementing restoration plans.

The trustees quantified injury to sea turtles, fish and invertebrates, seabirds, and recreational beaches for inclusion in a claim for restoration costs. Subject to public comment, the trustees determined that their preferred alternative to address injuries and losses of sea turtles is a combination of active primary restoration (to return sea turtle resources and services to baseline) and compensatory restoration (to compensate for interim losses pending recovery to baseline). The recommended primary restoration would consist of augmenting lighting ordinance enforcement activities that would return sea turtles to baseline by preventing mortality of turtle hatchlings due to disorientation. The recommended compensatory restoration would also augment lighting ordinance

enforcement, which would provide additional turtle hatchlings to compensate for the interim turtle losses. The compensatory component of the enforcement project would be of sufficient scale to provide compensatory ecological services approximately equivalent to those that will be lost from the injured turtles pending recovery to baseline.

No primary restoration actions are considered necessary for the fish and invertebrate, and seabird injuries. However, the trustees have identified projects as compensation for an acute kill of fish, invertebrates, and seabirds. The trustees would create mangrove habitat in order to provide the fish and invertebrate biomass that was lost.

To replace the estimated bird losses, the trustees have identified projects aimed at saving birds from future injury. The trustees would install signs at a fishing pier advising anglers not to cut their lines and demonstrating how to free birds from fishing lines and hooks, which would prevent entanglement and provide seabird rescue in the event of entanglement.

The impacted recreational beaches were returned to baseline conditions through incident response actions, however there was a period of lost use during the response phase. The recommended compensatory restoration projects are to plant sea oats to build dunes, construct dune walkovers, provide handicapped carts, and provide shade areas that together would maintain beaches for future use, provide access to the beach, and improve the quality of the beach experience.

Dated: June 12, 2002.

**Jamison S. Hawkins,**

*Deputy Assistant Administrator for Ocean Services and Coastal Zone Management.*

[FR Doc. 02-15866 Filed 6-21-02; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-JE-P**

---

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### Census Bureau

#### Annual Retail Trade Survey

**ACTION:** Proposed collection; comment request.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104-13 (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)).